Report of SIM Laboratories to the CCRI Prepared by Lisa R. Karam, Chair, SIM MWG6 (ionizing radiation) Presented by Stephen Seltzer, NIST March 2009

Section I (x and gamma rays, electrons):

In October 2007, a meeting of the SIM MWG 6 (Ionizing Radiation) was held at the National Institute of Standards and Technology, NIST (minutes are appended). The next meeting is planned for the end of calendar year 2009 (date and place to be determined). The CNEA (Argentina) has been accepted under observer status for both the CCRI(I) and CCRI(II) (CNEA has no neutron measurements).

Institute	Country	Dosimetry (Section I)	Radioactivity (Section II)	Neutron Measurements (Section III)
NRC	Canada	✓		✓
NIST	USA	✓	✓	✓
ININ	Mexico	✓	✓	✓
LNMRI/IRD	Brazil	✓	✓	✓
CNEA	Argentina	✓	✓	

Comparisons The NRC, NIST, LNMRI/IRD, and CNEA all participated in the EURAMET Project 813, comparison for absorbed dose to water and air kerma from ⁶⁰Co radiotherapy beams, involving 26 countries (EUROMET.RI(I)-K1 and EUROMET.RI(I)-K4) in 2007 and 2008 (Drafts B in progress). Measurements in the SIM Comparison of Calibration Coefficients at Radiotherapy Level for Orthovoltage X-ray Beams (SIM.RI(I)-K3), which had full SIM participation (i.e., all 5 SIM laboratories participated), are completed (Draft A is in progress). The NIST also participated in the comparison of national air kerma standards for ISO 4037 narrow spectrum series in the range 30 kV to 300 kV (EUROMET 545 Project) [L. Büermann, M. O'Brien, D. Butler, I. Csete, F. Gabris, A. Hakanen, J.-H. Lee, M. Palmer, N. Saito, W. de Vries [PTB, NIST, ARPANSA, OMH, BEV, STUK, INER, NPL, NMIJ, AIST, NMi] *Metrologia* 45, *Tech. Suppl.*, 06013 (2008)]. The NRC also participated in the BIPM.RI(I)-K2 low-energy and mammography x-ray comparison (report in preparation).

The final reports of the SIM ⁶⁰Co air-kerma comparison SIM.RI(I)-K1 [Ross C.K., Shortt K.R., Saravi M., Meghzifene A., Tovar V.M., Barbosa R.A., da Silva C.N., Carrizales L., Seltzer S.M. [NRC, CNEA, IAEA, ININ, IRD, LSCD, NIST], *Metrologia* **45**, *Tech. Suppl.*, 06010 (2008) and of the SIM ⁶⁰Co absorbed-dose-to-water comparison SIM.RI(I)-K4 [Ross C.K., Shortt K.R., Saravi M., Meghzifene A., Tovar V.M., Barbosa R.A., da Silva C.N., Carrizales L., Seltzer S.M. [NRC, CNEA, IAEA, ININ, IRD, LSCD, NIST], *Metrologia*, **45**, *Tech. Suppl.*, 06011 (2008) have been published.

Discussed proposals for future comparisons A SIM comparison of low-energy x rays (piloted by the NRC) is being considered; the NRC has four reference-class chambers that were used for their participation in the BIPM low-energy comparison (although the results from that comparison are not yet available). Additional comparisons for air-kerma rate for reference-class instruments (radiation protection and radiodiagnostic), mammography qualities using different anode target, personal dose equivalent penetrating, and ambient dose equivalent rate would also be of interest.

Status of CMCs The LNMRI/IRD will be updating some of their uncertainty values based on recent comparison results. No other changes to published CMCs are anticipated.

Quality Systems The NRC has received their Certificate of Approval of their QS from the SIM QSTF. In the spring and summer of 2007, the NIST calibrated reference-class chamber in ⁶⁰Co beam, and reviewed the procedures in air-kerma calibrations (⁶⁰Co and x ray), for ININ, Mexico. In the autumn, 2007, the NIST also calibrated reference-class transfer chamber in medium-energy x-ray beams for ININ. In 2009, the LNMRI/IRD will be undergoing a second Peer Review of their quality system. The CNEA service for calibrations of dosemeters used in radiation therapy was reaccredited by the Argentine Accreditation Body (Organismo Argentino de Acreditación, OAA) in October 2008, and accreditation for their calibration services of radiation-protection monitoring instruments is planned for 2009 (the first internal audit related with this service was performed in February 2009).

