



Traceability in laboratory medicine: a driver of accurate results for patients

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Outline

- Laboratory medicine in healthcare
- Traceability in laboratory medicine
- Joint Committee for Traceability in Laboratory Medicine
- Facing the challenge

Some big numbers

Global cost of healthcare \$~8.2 trillion pa

Global cost of laboratory medicine \$~200 billion pa

Global cost of reagents & equipment \$~62 billion pa

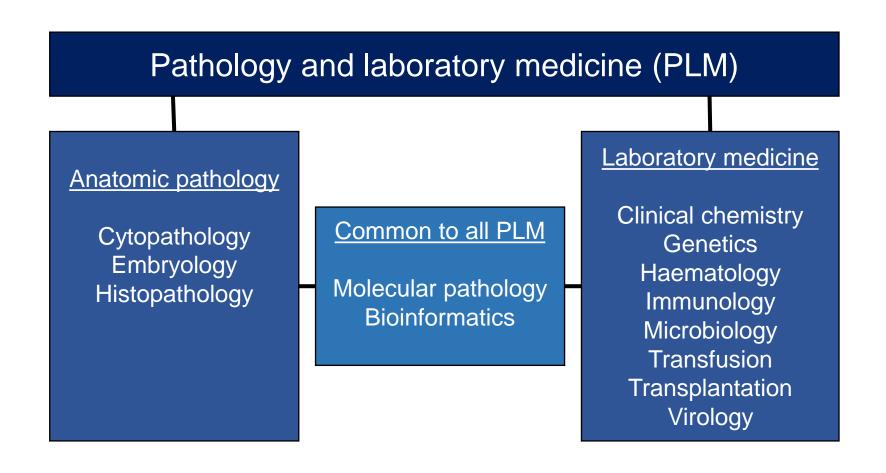
Global cost of staff and overheads \$~138 billion

Global IVD tests ~35 billion pa

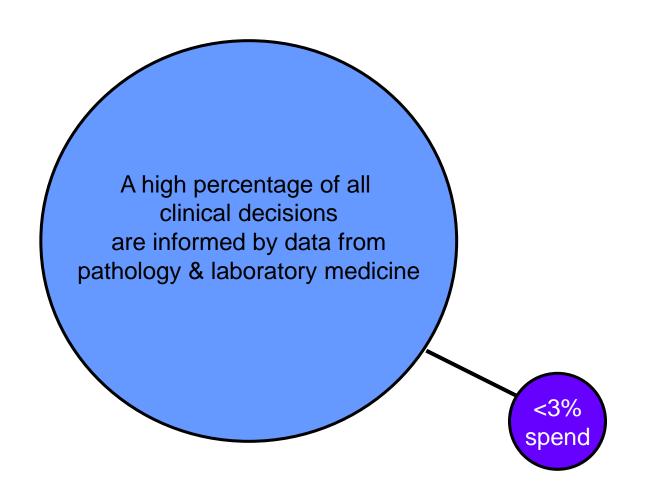
Number of different IVD tests ~ 4000

Annual growth of ~5% for all of above

Pathology and laboratory medicine



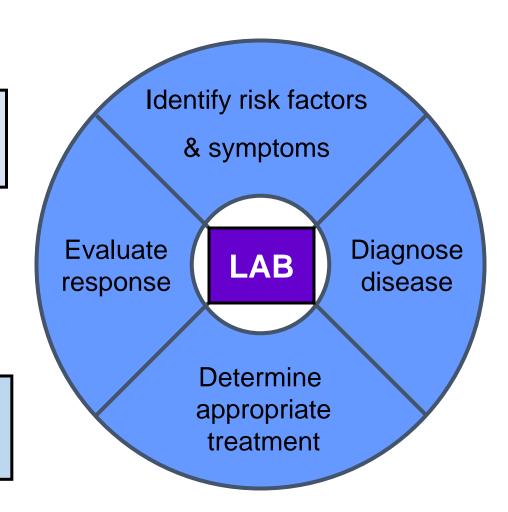
Central role of pathology & laboratory medicine



