

JCTLM
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Sevres, Paris

Laboratory Medicine Standardization Activity in Japan

National Institute Metrology of Japan (NMIJ)

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Japanese Committee of Clinical Laboratory Standards (JCCLS)

JCCLS

Since 1985

Government Agencies: 8

METI, MHLW, NMIJ/AIST, etc

Professional Societies: 32

JSCC (Japan Society of Clinical Chemistry)

JSLM (Japan Society of Laboratory Medicine)

Other Clinical Societies

Industries: 52

Organizations; JACRI*, JAIMA**

IVD Manufacturers

*JACRI: Japanese Association of Clinical Reagents Industry

**JAIMA: Japanese Analytical Instrument Manufacturers Association

Activities in JCCLS

- 1. Recommendation of Measurement Methods**
- 2. Development of Matrix Reference Materials**
- 3. External Quality Assessment**

Activities in JCCLS

1. Recommendation of Measurement Methods

(by Japan Society of Clinical Chemistry)

- Ion Selective Electrode Measurement methods for Electrolytes; **Na, K, Cl**
- Measurement Methods for Enzymes; **AST, ALT, CK, LD, γ -GT, ALP, AMY, ChE**
- Enzymatic Measurement Methods; **Glucose, Creatinine, Uric Acid, Total Cholesterol Triglycerides (Total Glycerides measurement)**
- Measurement Method for **Hemoglobin A1c**
- Tonometry-based Measurement Methods for Blood Gases; **pH, pCO₂, pO₂**

Activities in JCCLS

2. Development of Multi-Analytes Reference Materials for Catalytic Concentration of Enzymes in Serum

(Japan Society of Clinical Chemistry)

All analytes are in one bottle

- AST (holo type in cytosol)
- ALT (holo type in cytosol)
- CK
- LD
- γ -GT
- ALP
- AMY

(Freeze dried)

They are produced from *recombinants* of human enzymes, except LD.

(Underlined Items have been already listed in α -lists.)

Activities in JCCLS

3. Development of Matrix Reference Materials

(by Japan Society of Clinical Chemistry)

- Electrolytes: *Na, K and Cl for ISEs*
Total Calcium & Total Magnesium
- Lipid: *Total cholesterol for enzymatic analysis*
HDL-Cholesterol for enzymatic analysis
Triglycerides for enzymatic analysis
- Glucose
- *HemoglobinA1c*
- Creatinine
- Uric Acid
- Urea Nitrogen
- Blood Gases (pH, $p\text{CO}_2$, $p\text{O}_2$)

(Underlined Items have been already listed in α -lists.)

