

Standardized virus detection by NAT

**Heinz Zeichhardt^{1,2,4}, Vanessa Lindig², Oliver Donoso Mantke^{3,4}
und Hans-Peter Grunert³**

¹Charité Universitätsmedizin Berlin, Campus Benjamin Franklin, Institut für Virologie, Berlin
until 30 September 2015

²Institut für Qualitätskontrolle in der Virusdiagnostik (IQVD), Berlin
since 01 October 2015

³Gesellschaft für Biotechnologische Diagnostik (GBD) mbH, Berlin

⁴INSTAND e.V. - Gesellschaft zur Förderung der Qualitätssicherung in medizinischen Laboratorien e.V., Düsseldorf

Collaborating Centers of International Consortium for Blood Safety (ICBS), New York and Düsseldorf

JCTLM Members' and Stakeholders's Meeting
BIPM, Sèvres
30 November – 01 December 2015

Outline

Infectious diseases – challenges
01 December – World AIDS Day

External quality assessment schemes – INSTAND

Quantitative genome detection of HIV-1 (RNA)

Quantitative genome detection of cytomegalovirus

Benefits of Quality Controlled and Standardized Diagnostics

Leading Causes of Death per Year Worldwide

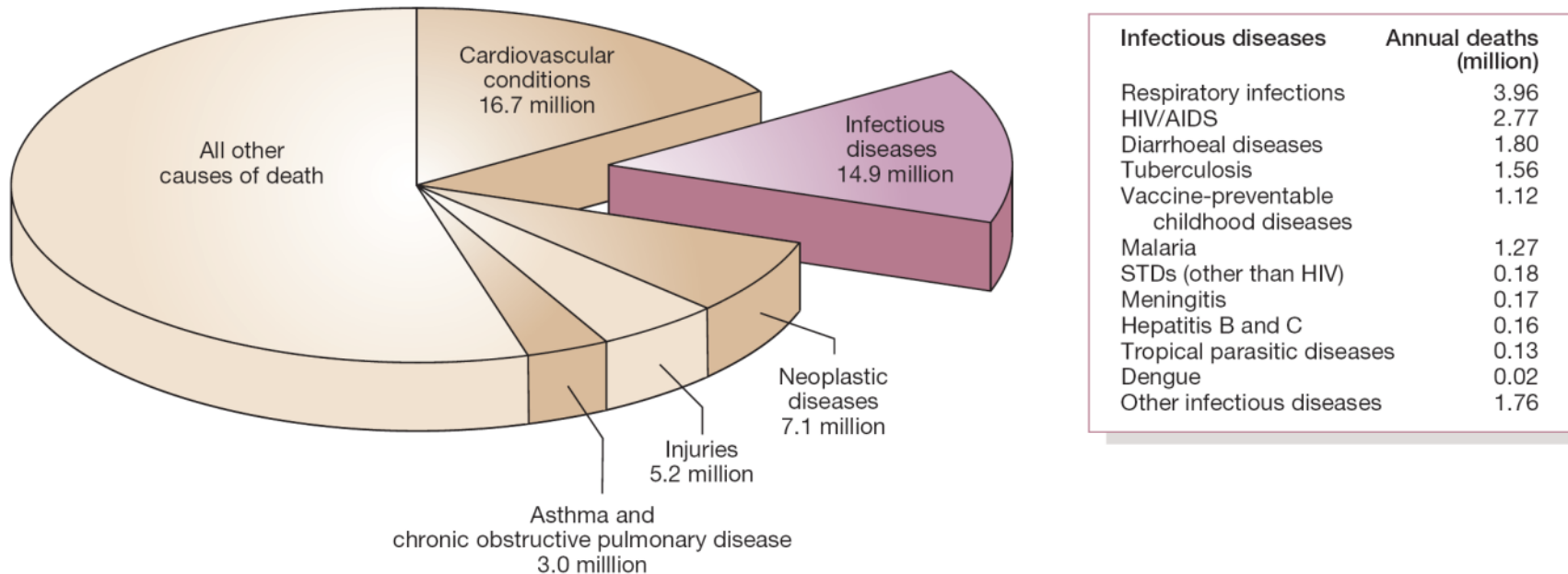
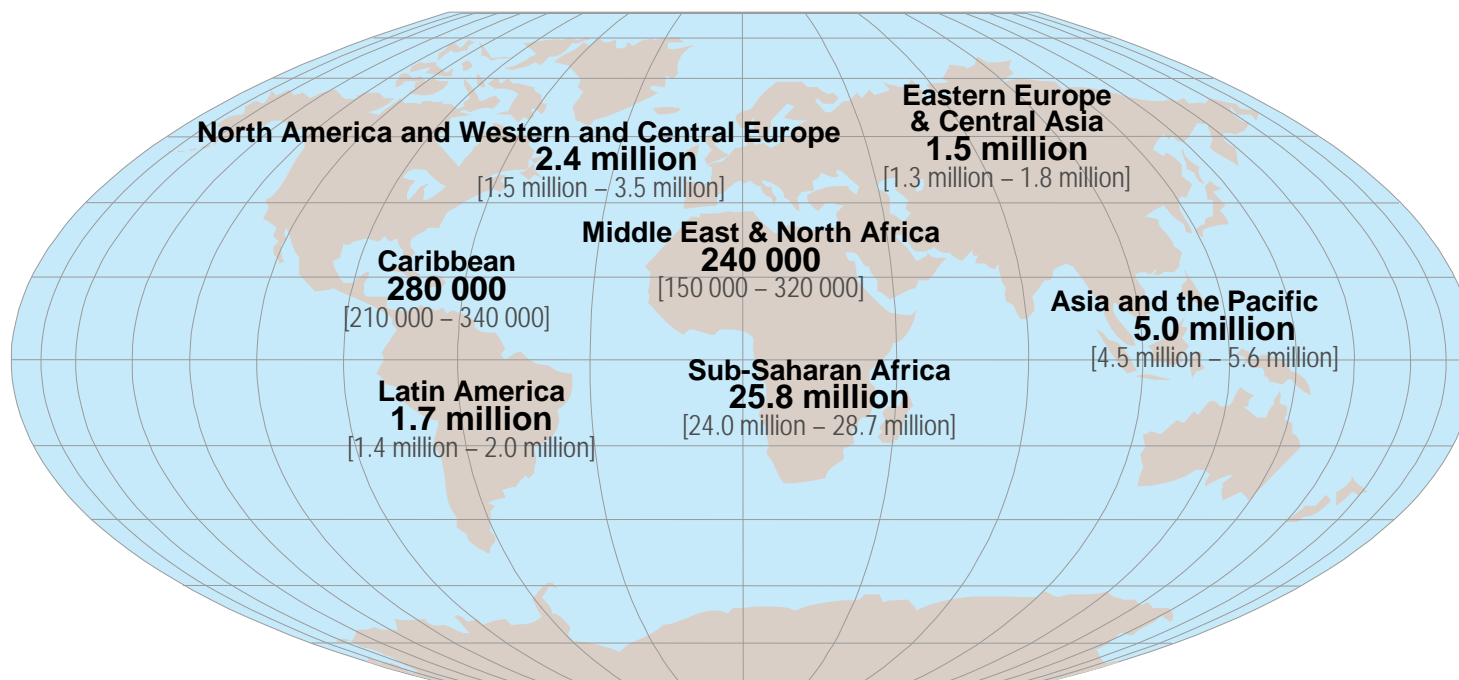


Figure 2 Leading causes of death worldwide. About 15 million (>25%) of 57 million annual deaths worldwide are the direct result of infectious disease. Figures published by the World Health Organization (see <http://www.who.int/whr/en> and ref. 7).

Morens, D. M., Folkers, G. K. and Fauci, A. S., Nature, 430, p. 242, 2004

Adults and children estimated to be living with HIV | 2014



Total: 36.9 million [34.3 million – 41.4 million]

About 5,600 new HIV infections a day in 2014

- **About 66% are in Sub Saharan Africa**
- **About 600 are in children under 15 years of age**
- **About 5,000 are in adults aged 15 years and older, of whom:**
 - almost 48% are among women
 - about 30% are among young people (15-24)

Treatment Costs for HIV/AIDS Patients in Germany

(O. Hamouda, Robert Koch Institute, 2012, personal communication)

| | per 1 HIV/AIDS patient (in Germany, 2012) | per 50,000 HIV/AIDS patients (in Germany, 2012) |
|--|---|---|
| Annual costs for HAART* | 20,000 EUR | 1,000,000,000 EUR |
| Accumulated costs for 50 years under HAART* | 1,000,000 EUR | ----- |
| Annual costs for medical consultation, hospitalization and rehabilitation | 2,000 EUR | 100,000,000 EUR |

*HAART: Highly active antiretroviral therapy with
Reverse Transkriptase-Inhibitoren (NRTI und NNRTI)
Protease-Inhibitoren (PI)

Global Dimension of Infections with HIV, HBV, HCV and TB

| | |
|--|----------------------|
| People living with HIV/AIDS infection: | 37 million |
| People who have been infected with HBV: | 2,000 million |
| People with chronic HBV infection: | 350 million |
| People infected with HCV: | 180 million |
| People with chronic HCV infection: | 130 million |
| People infected with TB | 2,000 million |

Dimensions of Coinfections - Global

HIV/AIDS and hepatitis C: 4-5 Mio.

HIV/AIDS and chronic hepatitis B: 2-4 Mio.

HIV/AIDS and tuberculosis: 16 Mio.

WHO, 2007; Friedland, 2007; Alter, 2006

Outline

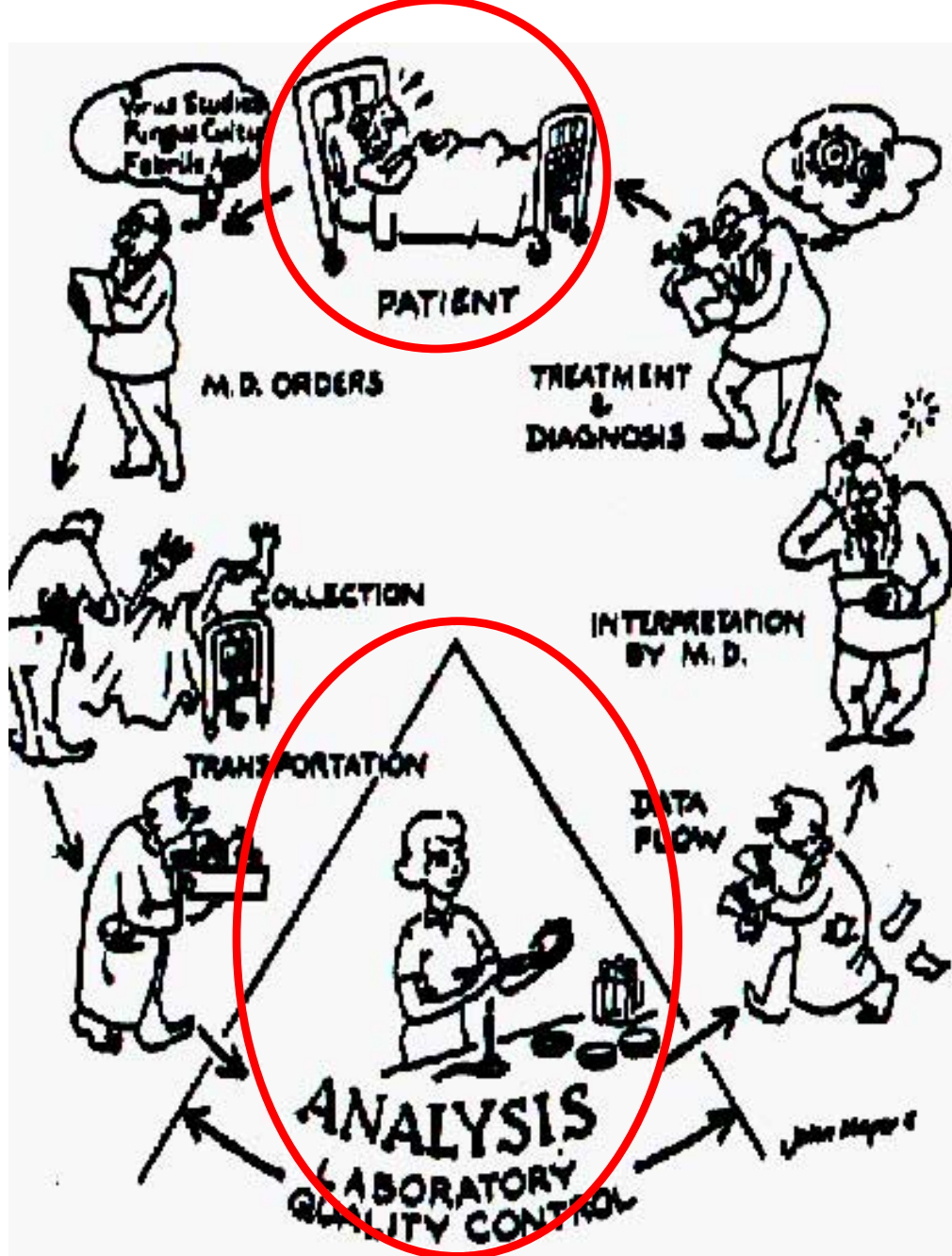
Infectious diseases – challenges
01 December – World AIDS Day

External quality assessment schemes – INSTAND

Quantitative genome detection of HIV-1 (RNA)