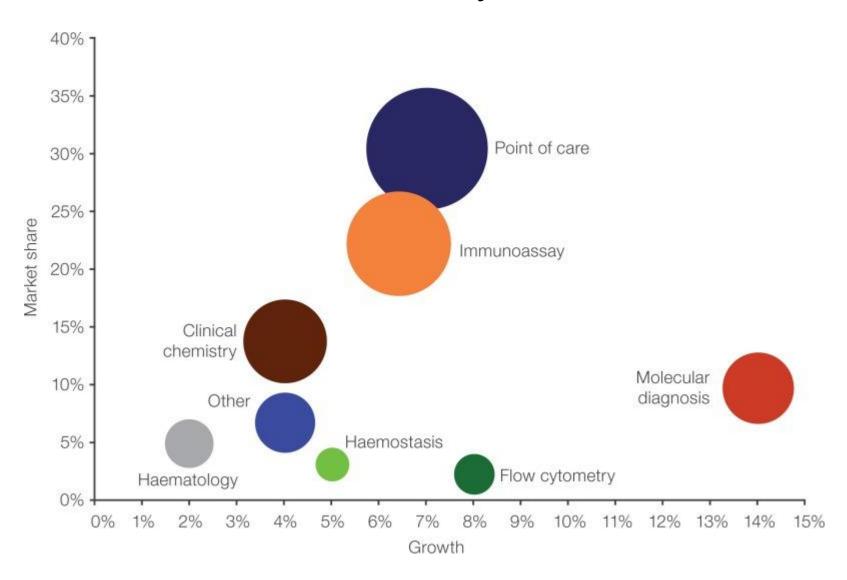
Central role of pathology & laboratory medicine

Pathology & laboratory medicine is part of the multi-disciplinary team at the centre of healthcare

With this influence comes responsibility to deliver a high quality service

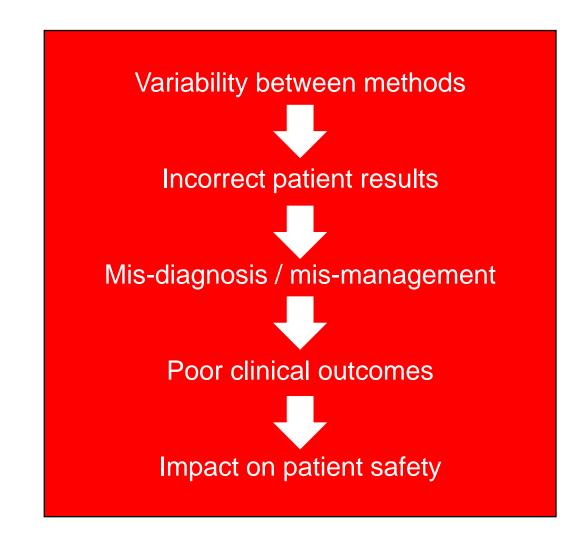


Laboratory medicine sectors

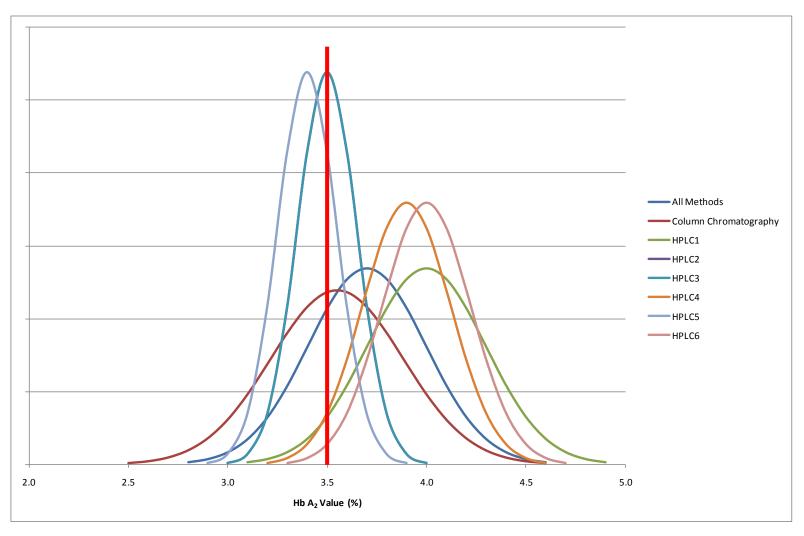


Laboratory medicine methods

- Some measurands are structurally simple and available in pure form (e.g. glucose)
- Most measurands are complex, often heterogeneous (e.g. viruses)
- Method calibration is a challenge
- >100 diagnostic companies producing
 IVDs using 'own' calibrators
- Result is often variability between methods for the same measurand
- The same patient specimen can give different results in different methods!