SIM MWG 6 – Ionizing Radiation

Minutes of

Meeting at NIST, Gaithersburg, MD USA Thursday 25 October 2007 to start at 9:00 TG Chairman: Dr. Lisa R. Karam

NMI Representatives:

NRC Canada John McCaffrey (Dosimetry)

NIST USA Lisa Karam (TG Chair)

Stephen Seltzer (Dosimetry)

M. Scott Dewey (Neutron measurements) Michael Unterweger (Radioactivity)

CNM-ININ Mexico Víctor Tovar (Dosimetry, Neutron measurements, Radioactivity)

IRD-LNMRI Brazil José Ubiratan Delgado

Karla Cristina de Souza Patrão (Neutron measurements, Dosimetry)

Carlos José da Silva (Neutron measurements, Radioactivity)

CNEA Argentina Margarita Saraví (Dosimetry)

F. Amanda Iglicki (Radioactivity)

The meeting began at 9:05 (GMT-05:00)

1. Welcome of the Ionizing Radiation Division (L. Karam)

Lisa Karam welcomed the attendees to NIST and opened the meeting.

2. Appointment of a Rapporteur

M. Scott Dewey from NIST was appointed rapporteur of the meeting.

3. Confirmation of the agenda

No changes to the agenda (attached) were proposed.

4. Potential Bi-lateral neutron measurement, NIST-IRD (Alan Thompson)

Dr. Thompson spoke briefly with attendees from IRD-LNMRI about a possible bilateral measurement to take place during the April-May 2008 time frame. The contact person for this in Brazil will be Evaldo Simões da Fonseca (not present). Dr. Thompson and IRD-LNMRI will contact one another as soon as possible.

5. Update on Laboratory activities in ionizing radiation (representatives)

NIST (Karam)

Dr. Karam discussed an important new focus for the Ionizing Radiation Division: an expansion of activities into the area of quantitative medical imaging (*attached*). Current imaging practices are predominantly qualitative, providing simple "yes/no" answers. There is a need for quantitative imaging for treatment planning, patient evaluation, drug development, and clinical trials. Leveraging off its long history in methods development, standards and calibrations with radionuclides and x-ray beams, and our technology transfer and support, NIST can characterize real and virtual phantoms for

CT, PET, and SPECT imaging and can make quantitative measurements traceable to National standards. With short-lived isotopes the lack of standards is a pressing problem. However, NIST is working toward a calibration (the first traceable to National standards in the US) of ⁶⁸Ge, a long-lived (271 days) PET nuclide that can be used for instrument calibration.

NRC (John McCaffrey)

Dr. McCaffrey, in attendance for the first time, gave an update on laboratory activities at the NRC Canada since our last meeting in 2005 (attached). They now have a Quality System in place (they self-declared in February 2007; third party accreditation is slow but happening). A low-energy x-ray comparison with the BIPM utilizing four transfer chambers was completed and a report is being prepared. NRC completed its measurements for EURAMET project #813 (EUROMET R(I)-K1&K2, comparison of air kerma and absorbed dose to water measurements of ⁶⁰Co radiation in radiotherapy, a.k.a., the 'magic box'). There was some discussion about mammography measurements. NRC was doing exploratory work, and a mammography comparison was undertaken at the same time as the low energy x-ray comparison with BIPM using the same four transfer chambers. It is not yet certain whether these results will be published. The NRC has recently purchased a new ⁶⁰Co irradiator which replaces their vintage 1975 model.

CNM-ININ (Víctor Tovar)

Dr. Tovar discussed recent activities at the Ionizing Radiation Department of the CNM-ININ Mexico (attached?). A Quality System has been in place since earlier in 2007. The group maintains calibration standards, carries out fluence-rate measurements using Am-Be and ²⁵²Cf neutron sources, and participates in comparisons. Dr. Tovar asked about the status of the key comparison SIM.RI(I)-K1 (measurement of air kerma for ⁶⁰Co). According to the BIPM website, it is indicated as "Report in progress, Draft B." Dr. Karam agreed to send Dr. Allisy-Roberts an email inquiring about this (NOTE: the reports will be considered by the CCRI(I) KCWG on 11 April 2008). Dr. Karam further agreed to send an email to Pedro Espina to inquire about the status of CNM-ININ activities vis-à-vis CMCs.