Traceability System of Matrix CRMs

Method

Na, K, Cl

Glucose

Cholesterol

Definitive Method

IEG:Na
ID-MS:K, Cl

ID-MS

ID-MS

Primary
Reference
Material

1st Serum
CRMs

1st Serum
CRMs

1st Serum
CRMs

Reference
Method

FAES: Na, K
Coulometry: Cl

Hk-G6PD
method

Abell-Kendall
method

Secondary
Reference Material

2nd Serum
CRMs

2nd Serum
CRMs

2nd Serum
CRMs

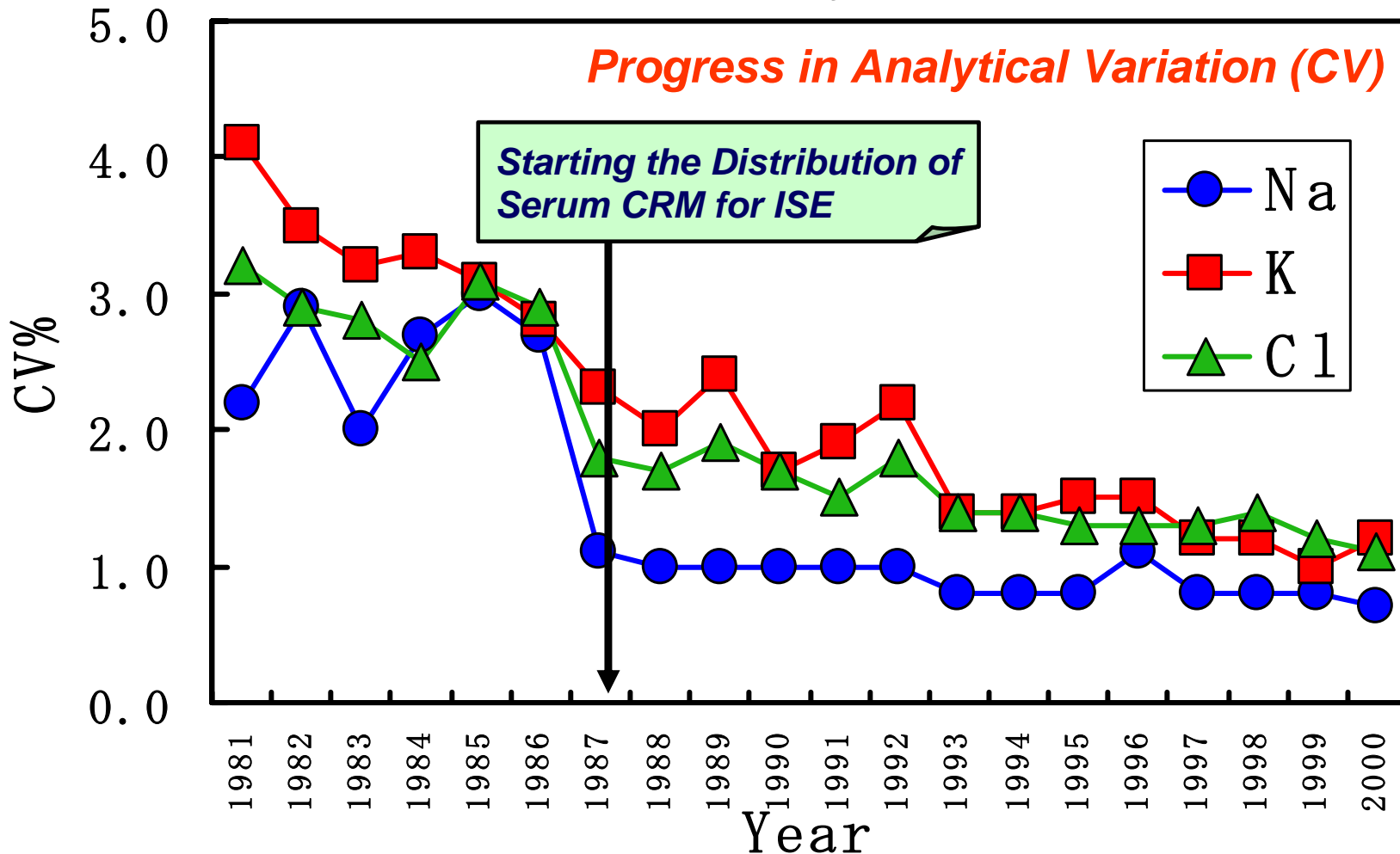
Field Method

ISE Method

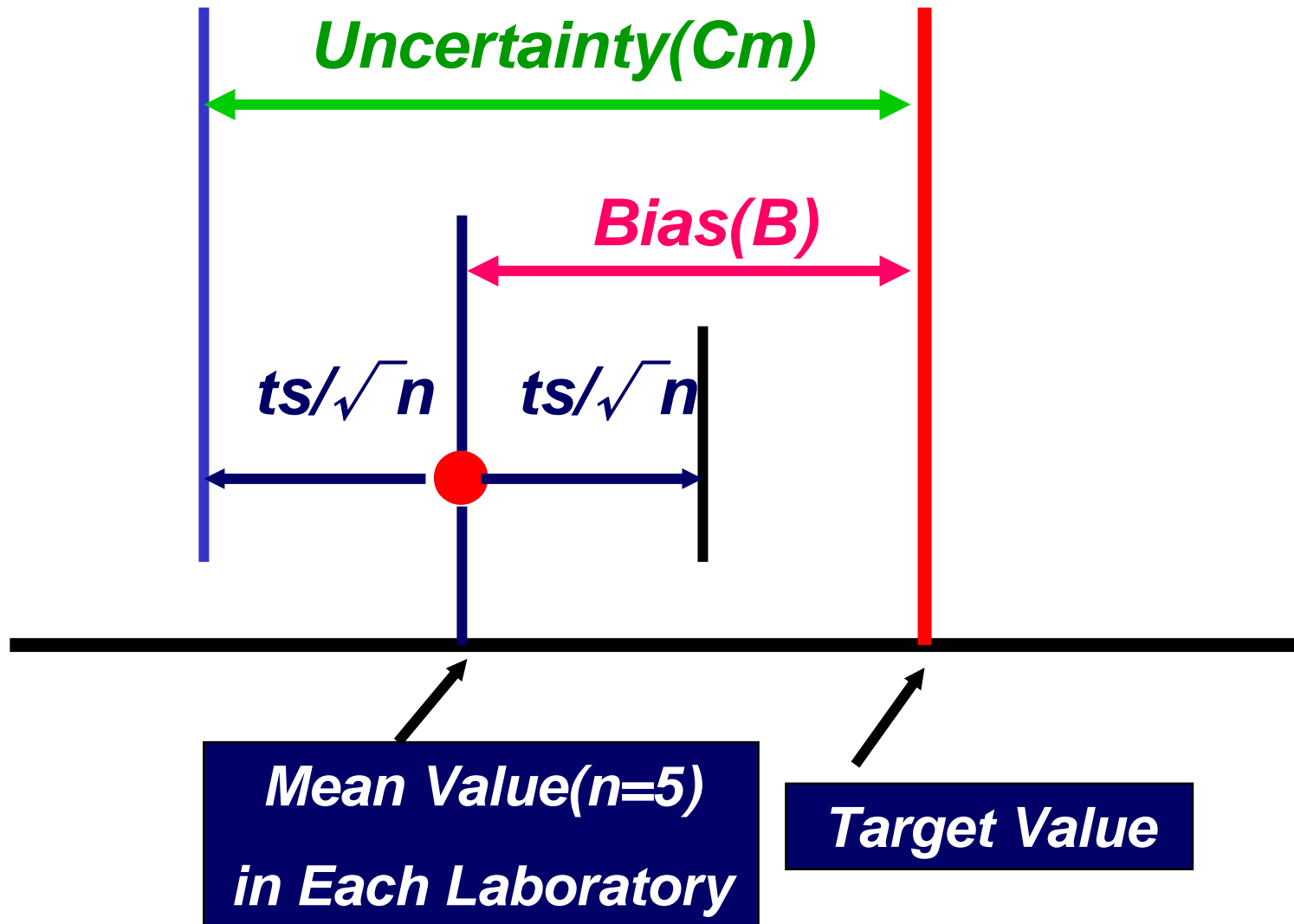