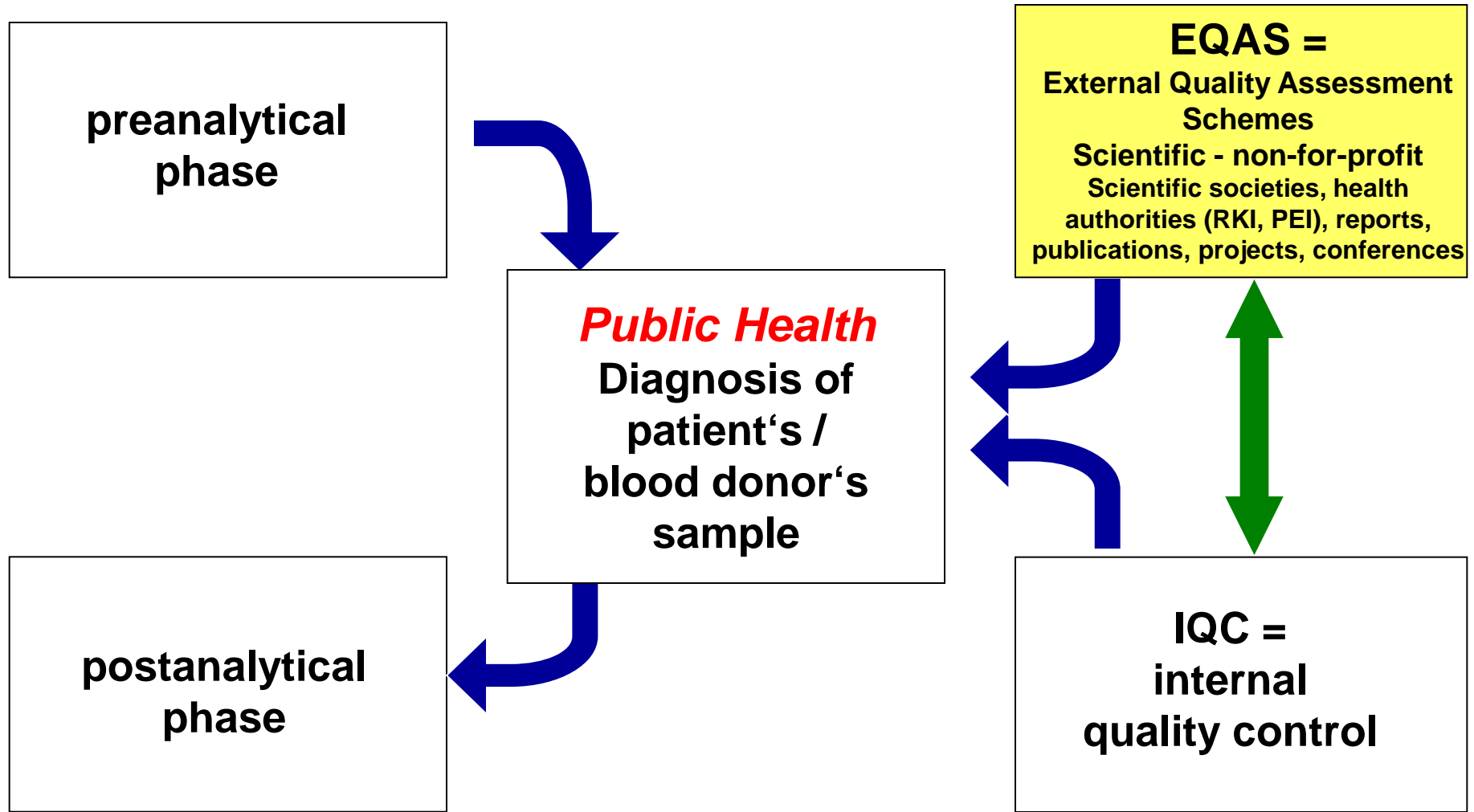
Quantitative genome detection of cytomegalovirus

Benefits of Quality Controlled and Standardized Diagnostics

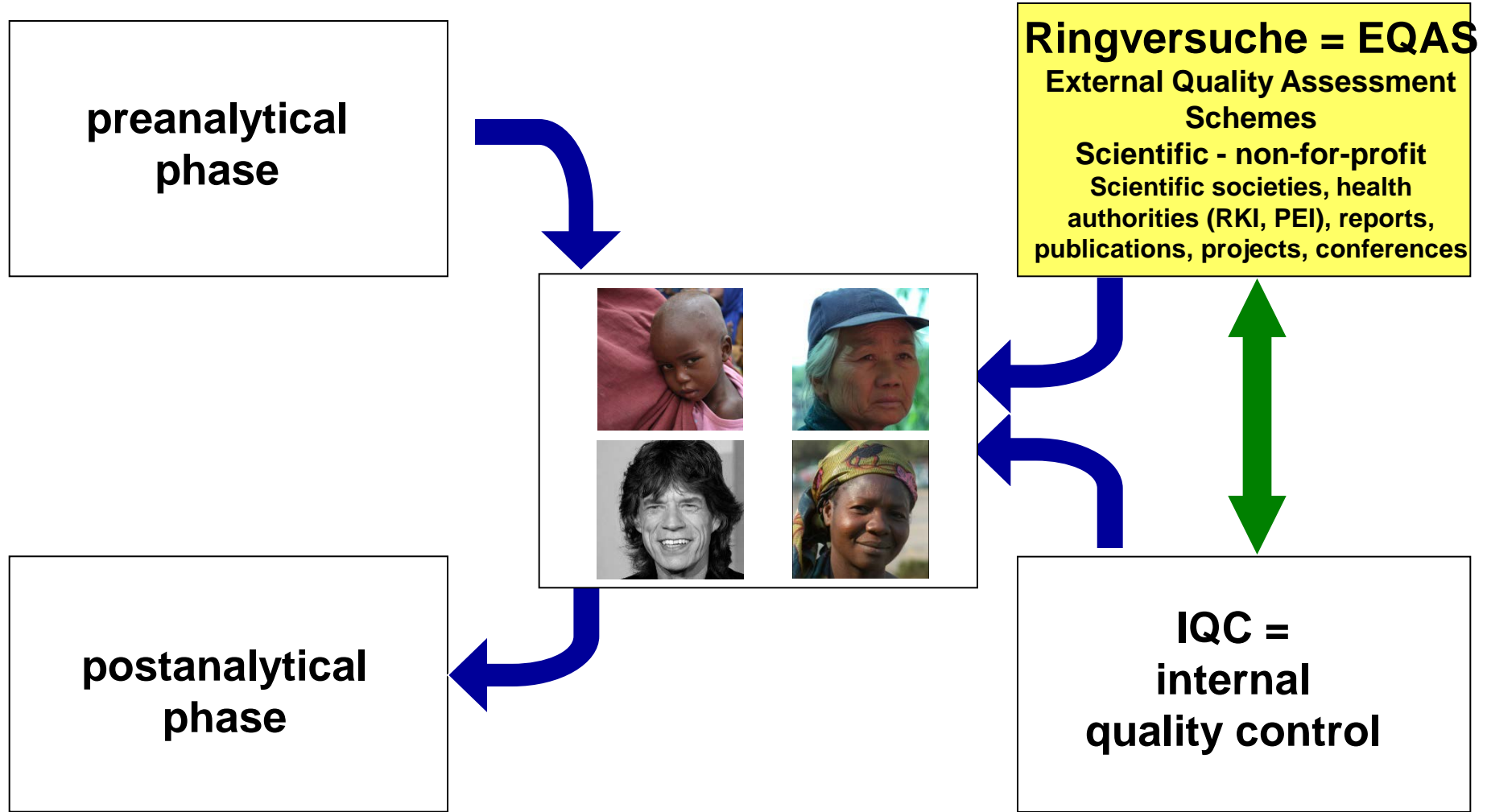


Quality Management
 in Medical Laboratories
 ISO 9000:2000
 Wemmie Elsenga
http://www.epbs.net/brussels/brussels03_elsenga.htm

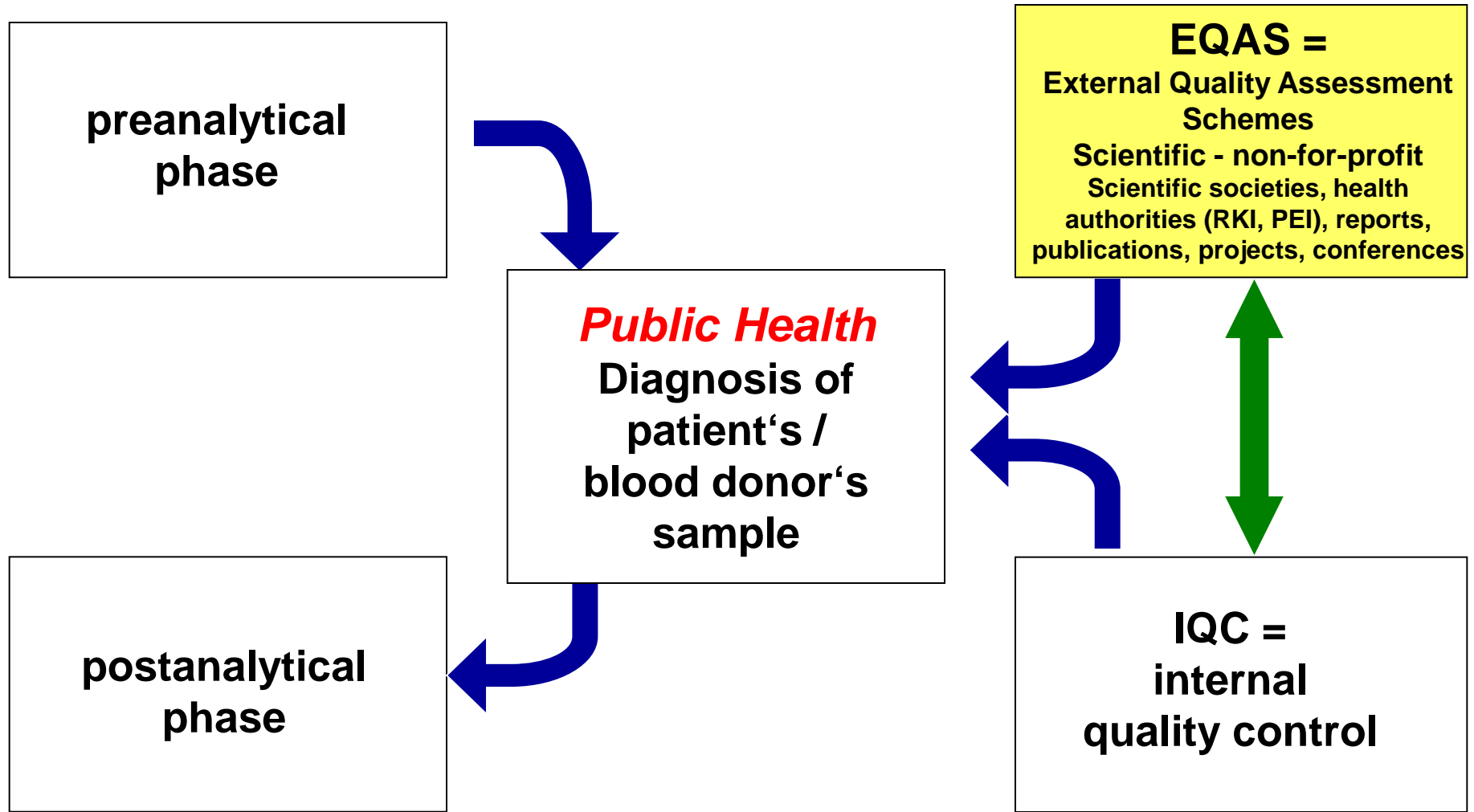
The Role of Quality Control for Public Health and Quality Improvement of Diagnostics and Blood Safety



The Role of Quality Control for Public Health and Quality Improvement of Diagnostics and Blood Safety



The Role of Quality Control for Public Health and Quality Improvement of Diagnostics and Blood Safety



RiliBÄK - Guidelines of the German Medical Association on Quality Assurance in Medical Laboratory Testing

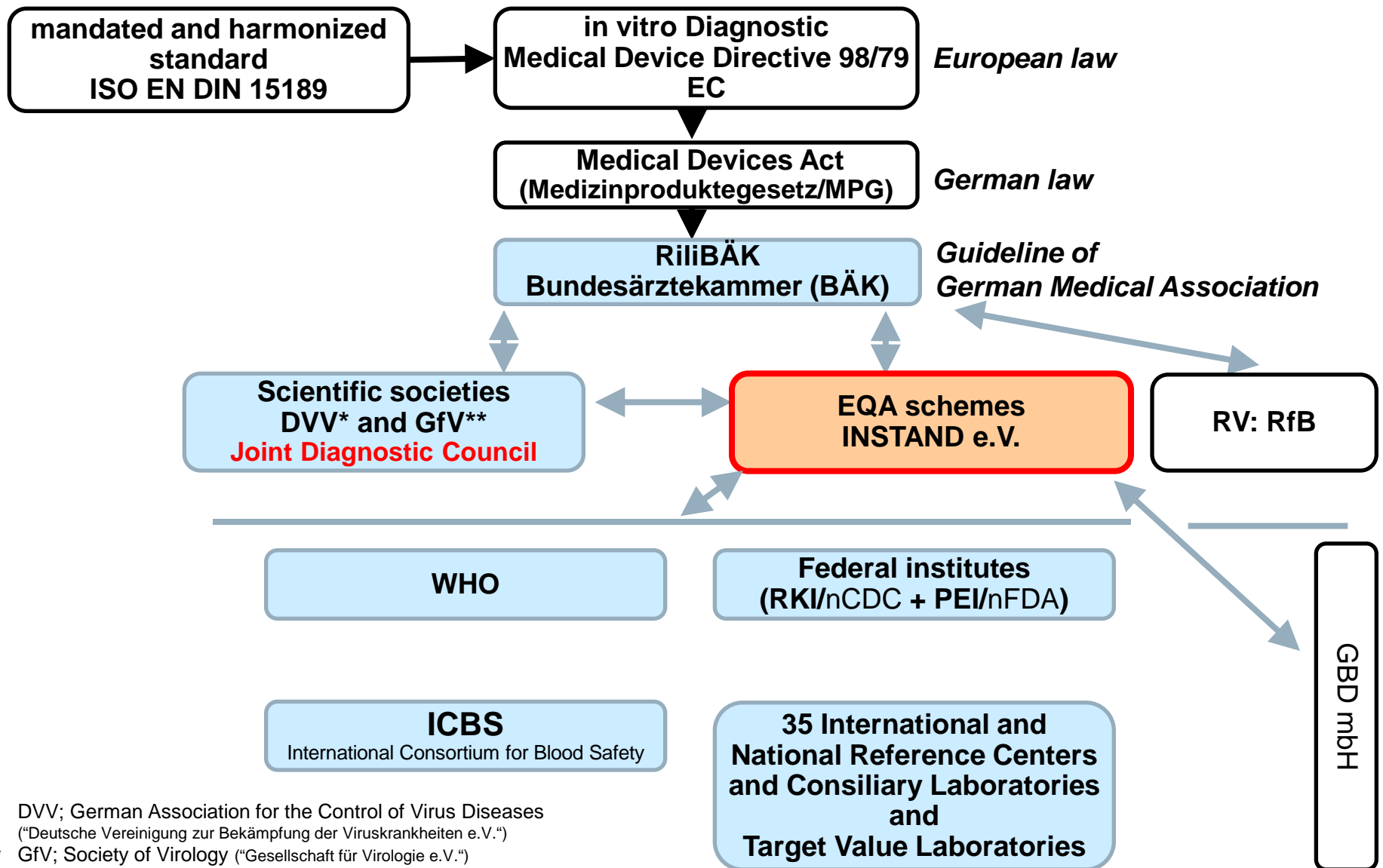


New Guideline for Quality Assurance of the German Medical Association (RiliBÄK)

