# APPENDIX E.3 REPORT OF THE 23RD MEETING OF THE CCEM WORKING GROUP ON RADIOFREQUENCY QUANTITIES (GT-RF) (10 March 2015) TO THE CONSULTATIVE COMMITTEE FOR ELECTRICITY AND MAGNETISM

## List of Members of the CCEM Working Group on Radiofrequency Quantities as of 10 March 2015

#### Chairman

Dr Jim Randa, National Institute of Standards and Technology [NIST], Gaithersburg

#### **Members**

Agency for Science, Technology and Research [A\*STAR], Singapore

Federal Institute of Metrology [METAS], Bern-Wabern

Institute for Physical-Technical and Radiotechnical Measurements, Rostekhregulirovaniye of Russia [VNIIFTRI], Moscow

International Bureau of Weights and Measures [BIPM], Sèvres

International Union of Radio Sciences [URSI], Ghent

Istituto Nazionale di Ricerca Metrologica [INRIM], Turin

Korea Research Institute of Standards and Science [KRISS], Daejeon

Laboratoire national de métrologie et d'essais [LNE], Paris

National Institute of Metrology [NIM], Beijing

National Institute of Standards and Technology [NIST], Gaithersburg

National Measurement Institute, Australia [NMIA], Lindfield

National Metrology Institute of Japan [NMIJ/AIST], Tsukuba

National Metrology Institute of South Africa [NMISA] Pretoria

National Physical Laboratory [NPL], Teddington

National Research Council of Canada [NRC], Ottawa

Physikalisch-Technische Bundesanstalt [PTB], Braunschweig

VSL [VSL], Delft

Mr Luc Érard [former chairman of GT-RF, member of the CIPM]

The meeting took place on 10 March 2015 at the Bureau International des Poids et Mesures in Sèvres, France.

The meeting was chaired by Dr Markus Zeier (METAS). Dr Christopher Eio (NPL) was appointed rapporteur of the meeting.

#### Present at the meeting:

Jing Tao	A*STAR	Singapore
Michael Stock	BIPM	
Israel Garcia	CENAM	Mexico
Luca Callegaro	INRIM	Italy
Po Gyu Park	KRISS	Republic of Korea
No Weon Kang	KRISS	Korea
Djamel Allal	LNE	France
Markus Zeier	METAS	Switzerland
Murray Early	MSL	New Zealand
Gao Qiu Lai	NIM	China
Hala Abdel Megeed	NIS	Egypt
Paul Hale	NIST	USA
Tom Crowley	NIST	USA
Ilya Budovsky	NMIA	Australia
Yozo Shimada	NMIJ	Japan
Nobu-hisa Kaneko	NMIJ	Japan
Eugene Golovins	NMISA	South Africa
Jonathan Williams	NPL	UK
Christopher Eio	NPL	UK
Ghislain Granger	NRC	Canada
Carlos Sanchez	NRC	Canada
Rolf Judaschke	PTB	Germany
Dennis Lee	SCL	Hong Kong
Mustafa Cetintas	UME	Turkey
Ivan Malay	VNIIFTRI	Russia
Sergei Kolotygin	VNIIFTRI	Russia
Igor Chirkov	VNIIFTRI	Russia
Faisal Mubarak	VSL	Netherlands

The meeting took place at the Bureau International des Poids et Mesures, commencing at 14:00 CET on 10 March 2015.

No new items were added to the agenda before commencing the meeting.