Enzymatic Analysis

4. External Quality Control of Na, K and Cl Measurement by ISE Method

(EQA by Japan Medical Association)

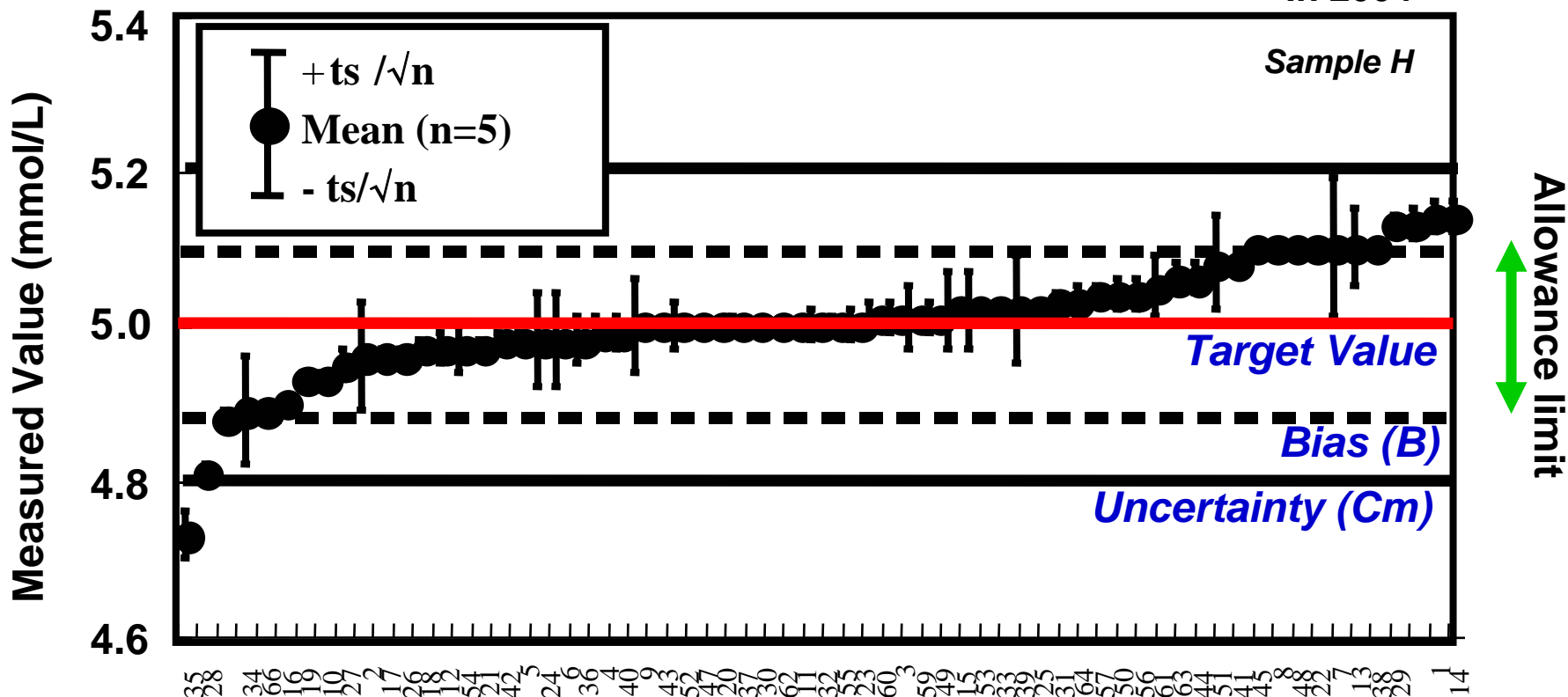


Trueness Evaluation Using Uncertainty of Measured Value in Proficiency Testing



K Measurement by ISE Method

In 2004



Target Value : 4.96 ± 0.01 mmol/L
Allowable Limit: ± 0.1 mmol/L including B
: ± 0.2 mmol/L including Cm

JOINT COMMITTEE for TRACEABILITY in LABORATORY MEDICINE (JCTLM)