-> mandatory for all medical laboratories in Germany

| | |
|--|--------------------------------|
| Section A Fundamental requirements for quality assurance | Effective since 1 April 2008 |
| Specific Section B 1 Quantitative analyses in laboratory medicine <i>- internal QA</i> <i>- external QA</i> | Effective since 1 April 2008 |
| Specific Section B 2 Qualitative analyses in laboratory medicine <i>- internal QA</i> <i>- external QA</i> | Effective since 1 July 2011 |
| Specific Section B 3 Direct detection and characterization of pathogens <i>- internal QA</i> <i>- external QA</i> | Effective: 1 June 2015 |
| Specific Section B 4 Analyses of ejaculate <i>- internal QA</i> <i>- external QA</i> | Effective since 1 July 2011 |
| Specific Section B 5 Molecular- and cytogenetic analyses <i>- internal QA</i> <i>- external QA</i> | Effective since 1 October 2011 |

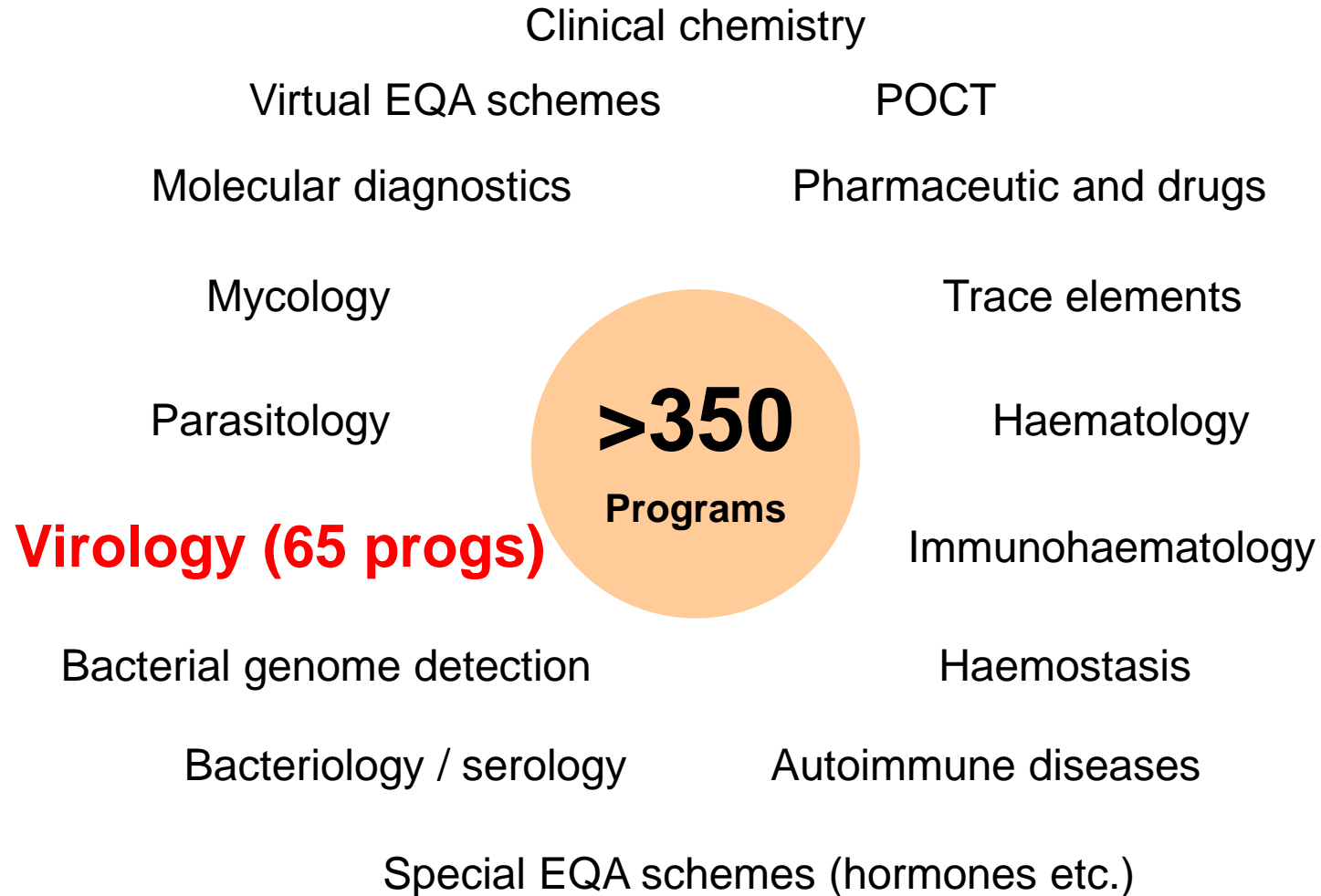
Quality Assurance in Virus Diagnostics



* DVV; German Association for the Control of Virus Diseases ("Deutsche Vereinigung zur Bekämpfung der Viruskrankheiten e.V.")

** GfV; Society of Virology ("Gesellschaft für Virologie e.V.")

INSTAND EQA Schemes



INSTAND EQA Schemes (65 Schemes) in Virus Immunology and Genome Detection 2015

| Serology and Antigen Detection | | Virus Genome Detection and Typing | |
|--------------------------------|--|--|--|
| HIV-1/2 | Herpes simplex Viruses | HIV-1 (RNA) HIV-2 (RNA) | Measles Rubella Mumps Viruses |
| HIV-1 p24 Ag | Varicella Zoster Virus | HIV-1 Resistance + Tropism | Adenoviruses |
| HTLV-1/2 | Epstein Barr Virus | Hepatitis A Virus | Norovirus Rotavirus |
| Hepatitis A Virus | Resp. Sync. Virus Ag | Hepatitis B Virus + Genotyping + Resistance | Coronavirus |
| Hepatitis B Virus, Prg. I | Influenza A and B Ag +A/H1N1 pdm 2009 +A/H5N1+A/H7N9 | Hepatitis C Virus + Genotyping + Resistance | Enteroviruses + Enterovirus (WHO/RKI) |
| Hepatitis B Virus, Prg. II | Rubella Virus Measles Virus Mumps Virus | Hepatitis D Virus Hepatitis E Virus | Human Rhinoviruses Resp. Syncytial Virus Hum. Metapneumovirus Parainfluenza viruses |
| Hepatitis C Virus | TBE Virus | Cytomegalovirus + Resistance | Influenza A and B Ag +A/H1N1 pdm 2009 +A/H5N1+A/H7N9 |
| Hepatitis D Virus | Hantavirus | Epstein-Barr Virus | BK Virus JC Virus |
| Hepatitis E Virus | Dengue Virus | Herpes simplex Viruses | Dengue Virus West Nile Virus Chikungunya Virus |
| Parvovirus B19 | Rabies Virus | Varicella Zoster Virus | Hum. Papilloma Viruses |
| Cytomegalovirus | BSE (PrPsc) (2002-2007) | Parvovirus B19 | Rabies Virus |

INSTAND EQAS Network – Virus Diagnostics

Diagnostic Labs

Publ. Health Labs

Blood banks

Hospitals

Regional Institutions

Scientific Labs

**INSTAND
EQAS (2-4x/y)**

Federal Institutions
(RKI, PEI)

(Manufacturers)

Nat./Int. Ref.-Labs

WHO

ICBS

**Gemeinsame
Diagnostikkommission /
Joint Diagnostic Council
von/of DVV* and GfV****

* DVV; German Association for the Control of Virus Diseases
("Deutsche Vereinigung zur Bekämpfung der Viruskrankheiten e.V.")

** GfV; Society of Virology
("Gesellschaft für Virologie e.V.")

INSTAND Target Value Laboratories (in total: 35)

- O. Adams
- A. Baillot
- S. Becker / M. Eickmann
- C.-T. Bock / M. Höhne
- **M. Chudy / S.A. Baylis / J. Kreß**
- S. Diedrich

- **U. Dittmer / S. Ross / M. Roggendorf**
- G. Dobler
- Ch. Drosten / A.-M. Eis-Hübinger
- **J. Eberle / L. Gürtler**
- **G. Enders / M. Enders**
- A. Gessner / B. Schmidt / J. Wenzel
- S. Günther / J. Schmidt-Chanasit / P. Emmerich
- G. Harms-Zwingenberger / R. Ignatius
- H.H. Hirsch
- D. Huzly / M. Panning
- **G. Jahn / K. Hamprecht**
- A. Karl / K. Frank / K. Gubbe
- **O.T. Keppler / H. Rabenau / A. Berger / M. Stürmer**
- **D. Krüger / J. Hofmann**

- C. Kücherer
- U.G. Liebert
- A. Mankertz / S. Santibanez
- **T. Mertens / D. Michel**
- S. Modrow
- T. Müller
- S. Nick / H. Scheiblauer
- M. Niedrig
- **H. Pfister / U. Wieland / R. Kaiser**
- B. Weißbrich
- A. Sauerbrei / P. Wutzler
- T. Schulz / A. Heim
- T. Schulz / W. Puppe / C. Schmitt
- B. Schweiger
- **S. Smola, N. Müller-Lantsch, J. Rissland**
- **K. Überla / K. Korn**
- J. Ziebuhr, D. Glebe / C. Schüttler / W. Gerlich

Universitätsklinikum Düsseldorf
Niedersächsisches Landesgesundheitsamt, Hannover
Philipps Universität Marburg, Nat. Konsiliarlab. Filoviren
Robert Koch-Institut, Berlin; Nat. Konsiliarlab. Noroviren
Paul-Ehrlich-Institut, Langen, WHO CC
Robert Koch-Institut, Berlin; NRZ Poliomyelitis und Enteroviren
Regionales Referenzlabor der WHO/EURO für Poliomyelitis
Universitätsklinik Essen; NRZ HCV; Nat. Konsiliarlab. Tollwut
Institut für Mikrobiologie der Bundeswehr, München
Universität Bonn
Ludwig-Maximilians-Universität München, Max-von-Pettenkofer Institut Labor Enders, Stuttgart
Universität Regensburg; Nat. Konsiliarlab. HAV und HEV
Bernhard-Nocht-Institut, Hamburg; NRZ trop. Infektionserreger, WHO CC
Institut für Tropenmedizin, Berlin
Universität Basel, Dept. Biomedizin
Universitätsklinikum Freiburg
Universitätsklinikum Tübingen; Nat. Konsiliarlab. CMV
DRK-Blutspendedienst Ost, Plauen
Universitätsklinikum Frankfurt; NRZ Retroviren
Charité Universitätsmedizin Berlin, CCM;
Nat. Konsiliarlab.Hantaviren; Labor Berlin – Charité Vivantes GmbH
Robert Koch-Institut, Berlin
Universität Leipzig
Robert Koch-Institut, Berlin; NRZ Masern, Mumps und Röteln
Universitätsklinikum Ulm; Nat. Konsiliarlab.CMV
Universität Regensburg; Nat. Konsiliarlab. Parvoviren
Friedrich-Loeffler-Institut, OIE u. Nat. Referenzlab. Tollwut
Paul-Ehrlich-Institut, Langen; Prüflabor für IVD
Robert Koch-Institut, Berlin; Nat. Konsiliarlab. FSME
Uniklinik Köln; NRZ Papillom- und Polyomaviren
Universität Würzburg; Nat. Konsiliarlab. RSV, Parainfluenzaviren und HMPV
Universitätsklinikum Jena; Nat. Konsiliarlab. HSV und VZV
Medizinische Hochschule Hannover; Nat. Konsiliarlab. Adenoviren
Medizinische Hochschule Hannover; Nat. Konsiliarlab. EBV, HHV 6, 7, 8
Robert Koch-Institut, Berlin; NRZ Influenza
Universitätsklinikum des Saarlandes
Universitätsklinikum Erlangen
Universität Gießen; NRZ HBV und HDV

Outline

Infectious diseases – challenges
01 December – World AIDS Day

External quality assessment schemes – INSTAND

Quantitative genome detection of HIV-1 (RNA)

Quantitative genome detection of cytomegalovirus

Benefits of Quality Controlled and Standardized Diagnostics

WHO International Standard HIV-1 RNA

- 1st International Standard for HIV-1 RNA for HIV-1 NAT assays, code 97/656 - established by the ECBS in 1999
- WHO International Standard HIV-1 RNA, 2nd International Standard NIBSC code: 97/650 Instructions for use (Version 3.0, Dated 04/03/2008)
- WHO International Standard 3rd HIV-1 International Standard NIBSC code: 10/152 Instructions for use (Version 5.0, Dated 23/11/2015)

EQAS for Qualitative PCR (Polymerase Chain Reaction)