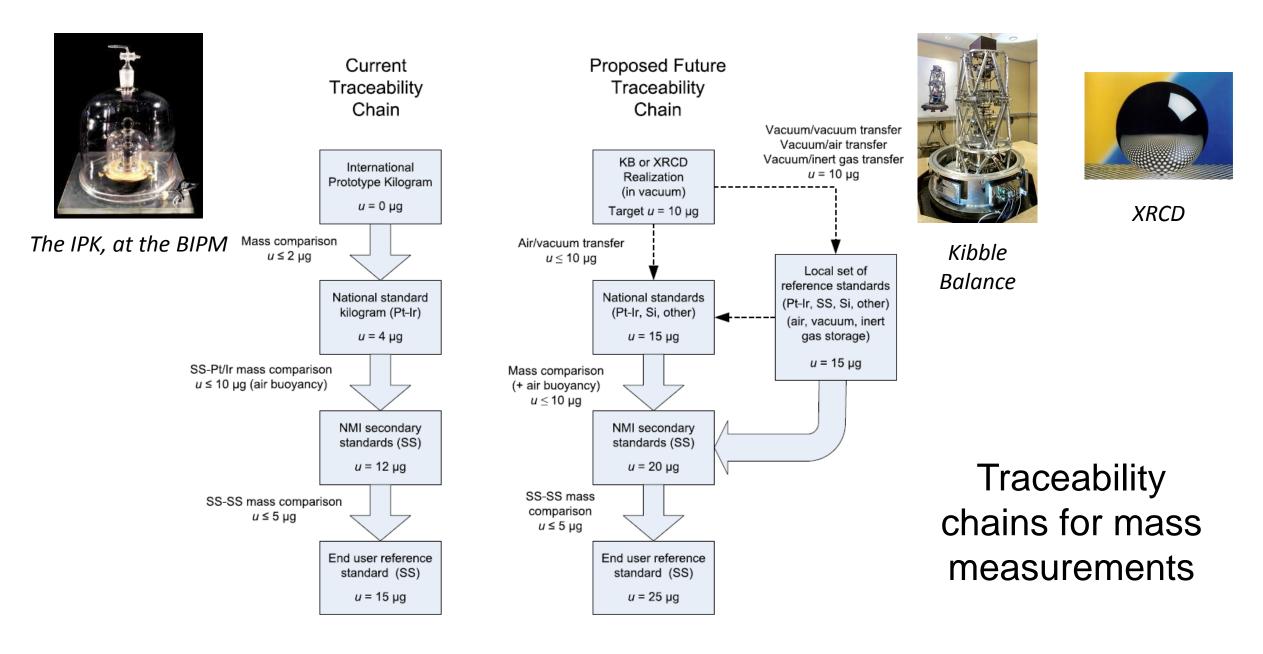


Current HbA2 EQA performance



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Traceable measurement results are compatible

What is traceability in laboratory medicine?

- Metrological traceability is the property of a measurement result, which can be related to a reference through a documented unbroken chain of calibrations, each contributing to the measurement uncertainty
- Traceability requires both (certified) reference materials and the reference measurement procedures (methods) in which they are used
- For structurally simple measurands (analytes) it is possible to get pure substance primary reference materials. For more complex measurands pure substance may not be available
- Primary reference measurement procedures are based on physical methods (e.g. ID-MS)