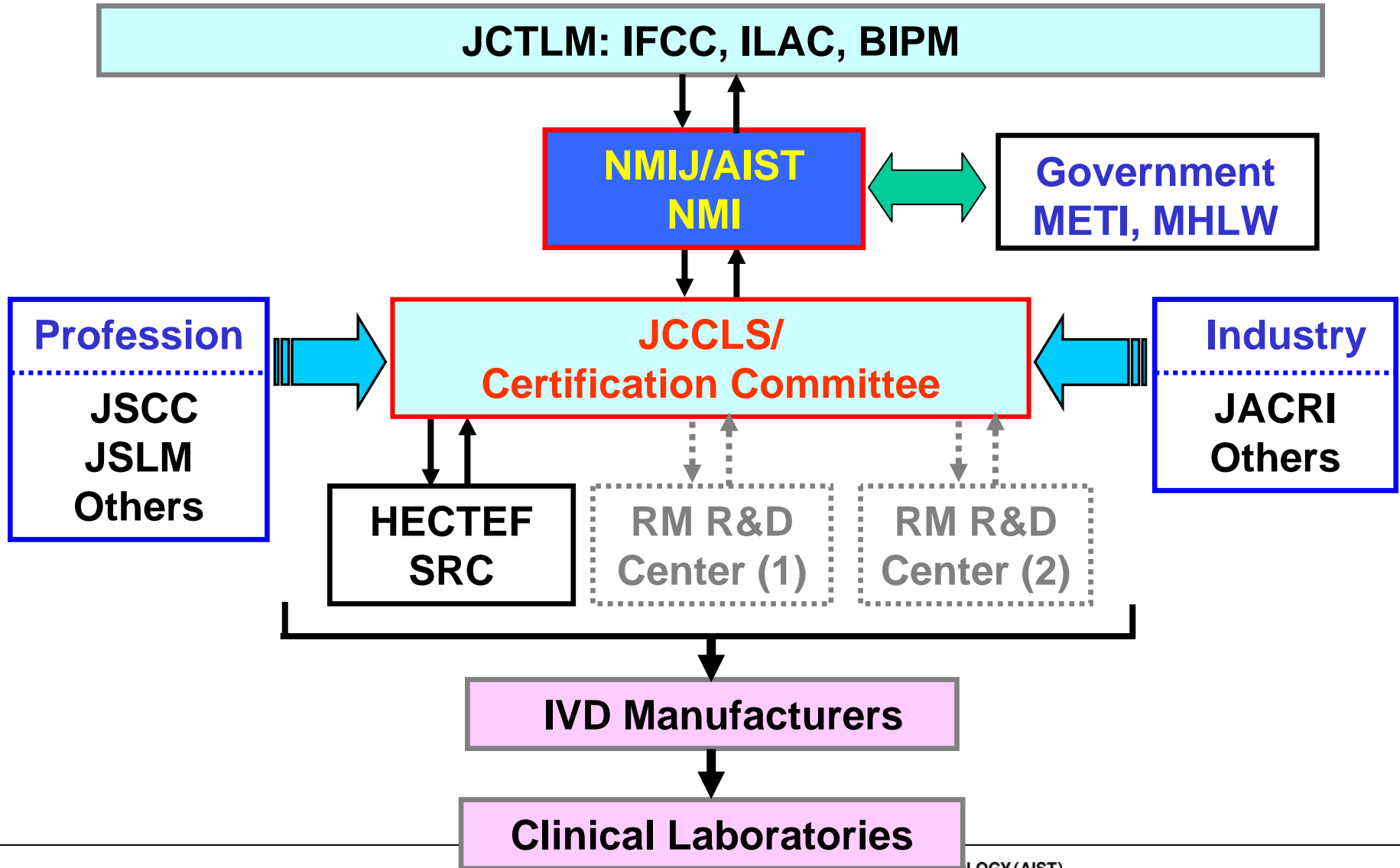
Declaration of co-operation

Established in Sevres on 12 June 2002

A framework for mutual recognition of available higher-order reference materials, measurement procedures and reference measurement laboratories



New System of Developing and Providing Reference Materials in Japan (under Construction)



Collaboration System for Standardization of Clinical Chemical in Japan

- Japan Commission of Clinical Laboratory Standards -

1. Clinical Chemistry Organization

- JSCC (Clinical Chemistry)
- JSLM (Laboratory Medicine)
- JAMT (Medical Technologists)
- JRCLA (Registered Clinical Laboratory)