HIV

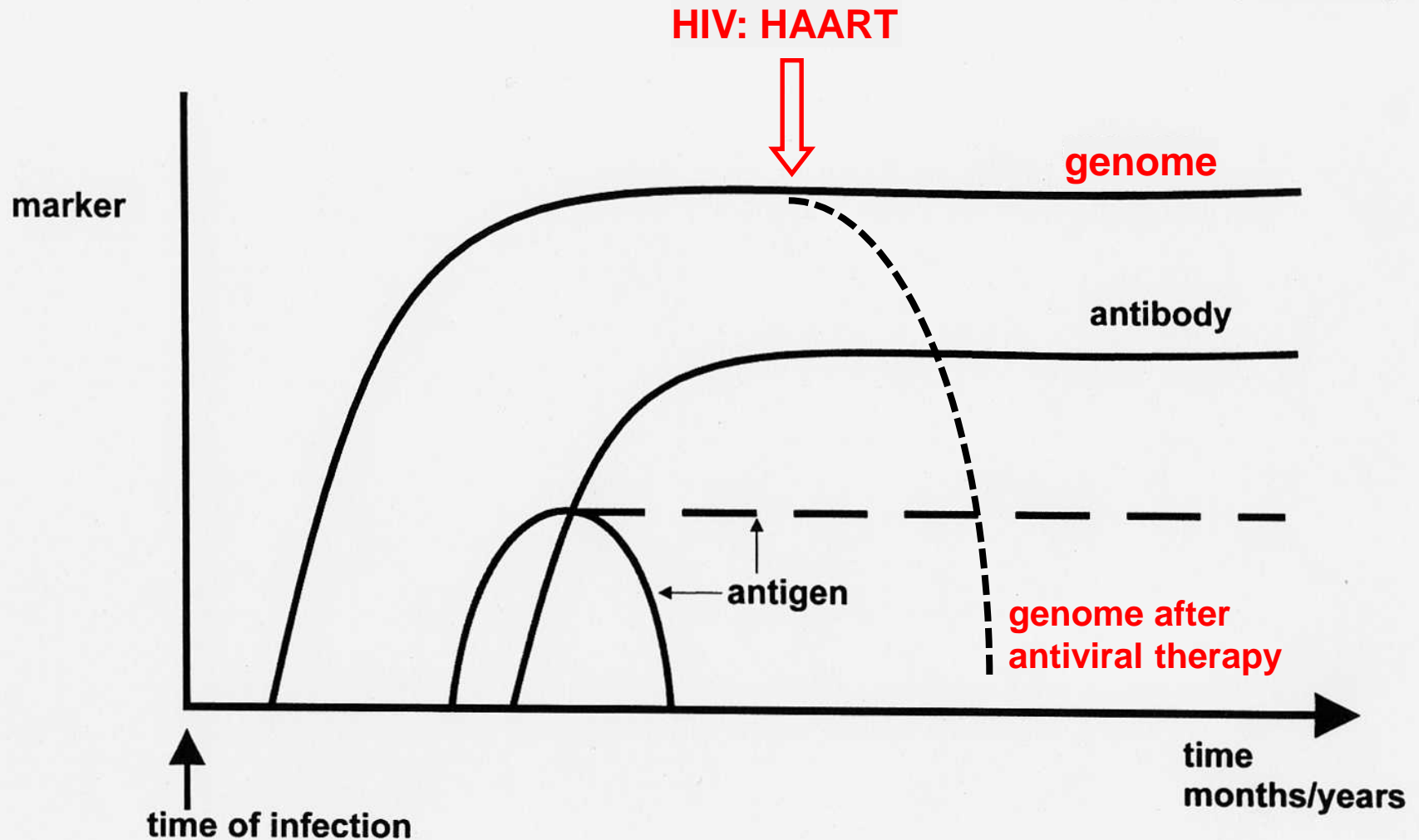


Performance improvement by training

Supporting legal decisions on detection intervals

New Guideline for Quality Assurance of the German Medical Association /
Neue Richtlinie der Bundesärztekammer zur Qualitätssicherung
laboratoriumsmedizinischer Untersuchungen (RiliBÄK)

Generalised course of infection (TTIs)

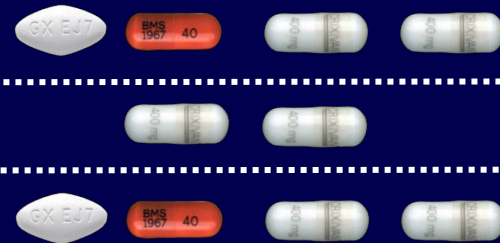


JB/mm/8nov01(14)
micro/slides/dubai

Simplification of HIV Therapy 1996 - 2006

1996: d4T/3TC/IDV

10 pills, TID



1998: ZDV/3TC/EFV

5 pills, BID



2002: ZDV/3TC/EFV

3 pills, BID



2004: TVD or EPZ /EFV

2 pills, QD



2006: ATRIPLA

1 pill, QD



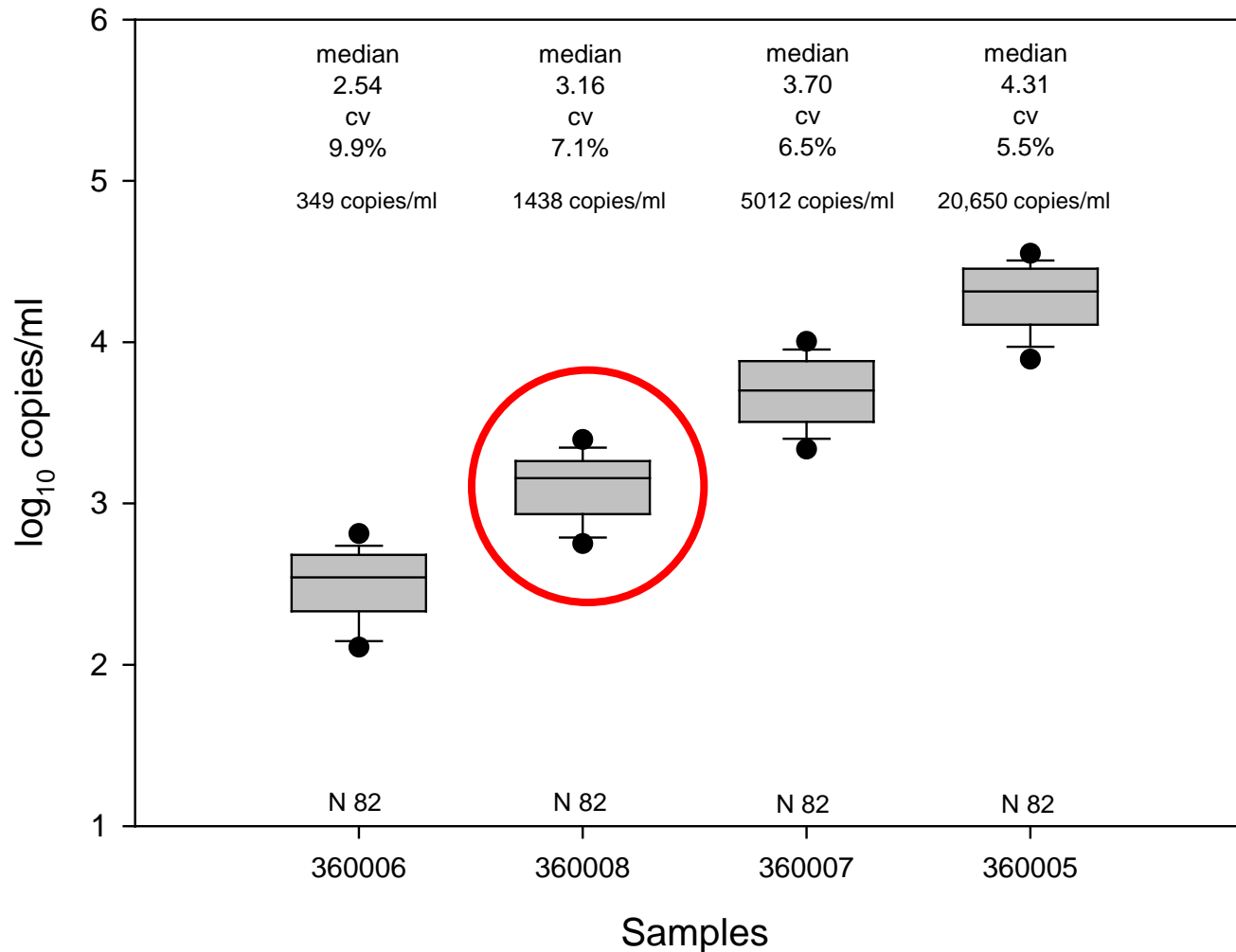
INSTAND-EQA schemes for quantitative HIV-1 genome detection for mimicing therapy monitoring

- quantitative genome determination
 - basis for therapy monitoring
- decrease of $\geq \log_{10}$ copies/ml within 1 month
 - indicator for antiviral efficacy
 - if not: antiviral resistance?
- target
 - get viral load below level of detection
- example for EQA scheme
dilution series of one and the same HIV stock:
 - 1 : 200×10^7
 - 1 : 50×10^7
 - 1 : $12,5 \times 10^7$
 - 1 : $3,125 \times 10^7$

INSTAND-EQAS for HIV-1: Sample Dilution Series

EQAS Sep 2010, PCR/NAT HIV-1 (360)

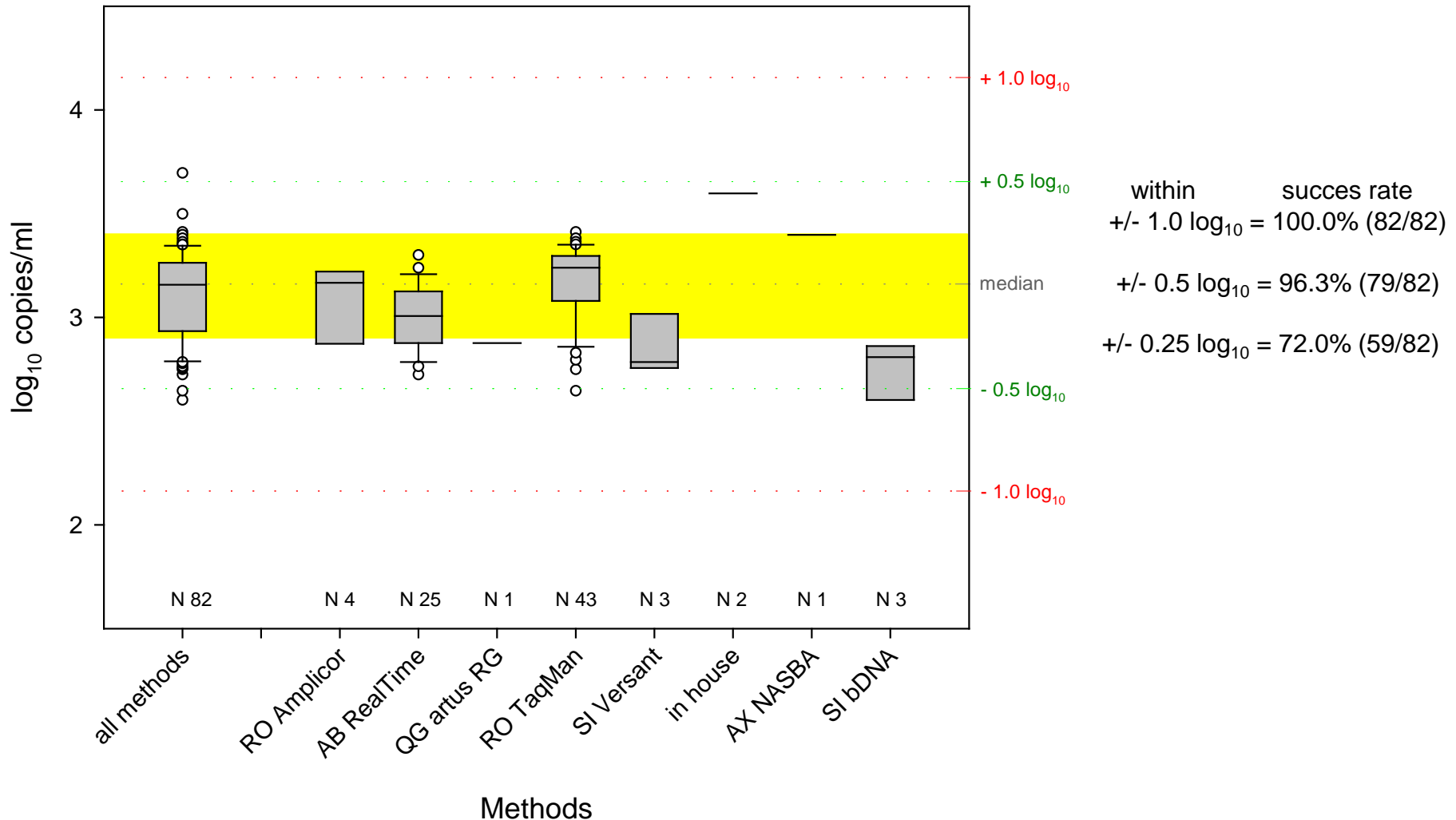
all methods (4 samples: dilution factors: 1:200x10⁷, 1:50x10⁷, 1:12.5x10⁷, 1:3.125x10⁷)



INSTAND-EQAS for HIV-1: Sample Dilution Series

EQAS Sep 2010, PCR/NAT HIV-1 (360)

sample 360008 (median 1,438 = 3.16 log₁₀ copies/ml)



RiliBÄK Specific Section B 3: Direct Detection and Characterization of Pathogens - Quantitative Detection of Nucleic Acid of HIV-1

Table B 3-2a
Evaluation thresholds for external quality assurance
of nucleic acid detection of pathogens transmitted by blood/plasma/serum

| 1 No. | 2 Analyte | 3 Acceptable deviation of log ₁₀ value of participant from log ₁₀ target value of EQA scheme | 4 Range of validity in respect to column 3 | | | 5 Target value of EQA scheme | 6 Frequency of EQA scheme |
|----------|--------------|--|---|-----------|-----------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| | | | from | to | unit | | |
| 1 | CMV DNA | -0,8 to+0,8 | 5 000 | 5 000 000 | IU/mL | Target value | 2x/year |
| 2 | HBV DNA | -0,6 to+0,6 | 500 | 5 000 000 | IU/mL | Target value | 2x/year |
| 3 | HCV RNA | -0,6 to +0,6 | 500 | 5 000 000 | IU/mL | Target value | 2x/year |
| 4 | HIV-1 RNA | -0,6 to +0,6 | 500 | 5 000 000 | copies/mL | Target value | 2x/year |

INSTAND EQAS: Virus Genome Detection of HIV-1 (RNA)