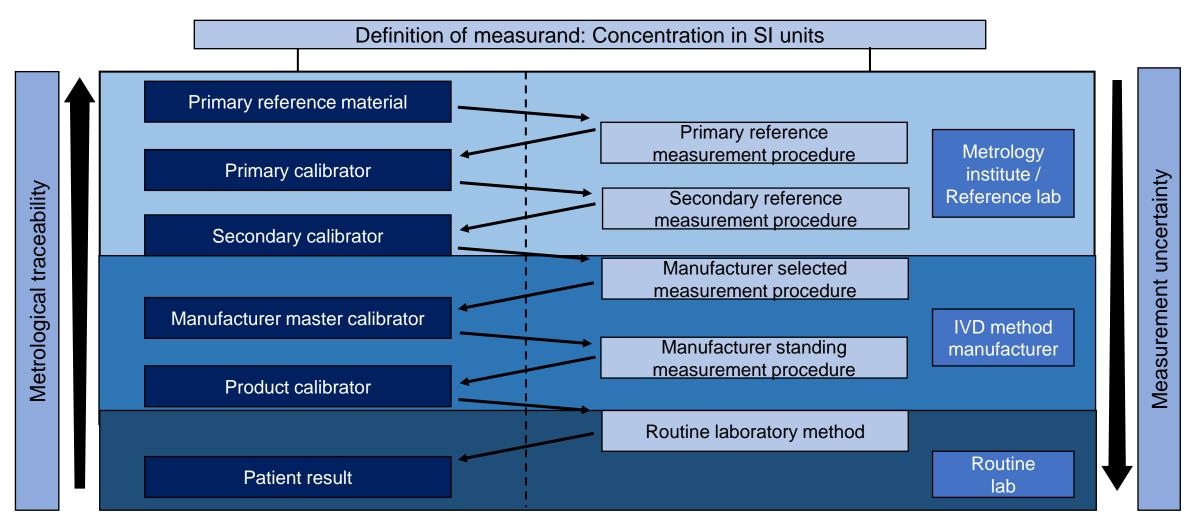
Reference materials (calibrators)

- Primary reference material (pure substance)
- Primary calibrator (SI traceable)
- Secondary calibrator
- Product calibrator

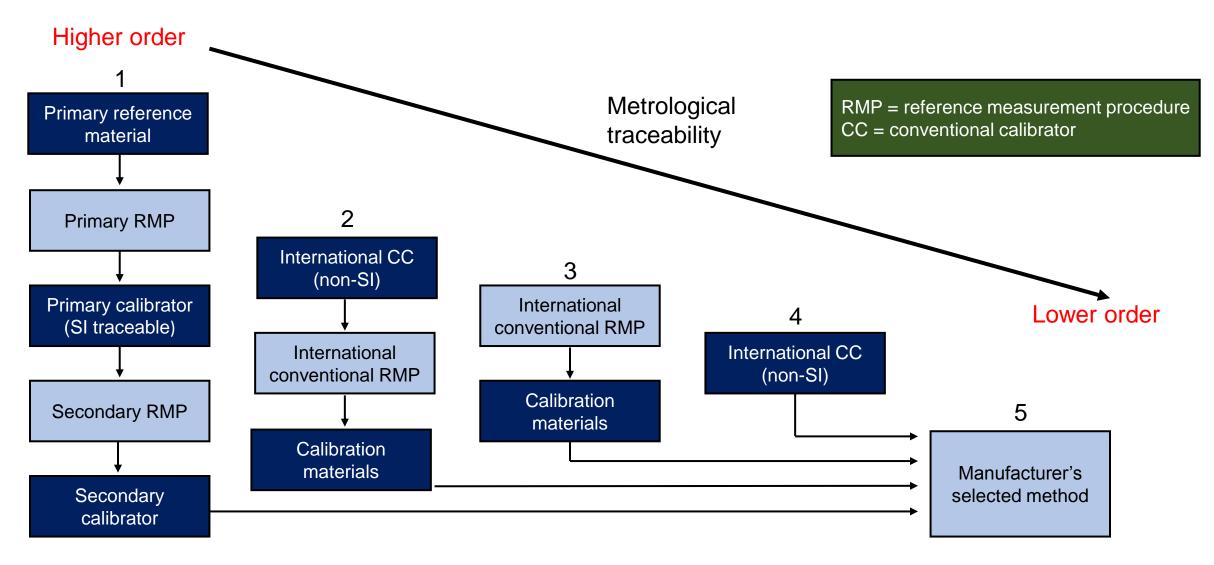
Reference measurement procedures

- Primary reference measurement procedure
- Secondary reference measurement procedure
- Manufacturer selected procedure
- Routine laboratory procedure