2. Metrology Organization

NMIJ/AIST

3. IVD Industry Organization

- JACRI
- JAIMA

4. Accreditation Organization

- JAB
- NITE

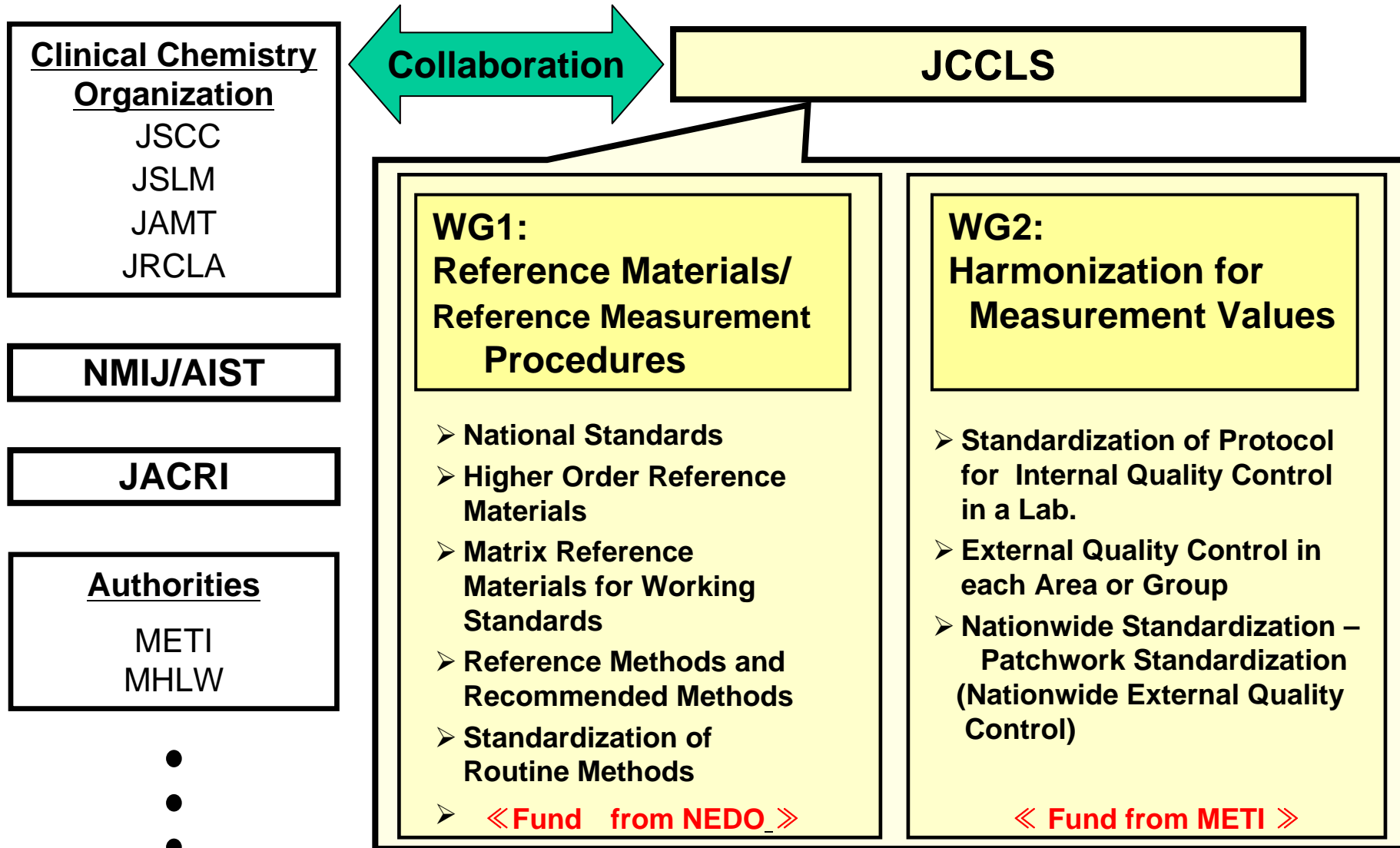
5. Authorities

- METI
- MHLW

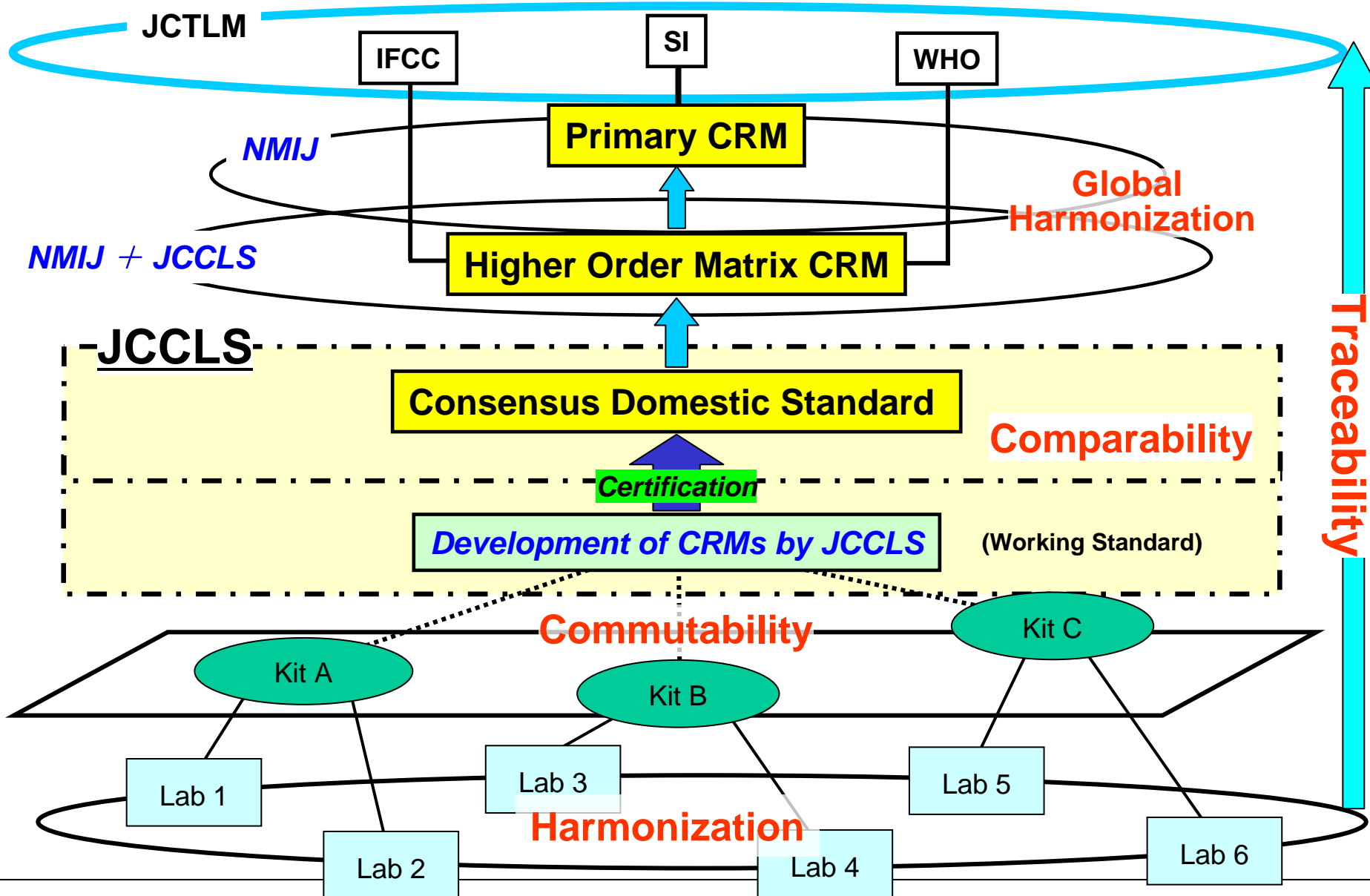


JCTLM (International) and Domestic Standardization

Structure of Clinical Chemistry Standardization



Structure and Strategy of WG 1



Development Program of Clinical CRMs in Japan

NMIJ: *Pure Material Type of CRMS*

SI Traceable CRMs

JCCLS: *Higher Order Matrix CRMs*

Metabolite and Substrates

Hormones

Blood Gases

Lipids

Electrolytes

Proteins/Enzymes

JACRI: *Feasibility Study on Standardization
of Clinical Chemical Reagents*

Standardization of Working Standard Level of
Calibrators

1. Development Program of Clinical CRMs by NMIJ

- Development of SI Traceable CRMs -

Metabolites

Cholesterol
Creatinine
Uric Acid
Urea
Triglycerides

Proteins

Albumin (ALB)
C-reactive protein
PSA
Insuline
C-peptide(CPR)

Hormones

Progesterone
Estradiol
Teststerone
Cortisol

BIPM & NMIJ Joint Research

NMIJ CRM 6001-a Cholesterol



Pure Cholesterol
Purity : $99.9 \pm 0.1\%$

Certification Method:
Freezing-point
depression method

Certified on March 2005

2. Development Program of Clinical RMs by JCCLS

Metabolite and Substrates

Glucose
Creatinine
Uric acid
Urea
Hemoglobin A1C
Glycoalbumin

Blood Gases

Blood gases

Electrolytes

Ionized calcium
Total calcium
Total magnesium

Hormones

Cortisol
Insulin
C-peptide (CPR)

