

Efficiency curve of the SIR ionization chamber

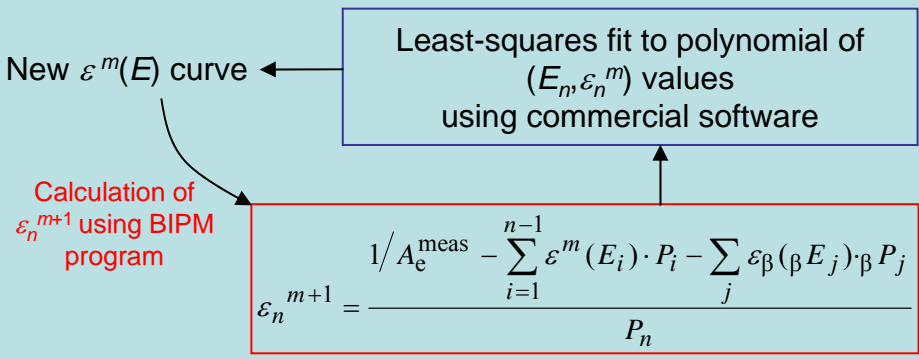
$$(A_e)_{i,l}^{\text{meas}} = A_{i,l} M_{i,l} C_{i,l}$$

NMI l SIR correction for impurities

The beta and gamma efficiency curves of the ionization chamber are needed
 - to evaluate the response for **radioactive impurities**
 - to give a comparison point for radionuclides measured for the first time

$$C_{i,l} = 1 + \sum_k R_{i,l,k} H_{i,l,k} (A_e)_i / (A_e)_k$$

The iterative method (1976 to 2002)



Non-linear least-squares minimization

$$\frac{1}{(A_e)_i^{\text{model}}(\mathbf{B})} = \sum_j P_{i,j} F(\mathbf{B}^{(1)}, E_{i,j}) + \sum_{j'} \beta P_{i,j'} \int_0^{W_{i,j'}} S_{i,j'}(W) G(\mathbf{B}^{(2)}, W) dW$$

β spectrum shape

$$F(\mathbf{B}^{(1)}, E_{i,j}) = E_{i,j} \exp\left(\sum_h B_h^{(1)} \phi_h(\ln E_{i,j})\right) \quad G(\mathbf{B}^{(2)}, W) = W \exp\left(\sum_h B_h^{(2)} \phi_h(W)\right)$$

ϕ_h : Chebyshev polyn.

$$\min_{\mathbf{B}} \sum_i \sum_l \left(A_{i,l} M_{i,l} - \frac{(A_e)_i^{\text{model}}(\mathbf{B})}{C_{i,l}(\mathbf{B})} \right)^2 / u(A_{i,l} M_{i,l})^2$$

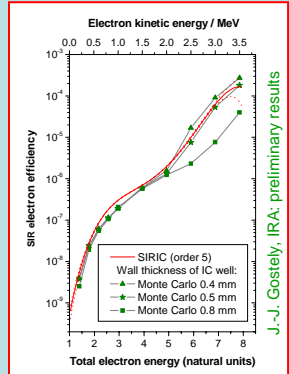
SIRIC (in collaboration with NPL/DTI)

Example of input meas. results

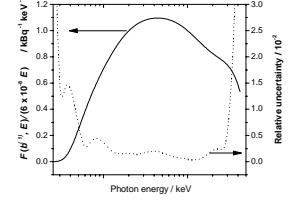
NMI / date, Radionuclide, $(A_e)^{\text{meas}}$, $u(A_e)^{\text{meas}}$, No. of impur. Impurity, Relative activity at SIR measurement date, std. uncert.

...	NPL / 1980'	⁵¹ Cr	488300.0,	2000.0,	0
...	NMIJ / 1993'	⁵¹ Cr	484700.0,	1700.0,	0
...	NIST / 1981'	⁵¹ Cr	487818.0,	1839.0,	2
...		⁷⁵ Se	8.25e-05,	7.98e-06	
...		⁶⁵ Zn	4.17e-06,	4.17e-07	
...	OMH / 1994'	⁵¹ Cr	487236.0,	1294.0,	1
...		⁶⁰ Co	1.73e-06,	8.63e-07	
...	BIPM / 1976'	⁵⁴ Mn	19258.0,	46.0,	0
...					

Initial estimates of efficiencies + KCRVs (for impur. Corr.) + Nucl.data

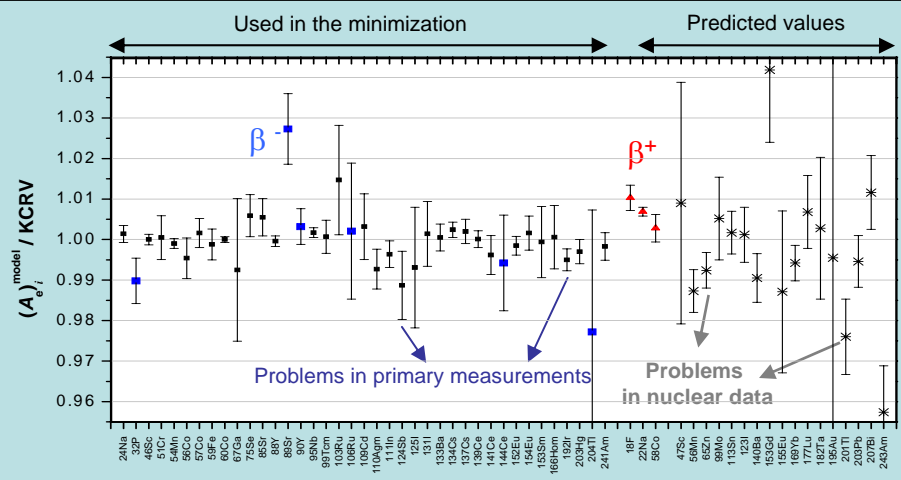


SIR photon efficiency curve



OUTPUTS

$(A_e)^{\text{model}}$ values and cov. matrix;
 $C_{i,l}$ values; outliers;
 β spectra



Motivation for new research on activity measurement methods and nuclear data determinations