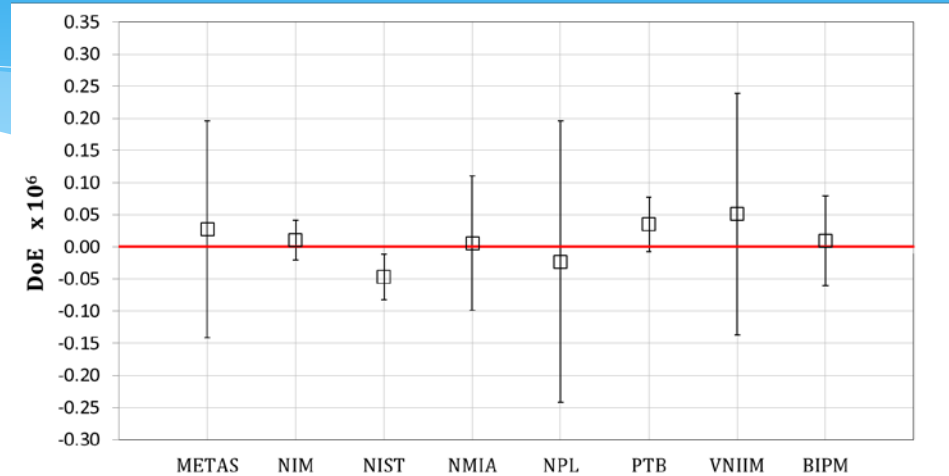


WGLF summary to CCEM

28 March 2019

Jonathan Williams
WGLF Chairman

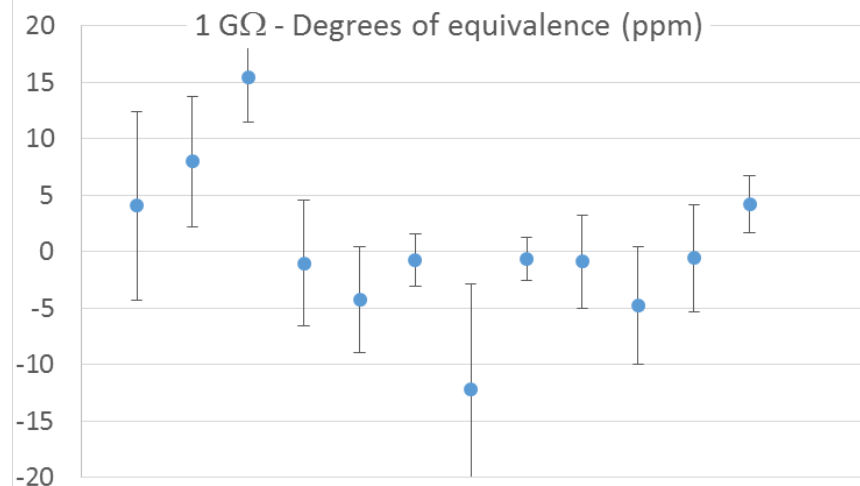
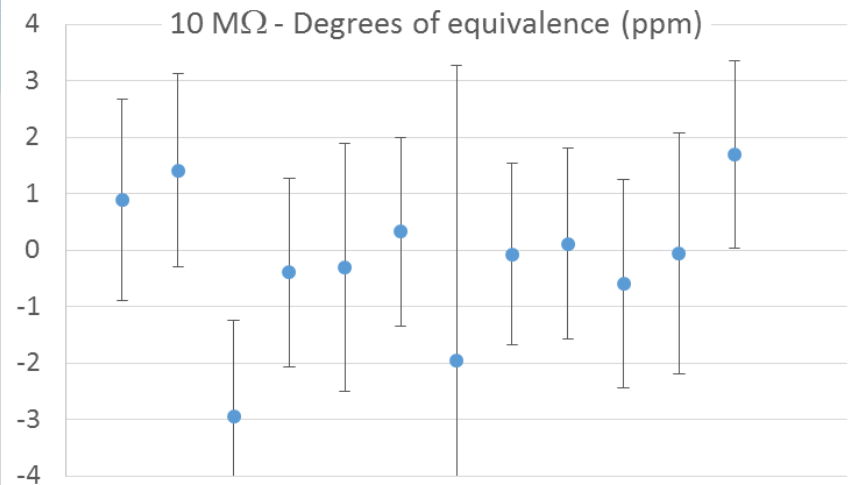
Completed Key Comparisons