The metrological traceability chain



'Higher order' materials and procedures



Requirements for traceability in laboratory medicine

European Union In-Vitro Diagnostic Directive (IVDD): 98/79/EC

"The traceability of values assigned to calibrators and/or control materials must be assured through available reference measurement procedures and/or available reference materials of a higher order.."

EU In-Vitro Diagnostic Device Regulation (IVDR): EU/2017/746

"9.3. Where the performance of devices depends on the use of calibrators and/or control materials, the metrological traceability of values assigned to calibrators and/or control materials shall be assured through suitable reference measurement procedures and/or suitable reference materials of a higher metrological order".

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Joint Committee for Traceability in Laboratory Medicine

Formed in 2002 to enable a global response to the IVD Directive



Intergovernmental treaty organisation for measurement standards



International NGO for professionals in laboratory medicine



International NGO for accreditation bodies

Now has 49 members from 19 countries NMIs, EQA providers, professional bodies, IVD manufacturers BIPM leads on metrology and provides the Secretariat



What does JCTLM do?

Maintains a global database of:

- Reference materials
- Reference methods
- Reference services

www.bipm./org/jctlm

Co-ordinates the nomination and review process for database entries

www.bipm.org/jctlm



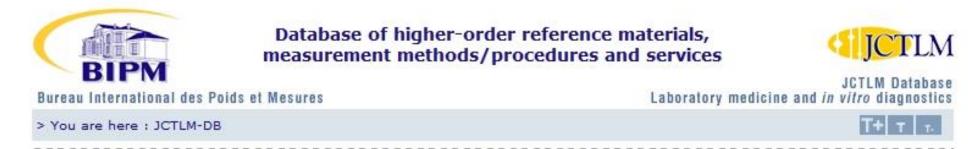
Contributes to ISO Working
Groups on reference systems,
which are responsible for global
standards

Provides news and freely available resources on traceability in laboratory medicine:

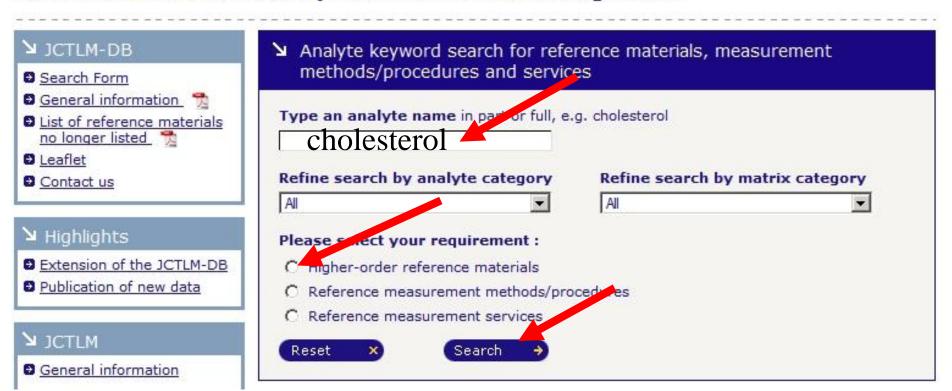
 Webinars; publication lists www.jctlm.org

