Radiocommunication Study Groups



THE FUTURE OF THE UTC TIME SCALE

19th Meeting of CCTF 13-14 September 2012

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The Future of The UTC Time Scale Question ITU-R 236/7 (2000)

- 1. What are the requirements for globally-accepted time scales for use both in navigation and telecommunications systems, and for civil time-keeping?
 - Accuracy, Stability, Based on the SI Second
 - Uniformity, Accessibility
 - Reliability
 - Availability
 - Civil / National Timekeeping
- 2. What are the present and future requirements for the tolerance limit between UTC and UT1?
 - |UT1 UTC| Tolerance of 0.9 seconds
 - Could a Greater Tolerance be Accommodated?
- 3. Does the current leap second procedure satisfy user needs, or should an alternative procedure be developed?
 - Availability of Leap Second Information for Users
 - Alternatives Used (Establishing System Independent Time)
 - Relationship of Telecom & NAVSAT System Internal Time to Time Scales



ITU-R TF.460-6 STANDARD-FREQUENCY AND TIME-SIGNAL EMISSIONS (1970-1974-1978-1982-1986-1997-2002)

To maintain worldwide coordination of standard frequency and time signals

Disseminate standard frequency and time signals in conformity with the SI second

Continuing need for UT immediate availability to an uncertainty of 0.1 second

All standard-frequency and time-signal emissions conform as closely as possible to UTC

Time signals should not deviate from UTC by more than 1 ms; that the standard frequencies

should not deviate by more than 1 part in 10¹⁰

- TAI International reference timescale of atomic time based on SI second as realized on a rotating geoid. Continuous scale from origin 1 Jan 1958
- UTC Basis of coordinated dissemination of standard frequency and time signals. Corresponds exactly in rate with TAI but differs by integral number of seconds. UTC scale adjusted by insertion or deletion of seconds to ensure agreement with UT1
- DUT1 Dissemination to include *predicted difference* UT1 UTC (values given by IERS in integral multiples of 0.1 s)

Leaps Seconds may be introduced as the last second of a UTC month December and June Preferred, March and September second choice



STATUS AS OF 2011

Working Party 7A exhausted technical considerations and studies

Indications that users have the choice between UTC, TAI, UT1, GPS Time for their applications is incorrect

- UTC is the only international standard time scale, represented by local approximations in time laboratories, that should be used for worldwide time coordination and measurement traceability
- TAI is not an option for applications needing a continuous reference as it has no means of dissemination, and it is not physically represented by clocks
- GPS time is not a reference time scale, it is an internal time for GPS system synchronization, as other GNSS system times would be
- A variety of continuous internal system time scales have proliferated to provide a solution to the problems associated with discontinuities in UTC
- The existence of multiple system time scales creates potential problems in operational use as well as conceptual confusion on the proper definition and roles of time references

Consensus not reached on other than technical grounds

Submitted to Study Group 7 who forwarded to Radio Assembly (RA) for resolution



RA and WRC Actions in 2012

- Proposed Modification to ITU-R TF460-6 discussed at Radiocommunication Assembly and forwarded to World Radiocommunication Conference (WRC-12)
- WRC-12 decision contained in Resolution 653 which invited further study to be reported on the agenda for its next meeting in 2015
 - Resolution 653 recognized "that a change in the reference time-scale may have operational and therefore economic consequences" and invited ITU-R "to study issues related to the possible implementation of a continuous reference time-scale (including technical and operational factors)"
 - Agenda item 1.14 : "to consider the feasibility of achieving a continuous reference time-scale, whether by the modification of coordinated universal time (UTC) or some other method, and take appropriate action, in accordance with Resolution 653"



WRC-12 Results

Resolution 653 calls for notification of other organizations of Agenda item 1.14 (CGPM, CCTF, BIPM, IERS, BIPM and others)

Director of Radiocommunications Bureau to include presentation on the topic in Radiocommunications World Seminars

Topic to be included in regional seminar being held in Ecuador (2012) and other international forums

Invited administrations to participate in studies by submitting contributions to ITU-R

Radiocommunication Study Groups



Conference Preparation

Conference Preparatory Meetings (CPM) are held to organize preparation of final text for WRC agenda items

CPM 15-1 met 20-21 February 2012 to begin the process

Designated ITU-R Working Party 7A as the responsible group to prepare text

Working Party 7A to conduct further studies into:

Feasibility of achieving a continuous reference time-scale for dissemination by radiocommunication systems

Issues related to possible implementation of a continuous reference time-scale including technical and operational factors