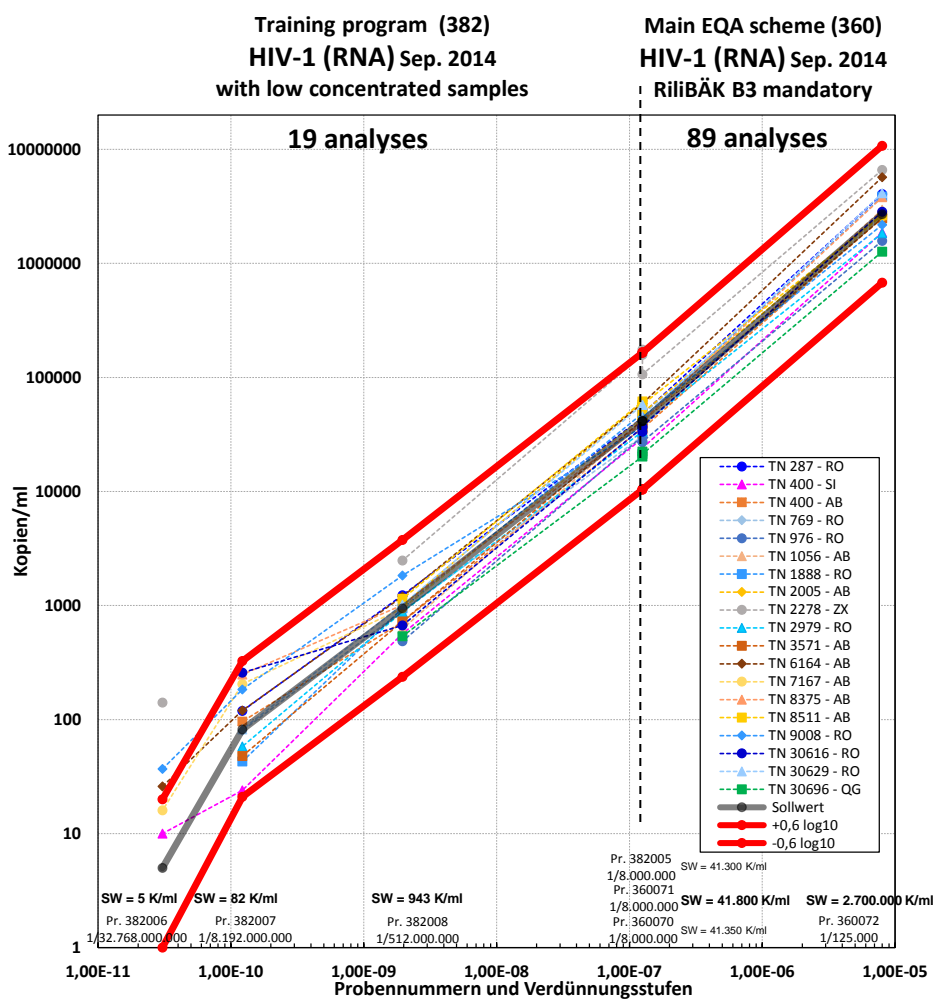
Main EQA Scheme (360) and Training Program (382)

| Properties of samples for the main EQA scheme "Virus Genome Detection - HIV-1 (RNA)" (360) September 2014 | | |
|--|--|--|
| Sample No. | Sample source | Dilution Dilution factor: 4 or multiple of 4 |
| 360069 | negative plasma pool of healthy blood donors | ----- |
| 360070 = 360071*,\$ | highly purified HIV-1 isolate (subtype B) from a patient with HIV/AIDS | 1 : 8 000 000*,\$ |
| 360071 = 360070*,\$ | | 1 : 8 000 000*,\$ |
| 360072* | | 1 : 125 000* |

| Properties of samples for the EQA scheme "Virus Genome Detection - HIV-1 (RNA) - Training Program" (382) September 2014 | | |
|--|--|--|
| Sample No. | Sample source | Dilution Dilution factor: 4 or multiple of 4 |
| 382005*,\$ | highly purified HIV-1 isolate (subtype B) from a patient with HIV/AIDS | 1 : 8 000 000*,\$ |
| 382006* | | 1 : 32 768 000 000* |
| 382007* | | 1 : 8 192 000 000* |
| 382008* | | 1 : 512 000 000* |

INSTAND EQAS: Virus Genome Detection of HIV-1 (RNA)

Main EQA Scheme (360) and Training Program (382)



INSTAND EQAs September 2014:
Main EQA "Virusgenome detection - HIV-1 (RNA)" (360)
and
Training program "Virusgenome detection - HIV-1 (RNA)" (382)

results in copies

broken down to individual laboratories
having participated in both EQA
schemes (N=24)

Dilution series of HIV-1 subtype B (highly purified) in plasma

**Dilution factor:
4 or multifold of 4**

**1 : 125.000 - 1 : 32.768.000.000
(2.700.000 - 5 copies/ml)**

H. Zeichhardt, O. Donoso Mantke, V. Lindig und H.-P. Grunert, Charité Universitätsmedizin Berlin, CBF, Virologie / INSTAND, Düsseldorf / GBD, Berlin in Kooperation mit H. Rabenau, NRZ für Retroviren, Universitätsklinikum Frankfurt

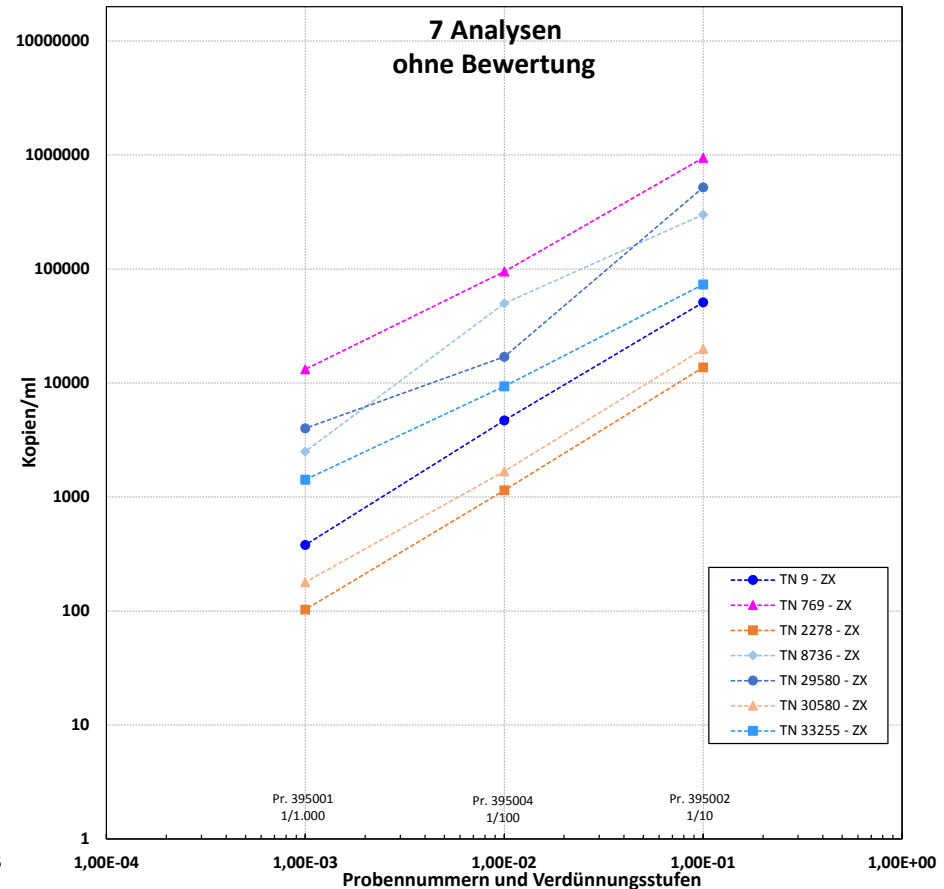
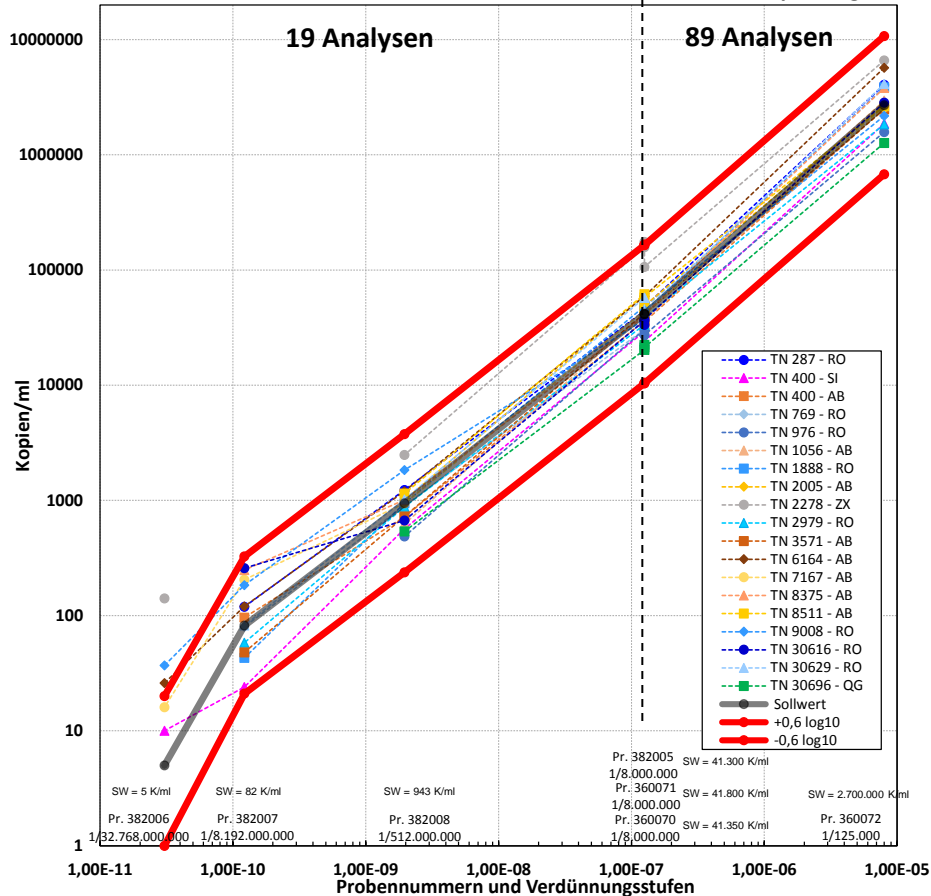
INSTAND-RVs: Virusgenom-Nachweis von HIV-1 und HIV-2

Streuung der quantitativen Messergebnisse der INSTAND Ringversuche zum Virusgenom-Nachweis von HIV-1 (RNA) und HIV-2 (RNA)

Trainingsprogramm (382)
HIV-1 (RNA) Sep. 2014
mit niedrig konzentrierten Proben

Hauptringversuch (360)
HIV-1 (RNA) Sep. 2014
RiliBÄK B3-pflichtig

Ringversuch (395)
HIV-2 (RNA) Nov./Dez. 2014
RiliBÄK-konform



H. Zeichhardt, O. Donoso Mantke, V. Lindig und H.-P. Grunert, Charité Universitätsmedizin Berlin, CBF, Virologie / INSTAND, Düsseldorf / GBD, Berlin
in Kooperation mit H. Rabenau, NRZ für Retroviren, Universitätsklinikum Frankfurt

INSTAND EQAS: Virus Genome Detection of HIV-1 (RNA)

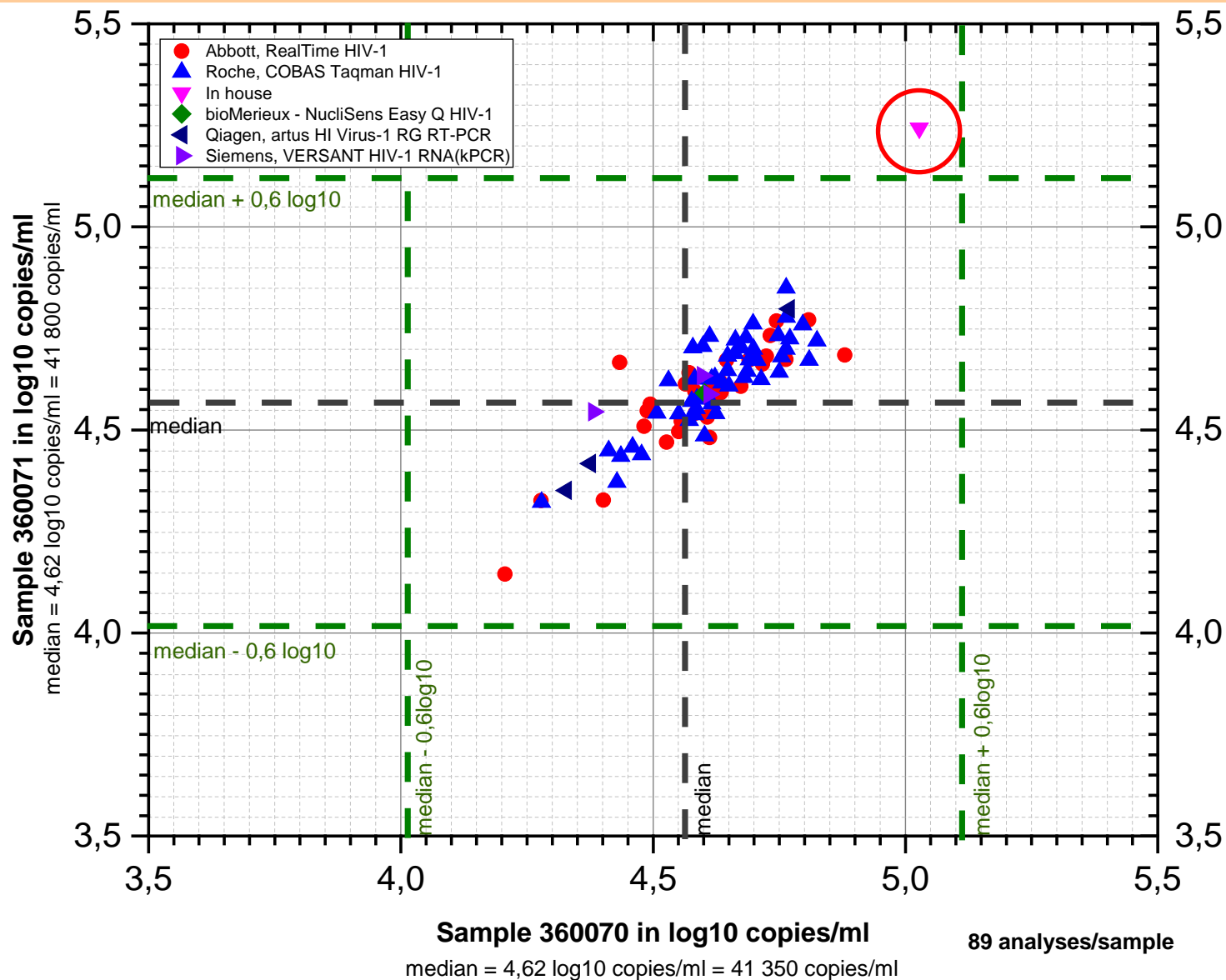
Main EQA Scheme (360) and Training Program (382)

| Properties of samples for the main EQA scheme "Virus Genome Detection - HIV-1 (RNA)" (360) September 2014 | | |
|--|--|--|
| Sample No. | Sample source | Dilution Dilution factor: 4 or multiple of 4 |
| 360069 | negative plasma pool of healthy blood donors | ----- |
| 360070 = 360071*,\$ | highly purified HIV-1 isolate (subtype B) from a patient with HIV/AIDS | 1 : 8 000 000*,\$ |
| 360071 = 360070*,\$ | | 1 : 8 000 000*,\$ |
| 360072* | | 1 : 125 000* |

| Properties of samples for the EQA scheme "Virus Genome Detection - HIV-1 (RNA) - Training Program" (382) September 2014 | | |
|--|--|--|
| Sample No. | Sample source | Dilution Dilution factor: 4 or multiple of 4 |
| 382005*,\$ | highly purified HIV-1 isolate (subtype B) from a patient with HIV/AIDS | 1 : 8 000 000*,\$ |
| 382006* | | 1 : 32 768 000 000* |
| 382007* | | 1 : 8 192 000 000* |
| 382008* | | 1 : 512 000 000* |