Hosts a biennial scientific meeting

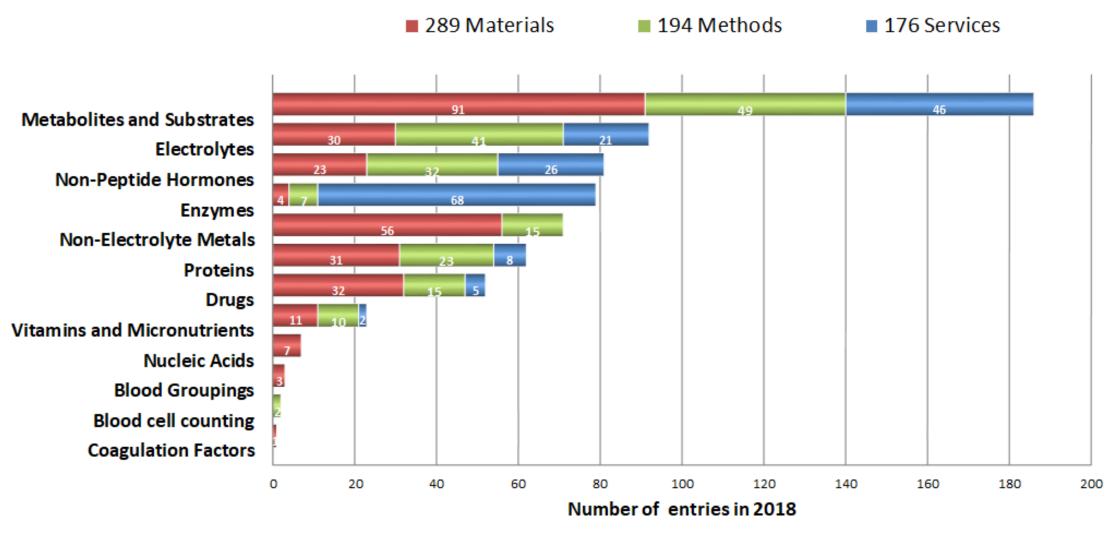
JCTLM Database : www.bipm.org/jctlm/



JCTLM database: Laboratory medicine and in vitro diagnostics



JCTLM Database: Entries in 2018



289 Certified Reference Materials
194 RMPs that represent 80 different analytes in 9 categories
176 reference measurement services delivered by 17 reference labs

Higher order reference materials

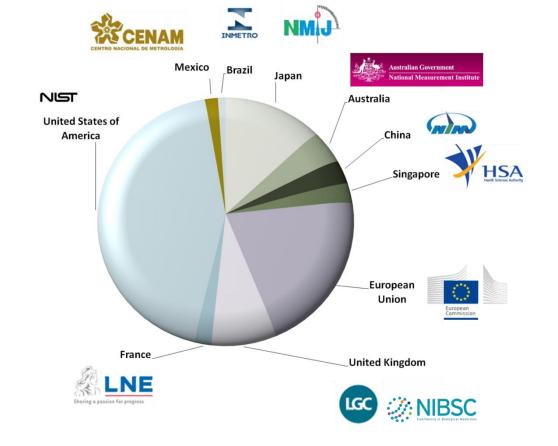
 NMIs provide higher order reference materials (both pure and matrix materials) to support the IVD industry