Lipids

HDL-cholesterol
LDL-cholesterol

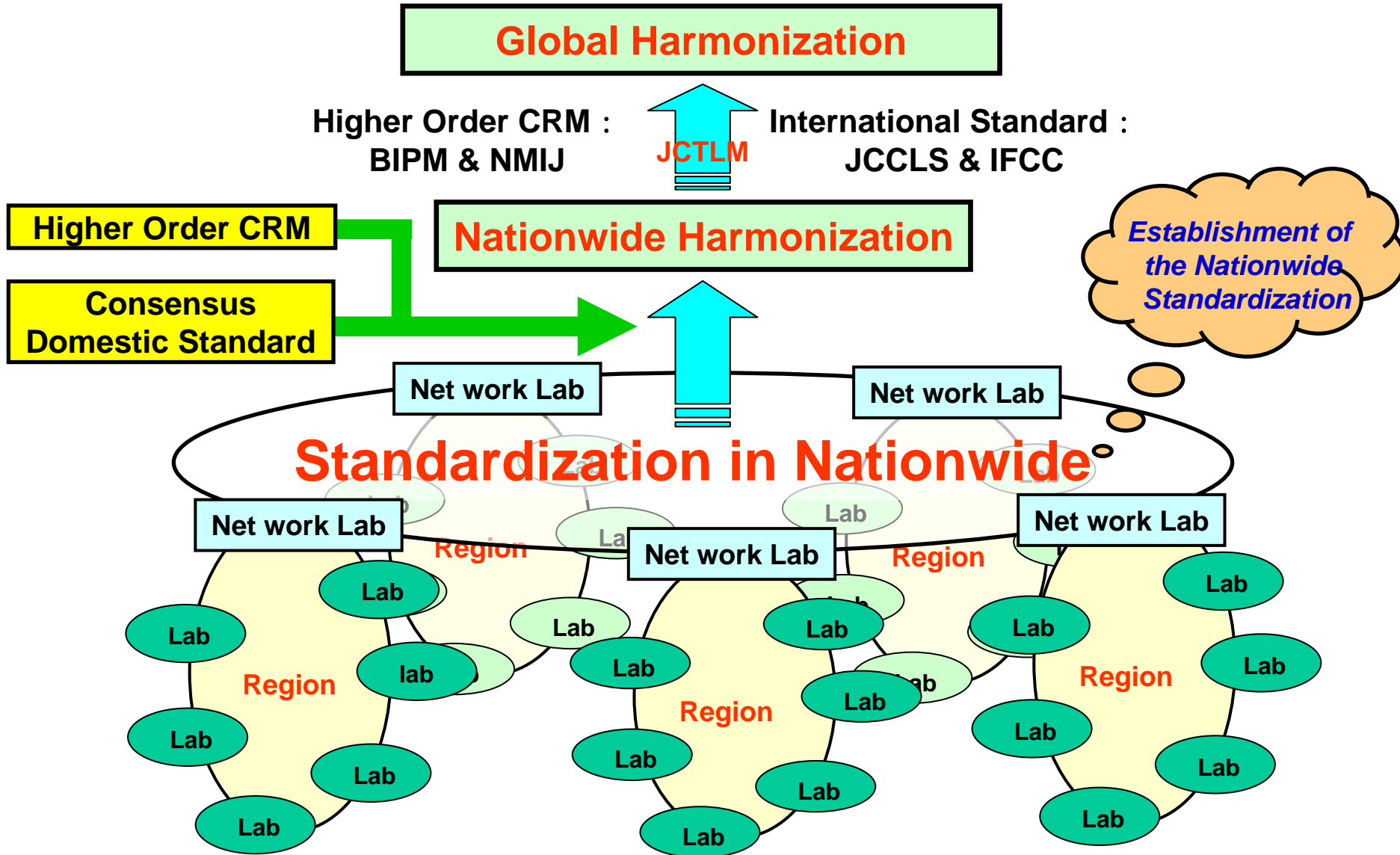
Proteins/Enzymes

Secondary CRM of Albumin
Serum albumin
Urine albumin
Pancreatic amylase
Serum CRM for CRP
Cholineesterase
Lipase

3. Feasibility Study of Standardization of Clinical Reagents by JACRI

Urine sodium (Na)	Digoxin
Urine potassium (K)	Theophylline
Urine chloride (Cl)	β 2 – microglobulin
Urine magnesium (Mg)	Estradiol
Urine calcium (Ca)	Progesterone
Urine urea nitrogen (UN)	Testosterone
Urine uric acid (UA)	Thyroid stimulating hormone
Urine creatinine (Cre)	Thyroxine
Urine amylase (AMY)	β -human choriogonadotropin
Urine glucose (GLU)	Fibrinogen degradation products (FDP)
Urine inorganic phosphorus (IP)	D-dimer
Serum iorganic phosphorus (IP)	Carcinoembryonic antigen (CEA)
Serum prostate specific antigen	Alpha-feto protein (AFP)
Serum antinuclear antigen	Carbohydrate antigen 125 (CA125)
Serum lithium (Li)	Ferritin

GW2: Patchwork Standardization for Nationwide



Feasibility Study of Patchwork Standardization

- *Intra*- and *Inter*-Laboratory Variation -

Participants; 40 Labs.

Testing Items

1. Biochemical Analytes : 26
2. CBC (Blood Counts and Hemoglobin) : 5

Assay Procedure

1. Intra-laboratory variation
 - (1) Single assay : Biochemical analytes
Assay is performed at morning and evening.
 - (2) Double assay : CBC
Assay is performed at morning.
2. Inter-laboratory variation
Comparison of mean values

Intra-laboratory Variation on Biochemical Analytes

Analytes		Abnormal Pooled Serum	Normal Pooled Serum	Data Trol	Aalto
Total Bilirubin	mg/dL	5.43	0.69	0.75	3.37
	CV(%)	0.61~3.41	0~7.15	0~5.75	0.79~2.38
Glucose	mg/dL	353.7	94.7	90.9	275.8
	CV(%)	0.21~2.85	0.34~1.73	0.39~1.42	0.42~1.21
Urea Nitrogen	mg/dL	65.9	13.9	15.6	54.2
	CV(%)	0.44~3.16	0.81~3.03	1.01~3.01	0.60~2.13
Creatinine	mg/dL	6.74	0.76	1.11	4.78
	CV(%)	0.46~3.35	1.32~5.04	0~2.32	0.38~2.53