IRD-LNMRI (Carlos José da Silva)

Dr. da Silva discussed activities at the IRD-LNMRI Brazil during the past two years (several documents attached). Their Quality System was subjected to an internal audited in 2007. Dr. de Souza Patrão agreed to provide Dr. Karam with contact information for the Venezuelan SIM laboratory. Early on in the CMC vetting process, IVIC had proposed some CMCs, which they did not pursue; if they were to be invited to participate in these TG meetings, this may help restart the process. There was also some discussion about Cuba, which is a member of COOMET (Cooperation in Metrology among the Central European Countries), and a Cuba-LNMRI comparison; such comparisons are a potential mechanism for including Cuba in SIM efforts. IRD-LNMRI would like to participate in the CCRI(II) key comparison of ¹⁷⁷Lu (Zimmerman), and is interested in several neutron comparisons. In terms of the Mn bath, they suggest a bilateral comparison with NIST to measure Mn concentration. They also discussed issues concerning the "k-parameter" (experimental constant) and the "F-parameter" (the conversion factor related to size effects) for Mn baths that are calculated using MCNP. In terms of detectors, they are interested in a personnel-dosimeter comparison and a comparison of survey meters. These could be bilateral with NIST or among the SIM member countries. They have previously sent a protocol to NIST. NIST will study it as soon as possible. Dr. Karam requests that Paulo send her a response (Excel file) copying Carlos regarding the dosimetry CMCs (NOTE: dosimetry CMCs from IRD-LNMRI are still awaiting electronic approval (from 28 January 2008); at the RMO CMC WG meeting at the BIPM in December 2007, the WG, by voice vote, approved these CMCs).

CNEA (Saraví and Iglicki)

Drs. Saraví and Iglicki discussed recent activities at the CNEA in Argentina (*attached*). The CNEA Quality System was approved in March 2006 by the SIM QSTF. The laboratory is involved with several comparisons. There is an issue with one CMC; CNEA will provide more information to Dr. Karam about this (NOTE: this issue has been resolved, and updated CMCs SIM.RI.7.2007 were published 30 November 2007). During the discussion, the issue of how CMCs are validated was raised. As this is a frequent source of confusion, Dr. Karam gave everyone an official BIPM text outlining the procedure (Criteria for acceptance of data for Appendix C). In short, there are six ways to validate a CMC. In particular, it is not essential to participate in a **key** comparison; an RMO comparison, for example, can be used to validate a CMC. Dr. Karam stressed that reported uncertainties are a necessary, but not sufficient, requirement. CNEA acknowledged the efforts of NIST's Dr. Minniti with their Quality System audit. His knowledge of Spanish and the relevant science were a perfect combination.

6. Current status of CMCs in dosimetry, neutron measurements and radioactivity (Karam)

Changes to CMCs were discussed. Three radioactivity CMCs are pending. Dr. Karam requests comments from Paulo (IRD-LNMRI) concerning dosimetry CMCs (RESOLVED). Dr. Karam handles ionizing radiation measurement CMC changes, additions, and deletions for SIM.

7. Update on BIPM and CCRI, CMCs

Section II (Measurement of radionuclides) (Karam)

Dr. Karam provided a handout (*attached*) summarizing the May 2007 CCRI(II) meeting at the BIPM. For her discussion, she chose to focus on the use of "Generic groupings of radionuclides," providing members with a handout briefly describing the new system (*attached*); the table is to be thought of as a tool to support CMCs. Such a system is needed because of the growing complexity and breadth of radionuclide calibrations. Groups are constructed based on radionuclide characteristics, measurement method, and difficulty of measurement. The ability to measure one member of a group establishes support for CMCs for others in that group depending on degree of difficulty. As is described in the *attachment*, "ccri-ii_generic-groupings.pdf," measurement of a red-coded nuclide can support all nuclides in the group, a yellow-coded can support all yellows and greens, and a green-coded can support all greens. NIST and CNEA are interested in participating in a new comparison from IRMM for ⁴⁰K, ¹³⁷Cs and ⁹⁰Sr in bilberries. It was noted that SIR is *one* detector at the BIPM, and that an alternative should be sought. Finally, CNEA is interested in becoming an observer or guest in this section.

Section I (x- and gamma-rays, electrons) (Seltzer)

Dr. Seltzer distributed a list of Section I documents on the BIPM website (*attached?*). The situation in Section I is less complicated than in Section II. Again, CNEA is encouraged to become an observer or guest in this section.

Section III (Neutron measurements) (Dewey)

Dr. Dewey summarized the recent Section III meeting at the BIPM (attached).