# Agenda item 2: Chairman's report on developments since the last official meeting (March, 2013).

The chairman reported the following items:

- The minutes of the 22nd meeting of the GT-RF in 2013 have been approved and are available on the BIPM website.
- An unofficial GT-RF meeting was held during CPEM 2014 in Rio de Janeiro, Brazil.
- The terms of reference of the GT-RF have been approved by the CCEM and are on the website
- The CCEM strategic plan has been finalized and was published on the CCEM website in March 2014
- UME (Turkey) is a new member of the CCEM
- A reduction of the CMC entries within EURAMET has taken place (see note [1])
- Two key comparisons have been completed with the results now publicly available:
  - CCEM.RF-K24.F: Field strength 1 to 18 GHz piloted by NPL [<u>Metrologia</u>, 2013, 50, Tech. Suppl. 01007]
  - o CCEM.RF-K25.W: Power in waveguide 33 GHz to 50 GHz piloted by PTB [*Metrologia*, 2015, 52, Tech. Suppl. 01001]
- A new key comparison has been approved:
  - o CCEM.RF-K26: Attenuation in PC-2.4 mm, up to 40 GHz and 90 dB piloted by NMIJ.

[1] The reduction has been achieved through the use of matrices to represent the CMCs. The proposal was discussed by the WGRMO and the CCEM. The use of matrices has been recommended but not declared as mandatory.

## Agenda item 3: Reports on current GT-RF Key Comparisons (KCs)

The chairman reported information relating to each comparison reported at the last meetings and the pilots provided updates.

CCEM.RF-K5c.CL: S-parameter PC-3.5 mm piloted by NMIJ

Status prior to meeting:

- March 2013: Delay at NIST reported
- CPEM 2014: Apparently on schedule

The NMIJ reported that the comparison is now delayed by approximately 3 months due to transportation issues in the non-EU loop. The EU loop is delayed by about 1 month. The NMIJ, which is doing the stability checks for both loops, will re-schedule the remaining parts of the loops to make sure that both sets of standards can be at the NMIJ at the same time for the stability checks.

The NMIJ requests participants to ship "door-to-door". Dr Eio (NPL) suggested that perhaps shipping terms could be included in protocols in the future.

CCEM.RF-K22.W: Noise in waveguide 18 GHz to 26.5 GHz piloted by the LNE.

Status prior to meeting:

- Measurements completed
- March 2013: Draft A announced for May 2013
- CPEM 2014: Draft A promised for end of 2014.

The LNE reported that the Draft A was sent to participants at the start of March 2015.

CCEM.RF-K23.F: Antenna gain 12 GHz to 18 GHz piloted by NIST.

Status prior to meeting:

- March 2013: Draft A report announced for April 2013
- Results published elsewhere prematurely
- CPEM 2014: Draft A was announced to come out soon.

The NIST had reported that the Draft A would be ready by now, but it is not. No specific date could be given as to when it will be sent to participants. The chairman asked if a deadline could be set but Tom Crowley (NIST) was unable to commit to an exact date.

**ACTION:** Tom Crowley will contact Perry Wilson at NIST to agree a deadline for distributing the Draft A report to the participants. If nothing happens the chairman will follow up on this.

CCEM.RF-K26: Attenuation in PC-2.4 mm, up to 40 GHz ad 90 dB piloted by NMIJ.

Status prior to meeting:

- The KCDB status is "planned"
- October 2014: the technical protocol was approved by the CCEM.

The NMIJ reported that the comparison commenced in February 2015. Two NMIs have finished their measurements and the standards are currently on the way to the NPL. The measurements are expected to be complete by August 2016. Dr Budovsky (NMIA) stated that the NMIA will withdraw from the comparison.

As this is a long comparison with a large number of participants, the chairman requested that, if a participant encounters problems or delays during their scheduled slot, the standards should be shipped onwards as scheduled and the participant should re-schedule their measurements for the end of the comparison to avoid inconvenience to other participants.

APMP.EM.RF-K8.CL: Power Type-N 10 MHz to 18 GHz piloted by NMIJ.

Status prior to meeting:

- KCDB status is "in progress"
- March 2013: first loop to be finished in March 2013
- CPEM 2014: measurements completed by December 2013, Draft A in preparation.

The NMIJ reported that two participants had requested if they could re-measure the standards: this had been allowed as the results had not been distributed among the participants. The pilot is still waiting for the reports from two of the participants and the Draft A will be distributed once these have been received. The two participants are:

- KRISS: No Weon Kang reported that they are building a new calorimeter system and wish to link this with their comparison results before submitting the report.
- NMIA: Ilya Budovsky stated that the RF lab has closed down since participation in the comparison and they will probably withdraw the result.