Currently 95% of Certified Reference Materials in the JCTLM database

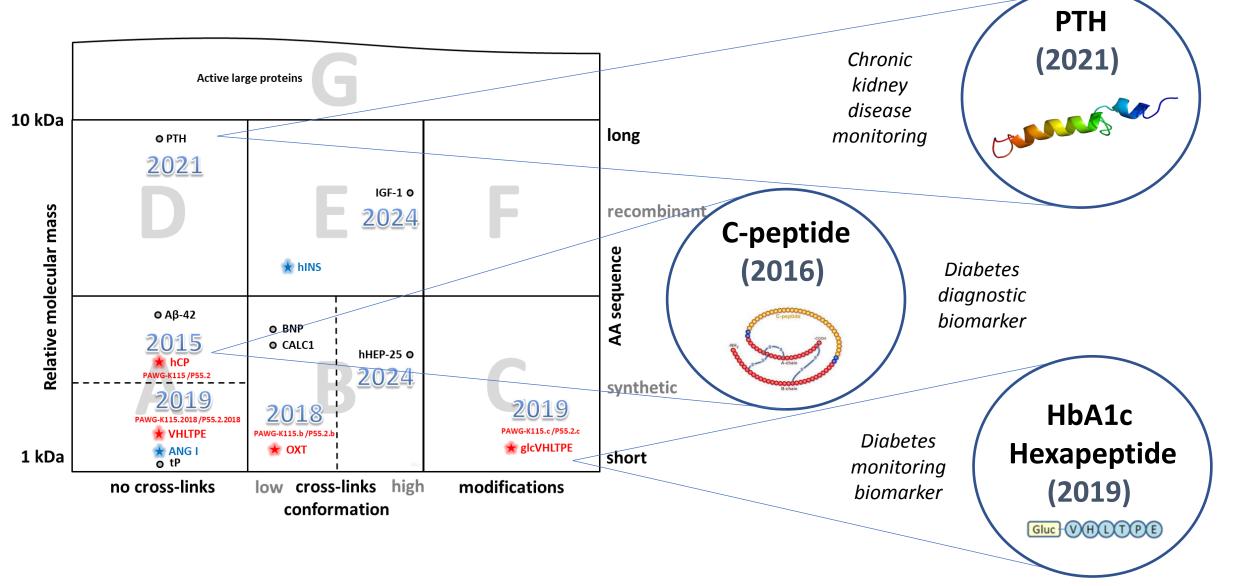
come from NMIs

• BIPM functions as an external quality assessment provider for NMIs:

- Coordinates Key Comparisons
- Send samples of pure materials for NMIs to value assign and compare
- Use own labs to value assign the materials independently.



Pure peptide comparisons coordinated by BIPM for the NMIs



CCQM-K115: Peptide Primary Reference Material Comparison Series

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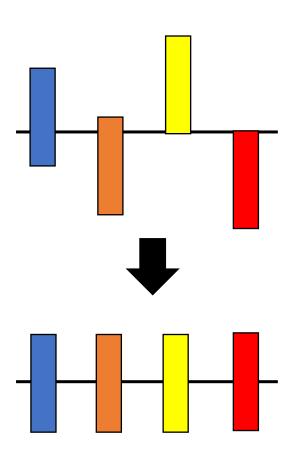
Facing the challenge



The world population of

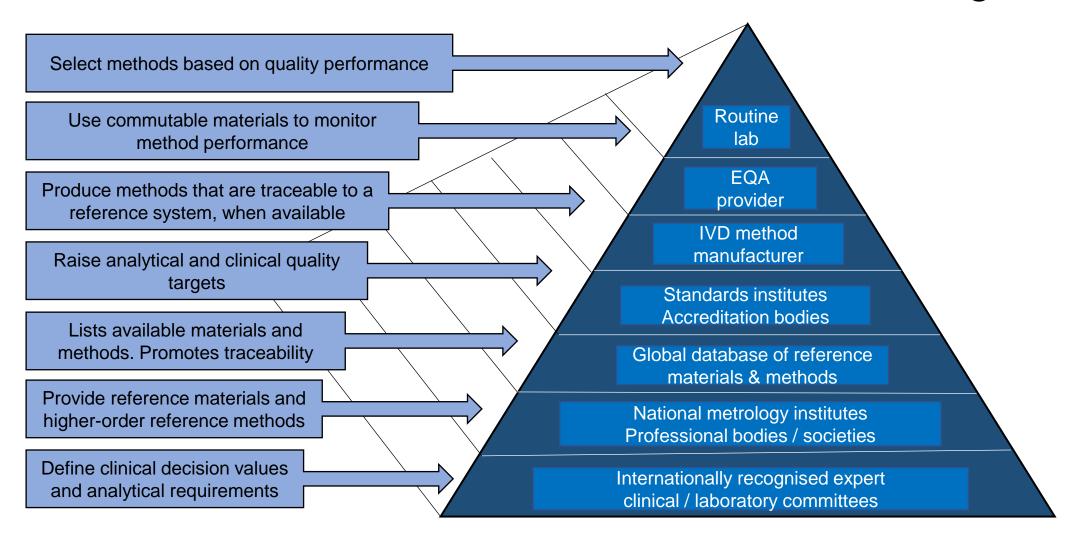


7.7 billion people



is entitled to believe that all methods will give the same result on their specimen

Stakeholder coordination to address the challenge



Beastall et al Clin Chem Lab Med 2017; 55: 1100-1108