INSTAND EQAS: Virus Genome Detection of HIV-1 (RNA)

Main EQA Scheme (360) Sep 2014 – Youden plot of samples 360070 vs 360071



Outline

Infectious diseases – challenges
01 December – World AIDS Day

External quality assessment schemes – INSTAND

Quantitative genome detection of HIV-1 (RNA)

Quantitative genome detection of cytomegalovirus

Benefits of Quality Controlled and Standardized Diagnostics

RiliBÄK Specific Section B 3:

Direct Detection and Characterization of Pathogens - Quantitative Detection of Nucleic Acid of HIV-1

Table B 3-2a
Evaluation thresholds for external quality assurance
of nucleic acid detection of pathogens transmitted by blood/plasma/serum

| 1 No. | 2 Analyte | 3 Acceptable deviation of log ₁₀ value of participant from log ₁₀ target value of EQA scheme | 4 Range of validity in respect to column 3 | | | 5 Target value of EQA scheme | 6 Frequency of EQA scheme |
|----------|--------------|--|---|-----------|-----------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| | | | from | to | unit | | |
| 1 | CMV DNA | -0,8 to+0,8 | 5 000 | 5 000 000 | IU/mL | Target value | 2x/year |
| 2 | HBV DNA | -0,6 to+0,6 | 500 | 5 000 000 | IU/mL | Target value | 2x/year |
| 3 | HCV RNA | -0,6 to +0,6 | 500 | 5 000 000 | IU/mL | Target value | 2x/year |
| 4 | HIV-1 RNA | -0,6 to +0,6 | 500 | 5 000 000 | copies/mL | Target value | 2x/year |

INSTAND-EQAS - Virus Genome Detection of CMV

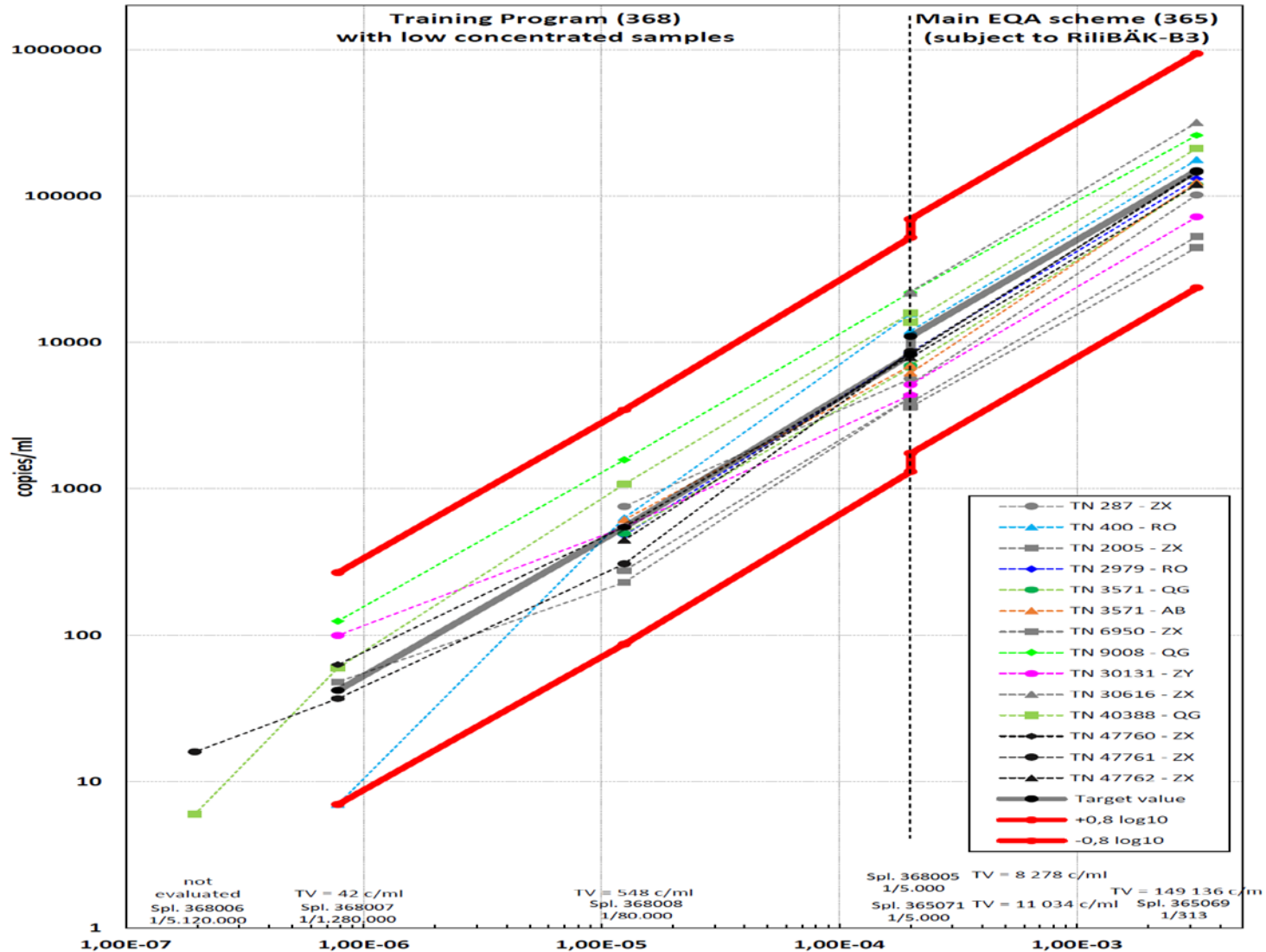
Main-EQA Scheme (365) and Training Program (368) – September 2014

| Main EQA scheme (365) | | |
|-----------------------|---|------------------------------------|
| Sample No. | Sample source | Dilution Dilution factor: 4 x Y |
| 365069* | plasma pool of healthy blood donors spiked with a lysate of CMV infected cells (isolate of a patient) | 1 : 313* |
| 365070 = 365072 | negative plasma pool of healthy blood donors | ---- |
| 365071*,\$ | plasma pool of healthy blood donors spiked with a lysate of CMV infected cells (isolate of a patient) | 1 : 5 000*,\$ |
| 365072 = 365070 | negative plasma pool of healthy blood donors | ---- |

| Training Program (368) | | |
|------------------------|---|------------------------------------|
| Sample No. | Sample source | Dilution Dilution factor: 4 x Y |
| 368005*,\$ | plasma pool of healthy blood donors spiked with a lysate of CMV infected cells (isolate of a patient) | 1 : 5 000*,\$ |
| 368006* | | 1 : 5 120 000* |
| 368007* | | 1 : 1 280 000* |
| 368008* | | 1 : 80 000* |

INSTAND-EQAS - Virus Genome Detection of CMV

Main-EQA Scheme (365) and Training Program (368) – September 2014 – Copies/ml



Digital PCR (dPCR) for Quantitative Detection of Human Cytomegalovirus

HLT08 INFECT-MET



EMRP

European Metrology Research Programme
Programme of EURAMET

The EMRP is jointly funded by the EMRP participating countries within EURAMET and the European Union



- Cooperation of INSTAND with Charité Berlin within JRP HLT08 INFECT-MET
Metrology for monitoring infectious diseases, antimicrobial resistance, and harmful micro-organisms

JRC, Geel, EU

Heinz Schimmel
Maria Karczmarczyk
Fran van Heuverswyn

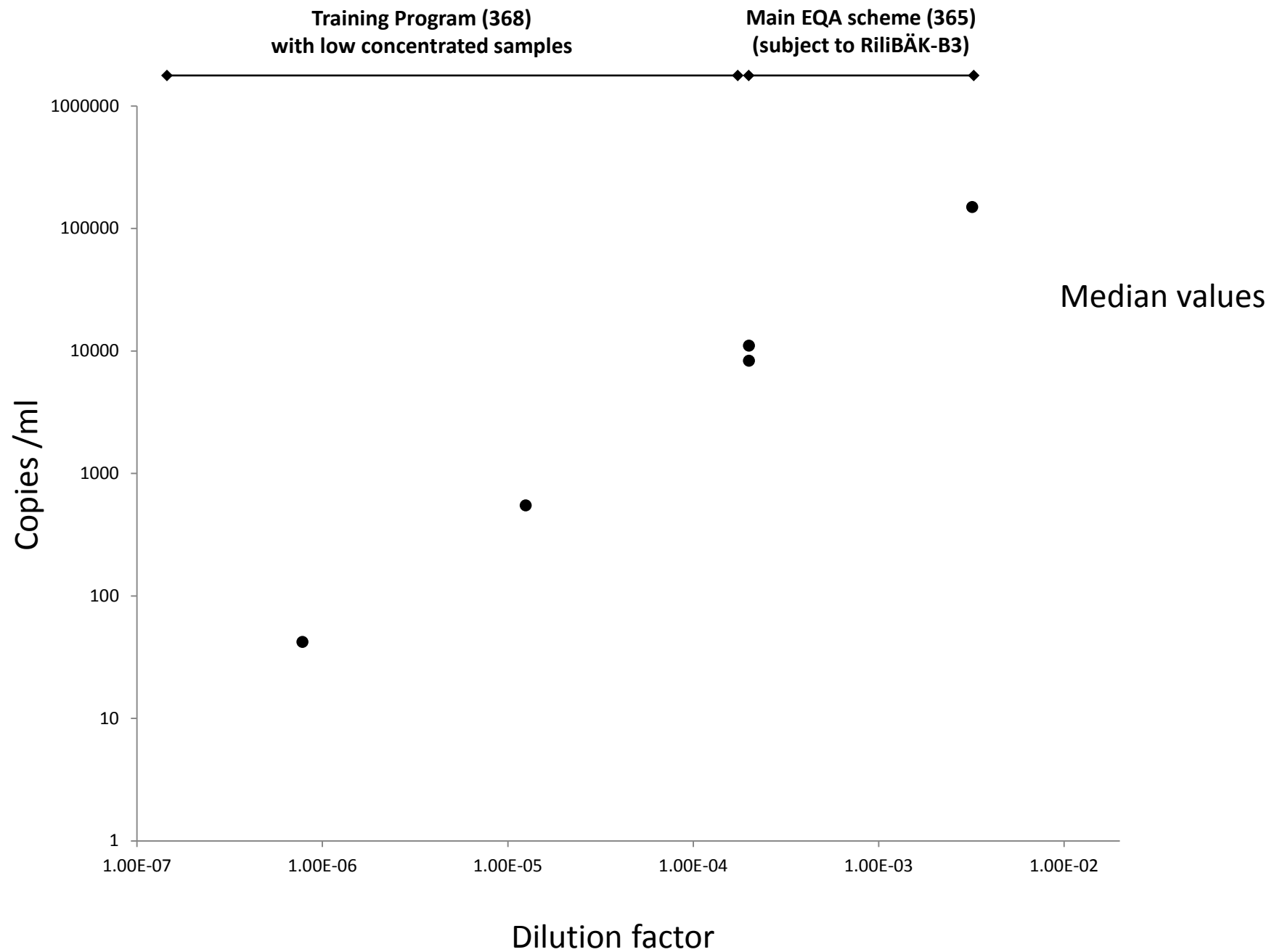
LGC, Teddington, UK

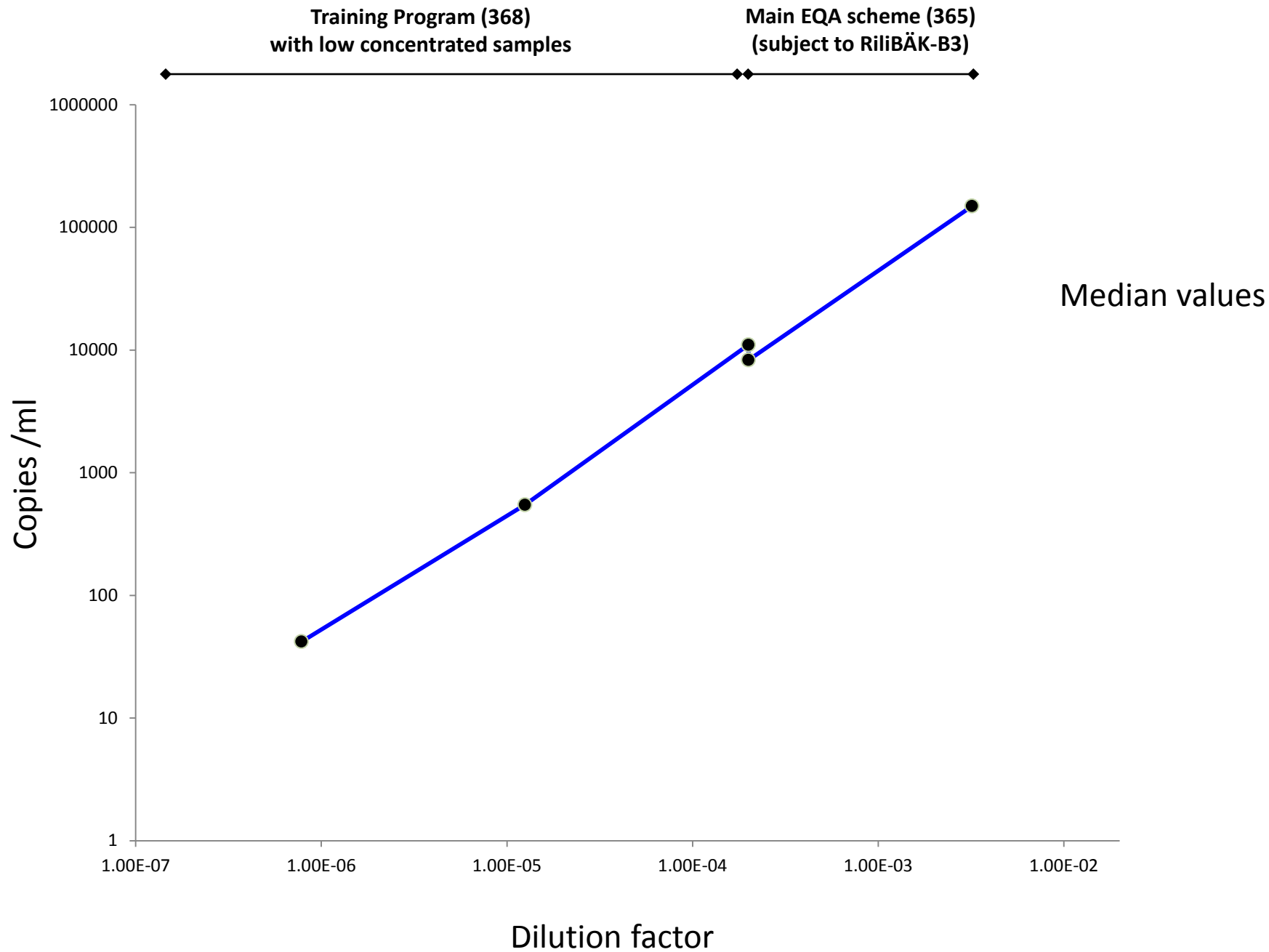
Helen Parks
Jim Huggett
Claire Bushell
Alison Devonshire
Carole Foy
Denise O'Sullivan