8. Discussion of potential supporting comparisons, existing and planned (group)

¹⁷⁷Lu (Zimmerman, NIST)

Dr. Zimmerman handed out a data sheet on ¹⁷⁷Lu and a proposal containing a protocol for a key comparison of it (*attached*). NIST will be the pilot laboratory. It is preparing the sources now. CNEA expressed interest in participating. CNM-ININ is uncertain about participating. SIM laboratories interested in participating should contact Dr. Zimmerman; this comparison has been

registered on the JCRB site. Dr. Karam is the convener of the Key Comparison Working Group and is a point of contact for comparisons in SIM.

Traveling chamber for short lived radionuclides (Karam, NIST)

The traveling chamber has been calibrated at the BIPM. Now it can travel from country to country. We are preparing a calibrated ⁶⁷Ga source for Brazil (in April 2008), but Brazil needs to coordinate with NIST for shipping. NIST has had problems from time to time getting such items through customs in Brazil.

Mammographic x-rays (O'Brien, NIST)

Michelle O'Brien from NIST conducted an open discussion on mammographic x-ray comparisons. There is considerable interest in a SIM comparison for mammography or low-energy x-rays, but it was felt prudent to delay such a comparison until 2010 because of pressing schedules. Planning for this comparison should take place in 2009.

Ortho-voltage x-rays (Saraví, CNEA)

NIST distributed a technical protocol (*attached*) for a SIM comparison of calibration coefficients at radiotherapy level for ortho-voltage x-ray beams. All five SIM laboratories have expressed interest in the comparison; NIST will be the pilot laboratory. There was considerable discussion about the schedule for this comparison. CNM-ININ, in particular, requests slightly adjusted dates. As the dates are approaching quickly, schedules must be fixed as soon as possible. This comparison is not yet registered with the BIPM because the dates are not finalized (NOTE: now registered as SIM.RI(I)-K3). Once they are finalized, Dr. Karam will register the comparison. Michelle O'Brien will need customs broker information.

"magic box" EUROMET.RI(I)-K1 and K4 (Minniti, NIST)

Dr. Minniti distributed a handout (*attached*) describing the hardware and current schedule. There were difficulties getting the chamber to the laboratory in Brazil, but the project is proceeding.

Others (particularly neutrons)

IRD-LNMRI is interested in several neutron comparisons: survey meters, personnel dosimetry, and Mn-bath related. They have sent NIST a proposed protocol (*attached*) for a personnel-dosimeter comparison in which NIST would be the pilot laboratory. NIST will evaluate this protocol as soon as possible. Perhaps one should start with a personnel dosimeter comparison.

9. Any other business

There was no further business. Dr. Karam requested copies of all documents that relate to the work of this meeting (attached).

10. Date and place of next meeting (group)

People are content with having this meeting every two years. It is suggested that the next meeting take place at IRD-LNMRI in Brazil in 2009.

The meeting was adjourned at 15:35 (GMT-05:00)

Documents attached to the meeting minutes (available on request):

Attached Document	Description
agenda SIM October 2007 v3.doc	Meeting agenda
Update on NIST for SIM 2007.pdf	NIST laboratory activities
SIM_report NRC.doc	NRC laboratory activities

NEEDED	ININ laboratory activities	
aLGUMAS informações para levar[1].doc;	IRD-LNMRI laboratory activities	
20071025 - Proposta alteração LNMRI_Brasi		
2.xls; 20071025 - Proposta alteração		
LNMRI_Brasi 2 lk.xls		
07 10 01 PRESENTATION WG6 CNEA	CNEA laboratory activities	
RADIOACTIVITY.doc		
Update on CCRI(II) 2007 Meeting.pdf	May 2007 CCRI(II) meeting Summary	
Summary of generic groupings table.pdf	Presentation on details of generic groupings of	
	the radionuclides	
ccri-ii_generic_groupings.pdf	Generic groupings of the radionuclides,	
	CCRI(II)	
NEEDED	May 2007 CCRI(I) meeting Summary	
CCRI(III) report by Dewey_revB.doc	May 2007 CCRI(III) meeting Summary	
Lu177 nuclear data sheets.pdf	Data sheet on ¹⁷⁷ Lu	
Proposal for 177Lu CCRI Key	Proposed protocol for ¹⁷⁷ Lu key comparison	
Comparison1.doc		
SIM protocol post2comments.doc	Ortho-voltage x-rays comparison technical	
	protocol	
The Magic Box.pdf; Final Euromet	EUROMET.RI(I)-K1 and K4: hardware and	
Schedule.doc	current schedule (updated)	
comparison proposed1.doc	Proposed protocol for a personnel (neutron)	
	dosimeter comparison (INCLUDED)	