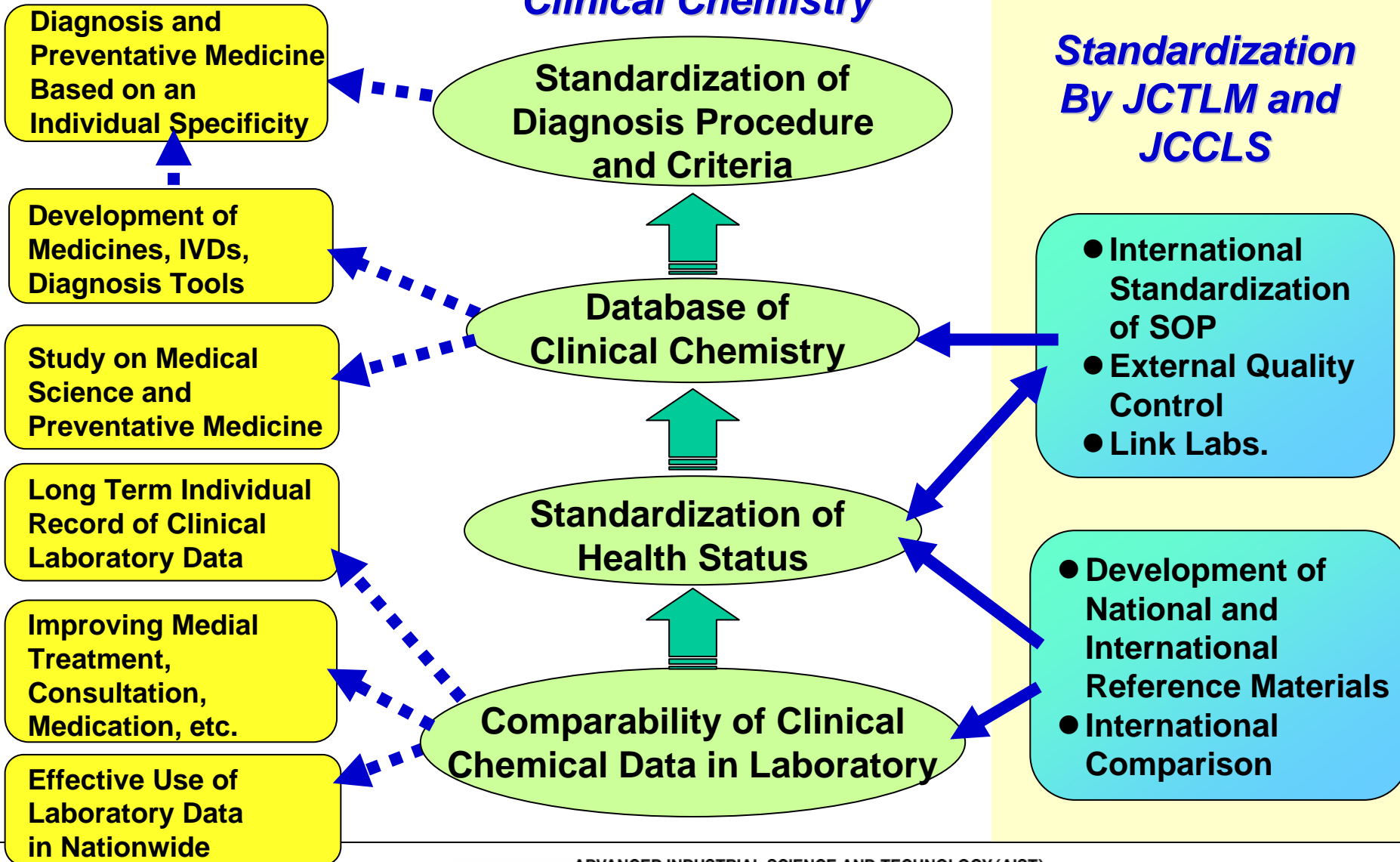
Inter-laboratory variation on Biochemical Analytes

Analyte		Abnormal Pooled Serum	Normal Pooled Serum	Data Trol	Aalto
Total Bilirubin	SD(mg/dL)	0.16	0.05	0.04	0.14
	CV(%)	2.87	7.33	5.27	4.14
Glucose	SD(mg/dL)	5.12	1.06	1.19	3.11
	CV(%)	1.45	1.12	1.30	1.13
Urea Nitrogen	SD(mg/dL)	1.73	0.51	0.37	1.88
	CV(%)	2.62	3.68	2.38	3.47
Creatinine	SD(mg/dL)	0.13	0.04	0.04	0.09
	CV(%)	1.93	4.77	3.32	1.90

Medical and Economic Impact of JCTLM

Impact

Clinical Chemistry



Thank you for your Attention!!