- * **K4** – capacitance, 10 pF and 100 pF, 1 kHz and 1.592 kHz
- * Adopted a **star** approach
 - * BIPM, METAS, NIM, NIST, NMIA, NPL, PTB and VNIIM
 - * Measurements March 2017 to November 2018 are completed and the Draft B report is approved for publication in the KCDB. Total duration **20 months**.
 - * Measurement of R_K compared with CODATA: $(39 \pm 23) \times 10^{-9}$

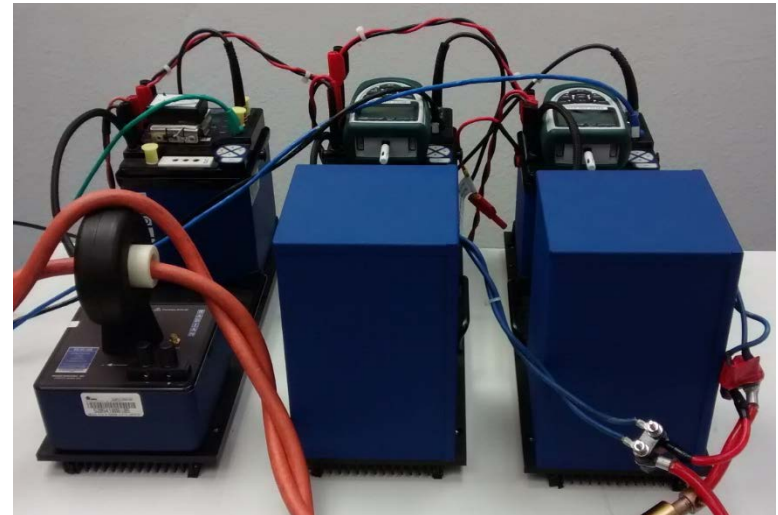
Ongoing Key Comparisons

- * **K2** – resistance at 10 M Ω and 1 G Ω
- * Pilot laboratory: NRC
- * Started September 2012
- * Measurements completed, Draft A report prepared
- * Draft B report will be available in 2-3 months from now



Ongoing Key Comparisons

- * **K5** – primary power at 120 & 240 V, 5 A, 53 Hz; phase 0° , $\pm 60^\circ$, $\pm 90^\circ$, two Radian travelling standards
 - * Aimed uncertainty level $< 20 \mu\text{W}/\text{VA}$
 - * Planned loop:
 - * Pilot measurements: **PTB**
 - * SIM: **NIST, CENAM** and **INMETRO**
 - * EURAMET: **VSL, LNE** and **SP**
 - * APMP: **NIM, NMIA** and **VNIIM**
 - * From Afrimets: **NMISA**
 - * Measurements: January 2018 to September 2019
 - * Draft A report: January 2020



Ongoing Key Comparisons

- * **K13** – power harmonics
 - * Participants: NIST, NRC, RISE, PTB, NPL, VNIIM, NIM, NMIA
 - * Travelling standard Fluke 6105
 - * Technical protocol has 3 waveforms:
 - * Sine wave at 120 V, 5 A, unity power factor
 - * IEC62053-21 signals: voltage 10%, current 40%, 5th harmonic
 - * Field-recorded waveform
 - * Support group NIST, NRC, RISE, NPL, NIM (pilot)
 - * Comparison started autumn 2018 and the standard is now with the third participant, expected completion Dec 2019