**APMP.EM.RF-S5.CL**: Characteristic impedance of air lines piloted by NMIJ.

This is a supplementary comparison. NMIJ reported that there is a 4 month delay due to shipping. It was scheduled originally to finish in January 2016 and now needs to be re-scheduled. The standards are currently at NMC/A\*STAR.

SIM.EM.RF-K5b.CL: S-Parameters, Type-N, 2 GHz to 18 GHz piloted by INTI

Status prior to meeting:

- KCDB status is "in progress"
- March 2013: Final measurements announced for April 2013

There was no representative from INTI to give an update.

**ACTION:** The chairman will contact INTI to find out the current status of this comparison.

Pilot study: EM properties of material piloted by NMIJ

Status prior to meeting:

- March 2013: Circulation of measurement protocol announced for June 2013
- CPEM 2014: NMIJ replaced NIST as pilot

NMIJ reported that they have chosen from the sample geometries proposed by NIST and have proposed four sample types. They will draft the measurement protocol and distribute it to participants for review by June 2015, finalize the measurement protocol based on feedback from the participants by August 2015 and prepare two types of low-loss dielectric materials and complete sample machining by October 2015.

#### Agenda item 4: New comparisons

At CPEM 2014, the NPL proposed an antenna comparison of tilt angle and axial ratio. Christopher Eio clarified that this should be an antenna gain comparison with secondary parameters being measured. The other labs that expressed interest in joining an antenna gain comparison were: NIST, NMIJ, LNE, KRISS (K band), UME, NIM.

Christopher Eio also stated that NPL is interested in a noise comparison above 33 GHz. Tom Crowley said that NIST would be interested in a comparison using WR-10. No Weon Kang, KRISS, would also be interested in a WR-10 comparison. Gao Qiu Lai, NIM expressed interested in a WR-15 comparison.

Christopher Eio said that the NPL would only be prepared to pilot one of these comparisons, not both.

**ACTION**: Christopher Eio to discuss with colleagues the details of these comparisons and e-mail participants to gauge interest. Based on the interest, the NPL will choose which to pilot.

Tom Crowley (NIST) reported a bilateral power comparison in WR-15 piloted by the NIM. This is an informal activity not registered at the BIPM or at one of the RMOs. If successful, the NIM will propose a WR-15 CCEM comparison. Tom Crowley was unaware of the 19 GHz antenna gain comparison proposed by the NIST at CPEM 2014. Christopher Eio said that this could probably be combined with the comparison proposed by the NPL.

**ACTION:** Tom Crowley to contact Ron Ginley about the plans for a 19 GHz antenna gain comparison.

There were no other suggestions for future comparisons.

#### Agenda item 5: CMCs

The chairman gave a presentation entitled "Format of S-parameter entries in CMC database" as a representative of METAS asking whether S-parameters should be listed in real/imaginary or magnitude/phase format in the CMC database.

Of those NMIs with S-parameter CMCs, ten use magnitude/phase format, eight use real/imaginary and four use a mix of the two or it is undefined. The real/imaginary representation tends to be used by European NMIs, and magnitude/phase representation across the rest of world. METAS moved back from real/imaginary representation to magnitude/phase representation during the last CMC review.

Markus Zeier gave the following reasons for doing this:

- Real/imaginary uncertainties vary strongly as a point moves around the Argand plane. Because
  of this, quoting the smallest uncertainty is not very informative and an extra dimension would be
  required in the CMC matrix.
- Magnitude/phase uncertainties do not vary as much as a point moves around the Argand plane and this behaviour makes the magnitude/phase uncertainty more informative.

Rolf Judaschke (PTB) asked whether we should work towards a unique representation of the CMCs. The chairman stated that he has outlined reasons why we should change but it is not possible to force NMIs to use the magnitude/phase representation. With the NMIs at differing levels, not all of them may be able to provide exactly the same information.