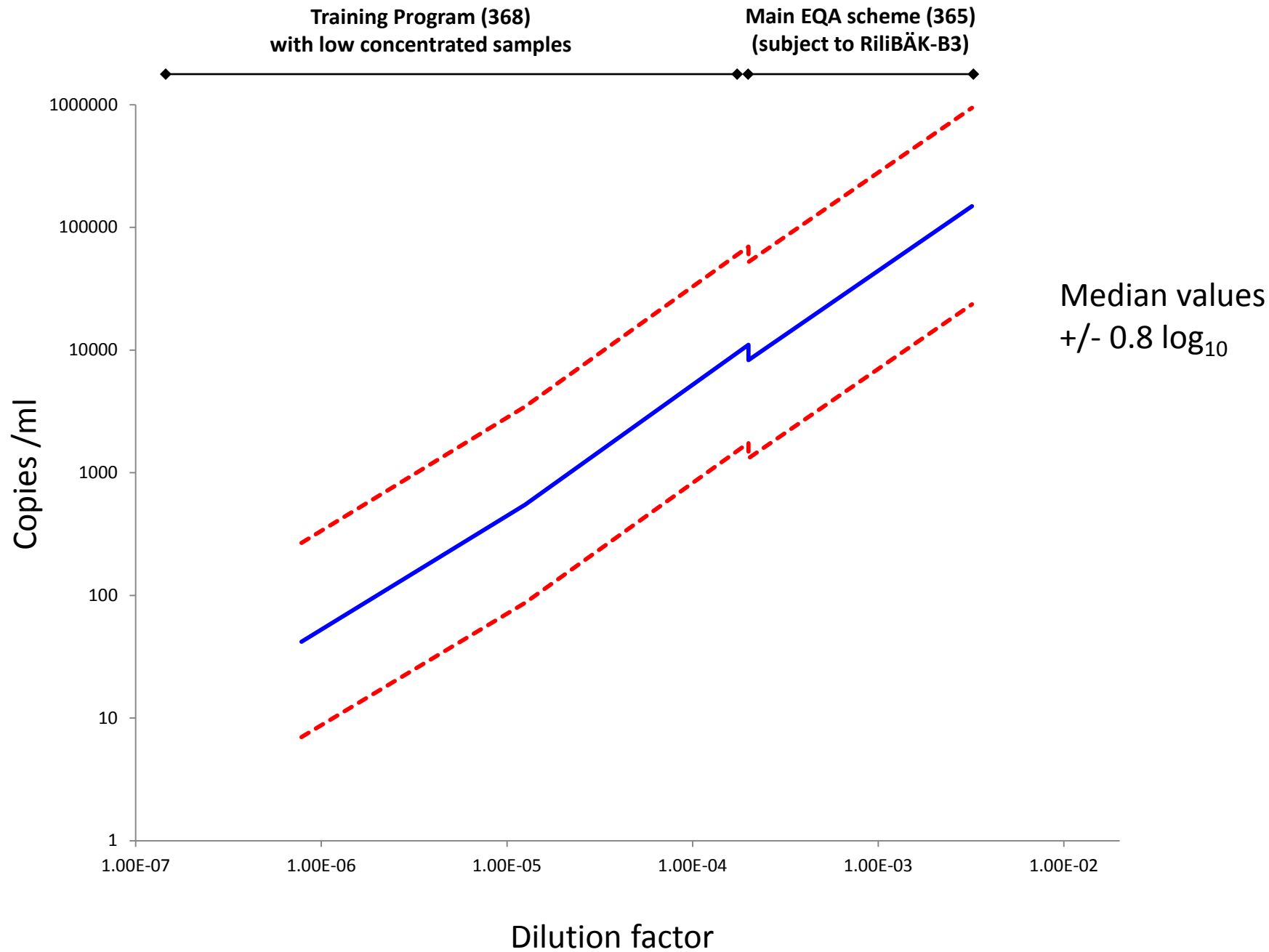
NIB, Ljubljana, Slovenia

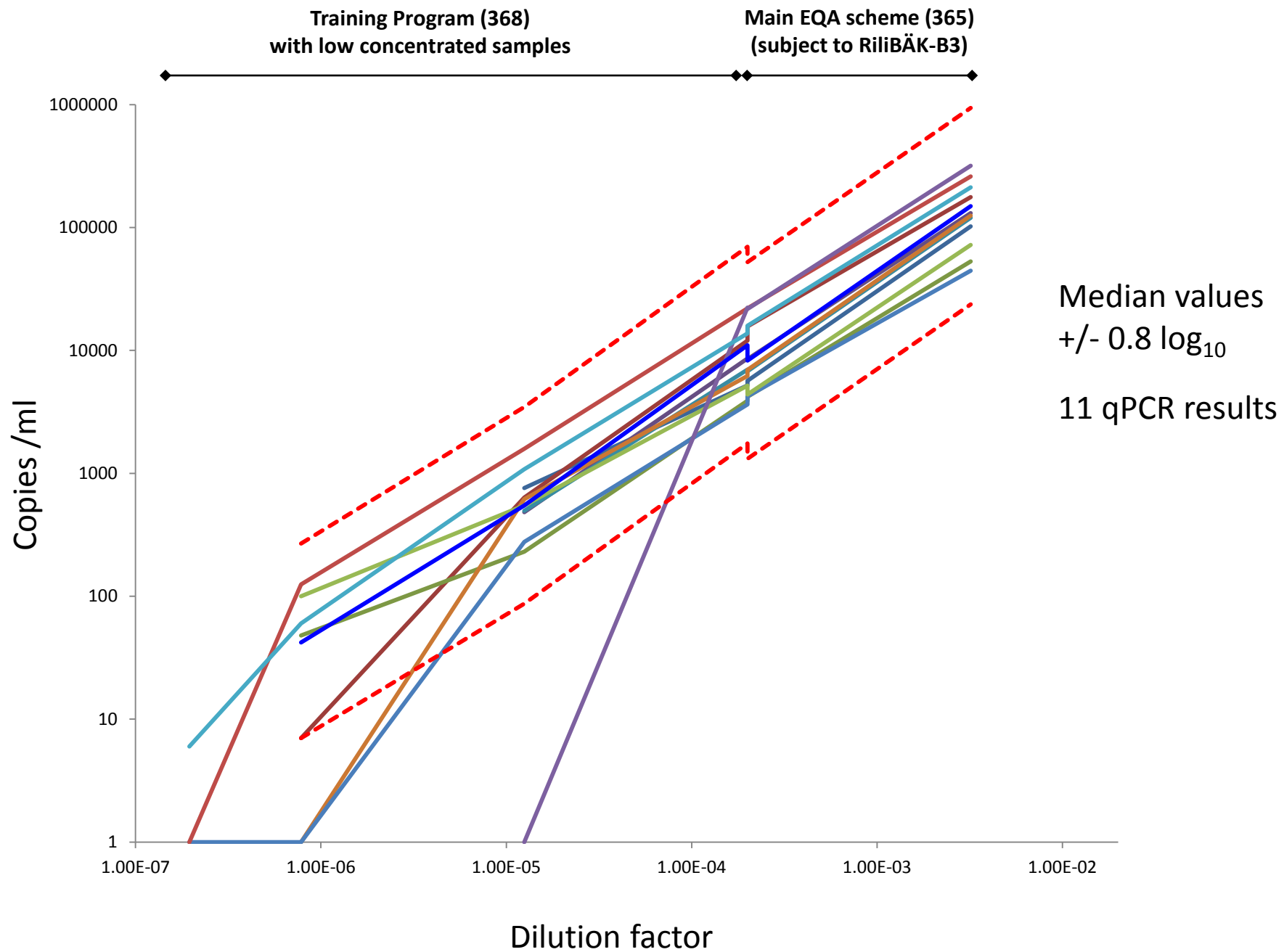
Jana Zell
Jernej Pavšič
Mojca Milavec

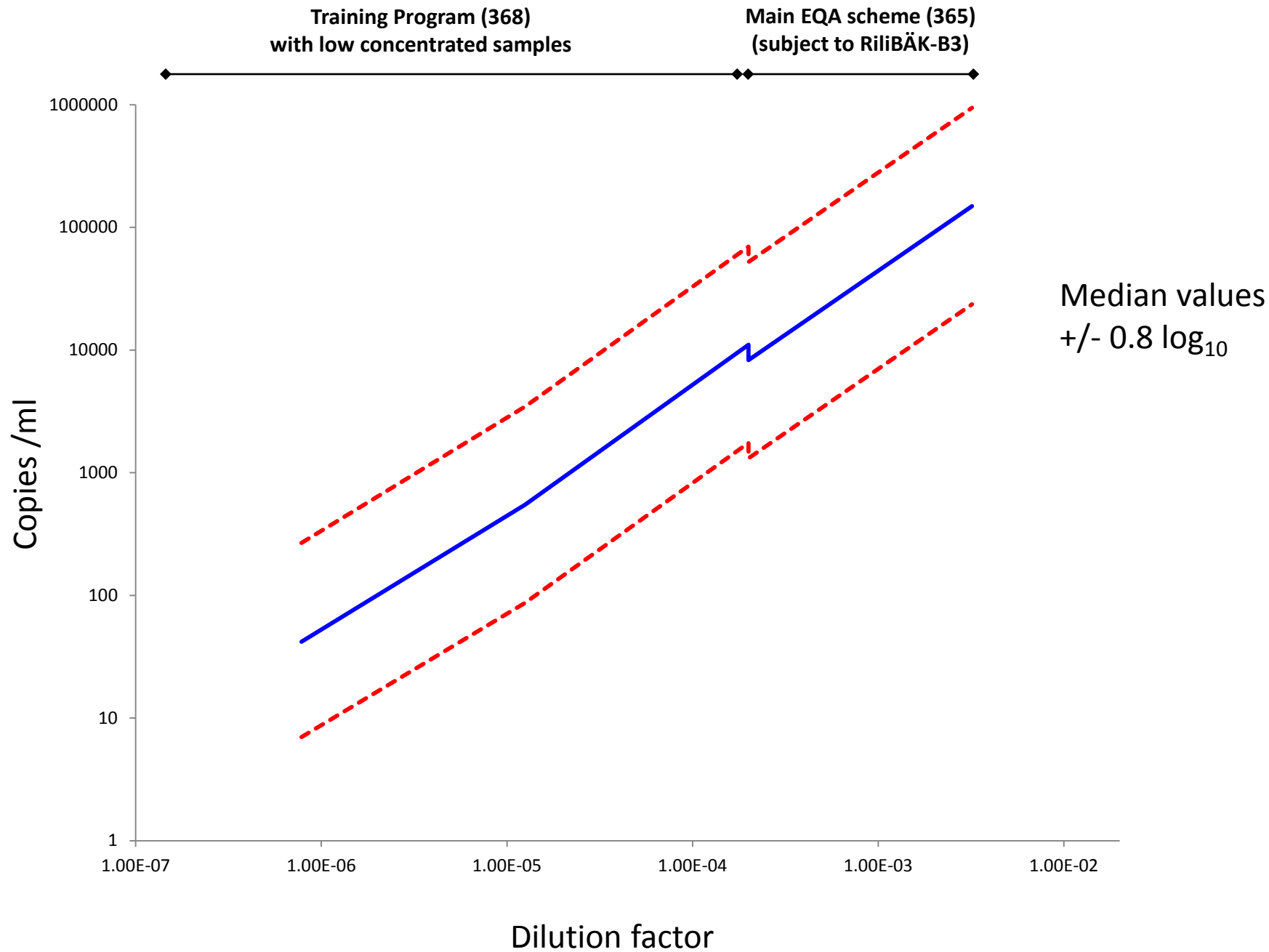
- Results of 3 laboratories using dPCR in the INSTAND-EQA schemes - Virus Genome Detection of CMV
Main-EQA Scheme (365) and Training Program (368) – September 2014

