

## Report of NRC activities 2019-2021

### AC voltage

We continue to develop our capabilities for the accurate measurement of AC voltages based on Josephson standards and synchronous sampling. Some key developments include:

- A digital synchronizer that generates clock signals for the synchronization and phase adjustment of several instruments.
- Modification of 3458 voltmeters to extract their internal clock signal.
- Home-made AC sources with high amplitude and phase stability and low noise.
- Demonstrated capability to calibrate an AC source in terms of the pulse-driven Josephson standard, using either direct sampling or differential sampling, with a type A uncertainty of less than 1 part in  $10^8$ . These results were reported at CPEM 2020.

### Impedance

A new four port capacitance bridge is now in operation. The bridge is intended to be used with the Calculable Capacitor and to scale up to 1 nF. A bootstrap transformer for the accurate calibration of this bridge, using the Thompson method, is almost complete. A preliminary calibration of the IVD was made by connecting capacitors in parallel to build up capacitance values between 10 pF and 100 pF.

A digital bridge using our home-made AC sources and a 3458 is in the late stage of development. This bridge is intended to be used mainly to support inductance calibrations and to determine the phase angle of AC resistors.

### Kibble balance

We participated in the CCM.M-K8.2019 comparison of kg realizations. Our results were consistent with previous runs in 2013 and 2016 and we reported an uncertainty of 12 parts in  $10^9$ .

A comparison of 100 g masses between NIST and NRC had been planned. The measurements had to be interrupted due to the pandemic but the exercise demonstrated Kibble balance measurements at 100 g with a type A uncertainty of 14 parts in  $10^9$  over a one week period. The total uncertainty for this kind of measurement is expected to be around 25 parts in  $10^9$ .

Lastly, we presented a paper at CPEM 2020 that discusses some details of our procedure to measure the Abbe offset.