Faisal Mubarak (VSL) commented that comparisons are usually performed using real/imaginary representation as it makes more sense to do so (although he prefers magnitude/phase himself). He stated that the information should be specified in such a way that comparisons can be made easily.

Luca Callegaro (INRIM) asked whether there should be some consideration for measurements close to a physical boundary and the uncertainty pushes it over this boundary. The chairman was unsure of the answer – unless a Monte Carlo simulation that respects these boundaries is used; then it will be a problem. Experienced users should be able to rely on their own interpretation and this may be sufficient.

Mustafa Cetintas (UME) stated that for free-space users, magnitude and phase makes more sense.

Murray Early (MSL) stated that Blair Hall has just submitted a paper to Metrologia on this topic.

The discussion then moved to CMCs in general.

Christopher Eio (NPL) commented on differences in quantity names and gave examples from CMCs relating to oscilloscope quantities. Michael Stock (BIPM) confirmed that this is a common problem. This might be addressed in the review of the CIPM MRA procedures and the KCDB, starting later in 2015.

Rolf Judaschke (PTB) asked which quantities should be included on the list. If all derived quantities are included, the list could become very long. There appear to be no fundamental rules that delineate which are key quantities and which are derived quantities.

Michael Stock (BIPM) responded stating that this is clear for key comparisons but not for CMCs. The answer depends on what is the purpose of CMCs? Do we need them for everything? This topic might also be brought up during the planned review of the CIPM MRA.

### Agenda item 6: Presentation

Paul Hale (NIST) gave a guest presentation entitled "High-speed Waveform Metrology".

### **Agenda item 7: Other Business**

The chairman reported on the revision of EURAMET VNA guide cg-12 currently being undertaken as a European collaboration between METAS, LNE, NPL, PTB, SP and VSL. The existing guide is still in use by many labs and NMIs, but is considered to be outdated and not applicable at higher frequencies:

- It is not GUM compliant
- Treatment of uncertainties is scalar and phase is neglected
- Many of the assumptions made are questionable (e.g., ideal air lines, connector reflections ignored, etc.)
- Limits of applicability are not defined
- It promotes "typical" values, some of which are unclear as to how they are derived
- Origins of the equations are not referenced.

The guide is being revised as part of European Metrology Research Project "HF Circuits" and is scheduled for submission to EURAMET in mid-2016. It will be targeted mainly at calibration labs and some NMIs.

An outline content of new guide was presented:

- Introduction
- Traceability scheme

- Reference standards
- VNA calibration schemes
- Verification
- Uncertainty contributions
- VNA measurement model
- Uncertainty evaluation
- Practical advice
- Best measurement practice
- Appendices.

Tom Crowley (NIST) asked if the drafts will be publicly available. The chairman said that the first drafts will probably be available to the consortium only and it may be possible to release the second draft to a wider audience depending on progress.

Following this presentation, there was a request from the NMIJ in terms of service categories: they would like to make a small change to an existing service category in category 11. In cat 11.5 (sub categories 11.5.1, 11.5.2 and 11.5.3), they would like to extend the descriptions to include rod antenna, biconical antenna, log periodic antenna, horn antenna. There were no objections from the room.

The RMO working group needs to approve this change. The request has already been forwarded to the chair of the working group and this was confirmed by Michael Stock (BIPM).

#### Agenda item 8: New policy on working documents

There is a new policy at BIPM level. Working documents are principally public unless they contain sensitive information. By default, working documents relating to GT-RF will be public unless it is decided that they will not be. There were no objections from the room.

#### Date of next meeting

No date has been scheduled but it will be held in approximately two years' time. Members will be informed with appropriate notice.

The chairman asked if there should there be an unofficial meeting at the CPEM in Ottawa, Canada, to be held in July 2016. It was agreed amongst the participants that provisionally there will be a meeting but it can be cancelled if attendance is insufficient.

The chairman closed the meeting at 17:05.