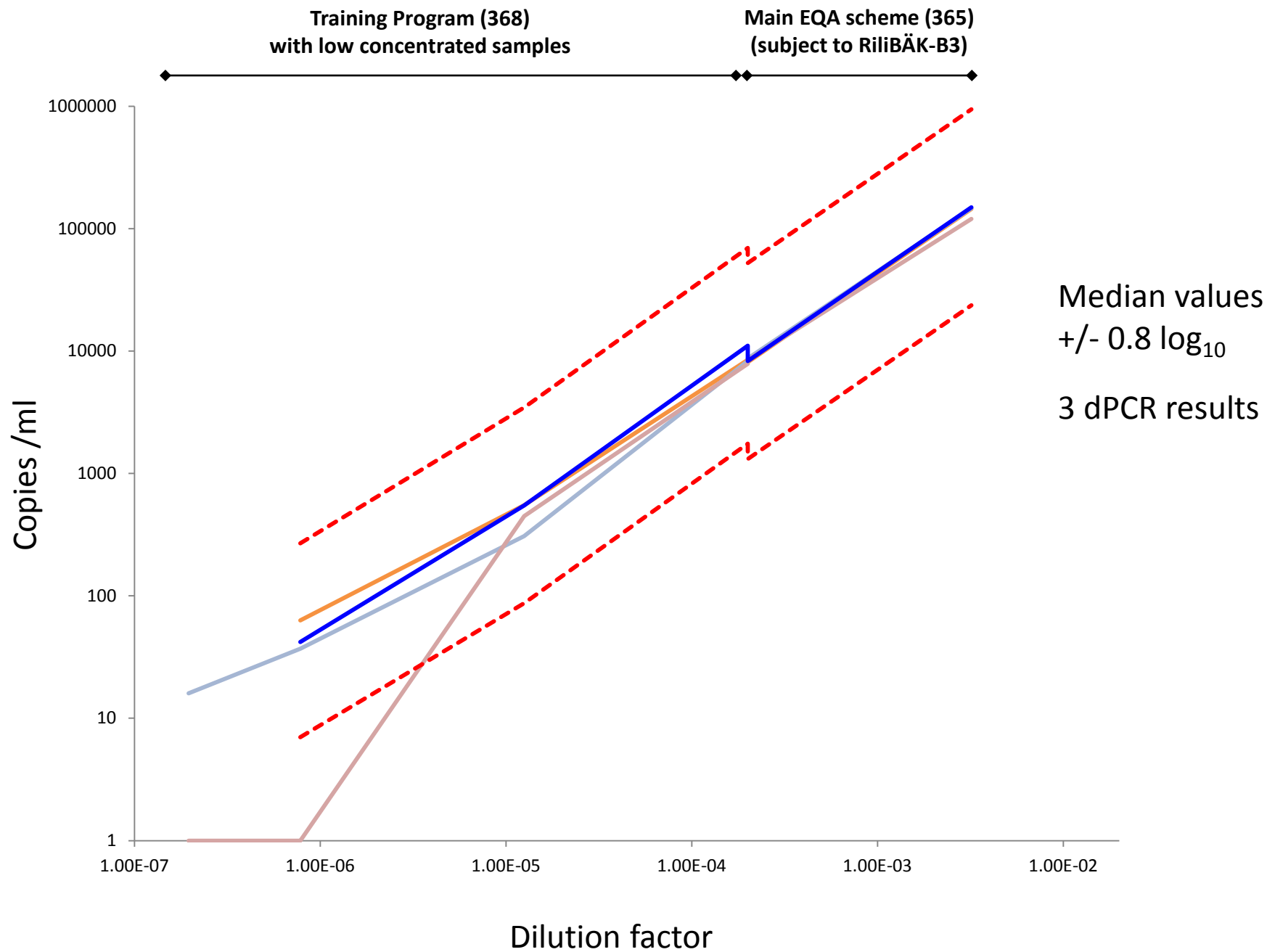












Quantitative CMV Genome Detection in Clinical Samples

HLT08 INFECT-MET

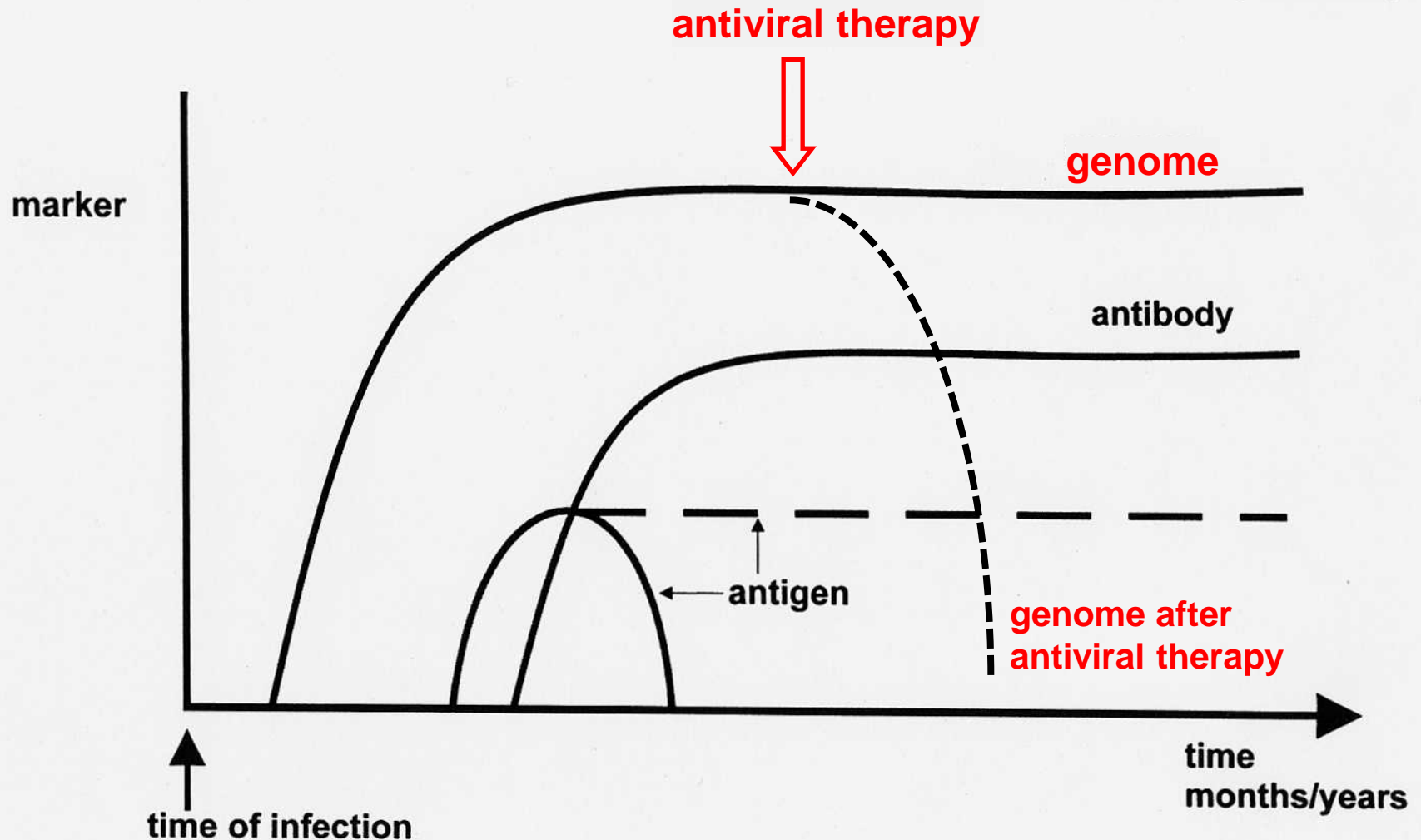


| CMV Clinical Samples | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---------------|-------|-------------------|-----|-----------------|-----|----------------------------------|-------|---|-------|-----------------------------------|-------|--------|
| Participant no. | Lab A | | Lab B | | Lab C | | Lab D | | Lab E | | Lab F | | |
| PCR system | realtime | | realtime | | realtime | | realtime | | realtime | | digital | | |
| Extraction | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Manufacturer | Qiagen | | Roche | | Qiagen | | Roche | | Roche | | Roche | | |
| Kit name or Extraction System | QIA-Symphony | | Magna Pure 96 | | QIAcube | | High Pure Viral Nucleic Acid Kit | | MagnaPure 96-DNA Viral Small Volume Kit | | High Pure Viral Nucleic Acid Kit | | |
| Catalog no. | --- | | --- | | --- | | 3502295001 | | --- | | --- | | |
| Lot no. | --- | | 10239500 | | 148037934 | | 10615300 (2016-01) | | 11295600 | | 10343200 | | |
| Performance | automatical | | automatical | | automatical | | manual | | automatical | | manual | | |
| Amplification | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Manufacturer | in house | | in house | | Argene | | Qiagen | | in house | | in house | | |
| Kit name | --- | | --- | | CMV R-gene | | artus CMV LC PCR Kit | | 480 Probes master | | --- | | |
| Catalog no. | --- | | --- | | 069-003 B | | 4503063 | | --- | | --- | | |
| Lot no. | --- | | --- | | 1003345350 | | 148052697 (2016-03-12) | | --- | | --- | | |
| Thermocycler | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Manufacturer | ABI | | Stratagene | | Roche | | Roche | | Roche | | BioRad | | |
| Name | 7900 HT | | Mx 3000P | | LightCycler 2.0 | | LightCycler 2.0 | | LC 480 | | QX 100 Droplet Digital PCR System | | |
| Primer | UL 98 region | | Polymerase gene | | UL83 gene | | MIE gene | | Us 1+ region | | UL 54 | | |
| Probe | TaqMan | | TaqMan | | TaqMan | | Eclipse hybridisation probe | | TaqMan | | Hydrolysis probe | | |
| Results | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Dimension | IU/ml | Ct | Copies/ml | Ct | IU/ml | Ct | Copies/ml | Ct | Copies/ml | Ct | Copies/ml | Ct | |
| | LOD 200 IU/ml | | LOD 200 Copies/ml | | LOD 500 IU/ml | | LOD 600 Copies/ml | | LOD 79 Copies/ml | | LOD 330 Copies/ml | | |
| | | | | | | | | | Quantification according to Qiagen kit | | | | |
| EMRP CMV Clinical Samples (in each case plasma) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| G10540 Pat. P. 1st donation (Mutation IE1-Ex4) | 100 | 35,60 | 100 | 39 | 250 | 39 | 3270 | 39,16 | 5650 | 22,94 | 196 | 36,94 | 555 |
| G10564 | 10 | 38,40 | below LOD | --- | below LOD | --- | 109 | 44,20 | 835 | 25,93 | 50 | 37,71 | 2242 |
| G10575 | 100140 | 26,70 | 800000 | --- | 2000000 | --- | 492000 | 31,72 | 184750 | 17,47 | 86600 | 30,90 | 341046 |
| G10576 Pat. P. 2nd donation (Mutation IE1-Ex4) | 10 | 39,55 | below LOD | --- | below LOD | --- | neg. | --- | 805 | 25,99 | 18 | 38,25 | 150 |
| G10944 | 50 | 36,66 | 500 | 37 | 1250 | 37 | 2650 | 39,47 | 5925 | 22,86 | 408 | 36,49 | 3213 |
| G11206 | 8000 | 29,83 | 50000 | 31 | 125000 | 31 | 32400 | 35,76 | 24750 | 20,62 | 5580 | 34,49 | 20840 |

Factors influencing quantitative virus genome detection

- Extraction
 - Amplification
 - Detection
 - Matrix -> commutability
-
- ➔ Standard/reference materials urgently needed reflecting each of the steps/factors
real viruses in appropriate matrix
 - ➔ Infectious disease diagnostics – no reference range !!!
analysis of dynamics

Generalised course of infection (TTIs)



JB/mm/8nov01(14)
micro/slides/dubai

Benefits of Quality Controlled and Standardized Diagnostics

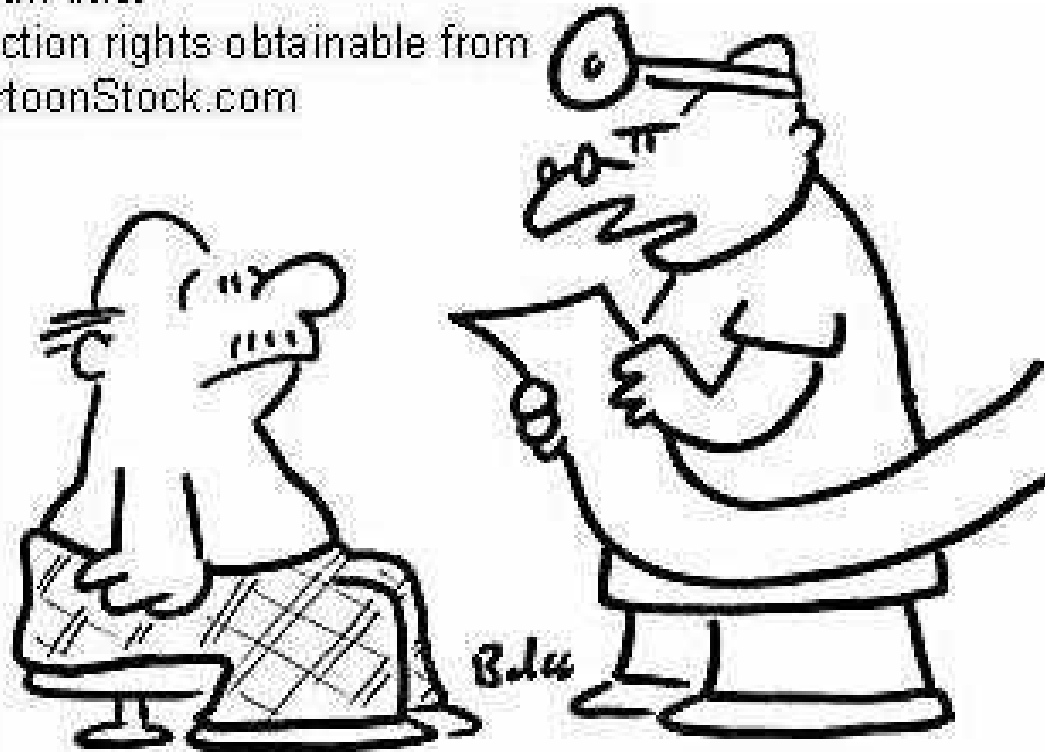
Diagnostic data have to be solid and comparable irrespective of

- diagnostic laboratory
- diagnostic system
- staff

Correct diagnostic data

- are bases for
 - prevention
 - epidemiology – detection of re-/emerging infections
 - therapy
 - therapy monitoring / follow up
- lead to quality improvement of diagnosis
- protect the patient from false positive and false negative diagnostic results
- vigilance of the market (post-marketing surveillance)
- save money for health care system

© Original Artist
Reproduction rights obtainable from
www.CartoonStock.com



search ID: rman1914

"Look, this diagnostic computer cost us \$185,000.00! — if it says you're pregnant, you're pregnant!"

Partners in the EQA Network

Berlin

Mechthild Adams-Bagusche

Steffi Bliese

Laura Käding

Viola Kohlrautz

Katja Kolloch

Vanessa Lindig

Silke Nilsen

Pablo Renner Viveros

Dirk Sander

Evelyn Schulze

Renate Zaijc

Hannah Zeichhardt

Carolin Zinsky

Dr. Hans-Peter Grunert

Dr. Wolfgang Güthoff

Prof. Dr. Heinz Zeichhardt

Düsseldorf

INSTAND-Team

PD Dr. Oliver Donoso Mantke

München

Prof. Dr. Lutz Gürtler

and

35 INSTAND-Sollwert

Laboratorien inkl.

Robert Koch-Institut

Paul-Ehrlich-Institut

**Physikalisch-Technische
Bundesanstalt (PTB)**

and

HLT08 INFECT-MET



Thank you!

Univ.-Prof. i.R. Dr. Heinz Zeichhardt
Charité-Universitätsmedizin Berlin
Campus Benjamin Franklin - Institut für Virologie

Correspondence address

Prof. Dr. Heinz Zeichhardt
Institut für Qualitätssicherung in der Virusdiagnostik – IQVD
Potsdamer Chaussee 80
14129 Berlin

Tel.: +49-30-81054300

Fax: +49-30-81054303

Email: Heinz.Zeichhardt@charite.de

INSTAND EQA schemes in virus diagnostics

Web: www.instandev.de