Ongoing Key Comparisons

- * **K6a/K9**, ac/dc voltage transfer:
 - * 3 V, 10 Hz - 1 MHz & 500 - 1000 V, 10 Hz – 100 kHz
- * Two travelling standards are being circulated, allowing K6c to be run in parallel to save on transport and reporting costs
- * RISE, INTI, PTB, NMIA, NIST, NRC, JV, NMIJ, NIM, LNE, NMISA, INMETRO, VNIIM
- * Support group: RISE (protocol), INTI (reporting), NIST (pilot measurements), PTB and NMIA
- * Comparison started at the end of 2018 and the third participant is currently making measurements, end Oct 2020

Ongoing Key Comparisons

- * **K6c**, ac/dc voltage transfer:
 - * 3 V, 500 kHz - 100 MHz
 - * Running in parallel with K6a/K9
- * RISE, PTB, NIST, NRC, NIM, LNE, VNIIM, A*STAR
- * Support group: RISE (protocol), NIST (pilot measurements), PTB
- * Comparison started at the end of 2018 and the second participant is currently making measurements, end Oct 2020

Ongoing Key Comparisons

- * **K3** – inductance 10 mH and 1 kHz
- * Two temperature-controlled standards made available by PTB

NMI	Country	Region
KRISS	Korea	APMP
NMIA*	Australia	APMP
NIM*	China	APMP/COOMET
VNIIM	Russia	APMP/COOMET
LNE	France	EURAMET
VTT	Finland	EURAMET
PTB*	Germany	EURAMET/COOMET
Inmetro	Brazil	SIM
NIST	USA	SIM
NRC	Canada	SIM
NMISA	South Africa	AFRIMETS

WGLF strategy for comparisons

- * 10 Key quantities, 1 -4 values in each quantity
- * Discipline of NOT increasing the number of quantities without a strong case
- * Review the values within a quantity
- * Interval between comparisons typically 10 years, based on evolution in laboratories, some quantities longer or even no future comparison scheduled
- * Choices also strongly influenced by the activities in the RMOs

Comparison overview

Quantity	<1998	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
1 DC Voltage														
1.1 Sources	BIPM.K10, K11													
1.3 Ratios					K8, 8.1									
2 DC Resistance														
2.1.2 1 ohm to 1 Mohm	K1, 1 & 10 k		BIPM.K12 QHR,	K10, 100				K13a/b, 1 / 10 k						
2.1.3 above 1 Mohm			K2, 10 M & 1 G											
3 DC current to 100 A														
4 Impedance														
4.1 Resistance														
4.2 Capacitance	K4, 10 pF							BIPM.K14a/b, 10 pF / 100 pF						
4.3 Inductance	K3, 10 mH											K3.1, 10 mH		
5 AC Voltage														
5.1.1 AC/DC <0.5V					K11, 10 mV, 100 mV			K11.1 10 / 100 mV						
5.1.2 AC/DC 0.5 to 5V		K6.a, 3 V												
5.1.3 AC/DC >5V		K6.b, 500 / 1000 V		K9, 1000 V										
5.3.1 AC ratio			K7, 1 kHz											
6 AC Current														
													K12, 10 mA / 5A	
7 AC Power														
		K5, 50 / 60 Hz												
8 High voltage & current														

Comparison overview

Quantity	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
1 DC Voltage												
1.1 Sources												
1.3 Ratios												
2 DC Resistance												
2.1.2 1 ohm to 1 Mohm												
2.1.3 above 1 Mohm	K2.2012 10 Mohm & 1 Gohm											
3 DC current to 100 A												
4 Impedance												
4.1 Resistance												
4.2 Capacitance						K4, 10 pF / 100 pF						
4.3 Inductance									K3, 10 mH			
5 AC Voltage												
5.1.1 AC/DC <0.5V												
5.1.2 AC/DC 0.5 to 5V							K6.a, 3 V					
5.1.3 AC/DC >5V							K9, 1000 V					
5.3.1 AC ratio												
6 AC Current												
7 AC Power												
					K5, 50 / 60 Hz							
									K13, power harmonics			
8 High voltage & current												

Further comparisons

- * Reviewed the case for DC voltage
 - * 1 V and 10 V are sufficiently covered by Josephson effect standards and comparisons – quantum standard maintains equivalence, supplemented by BIPM Zener comparisons
 - * **1000 V** – review requirements and methods with NMIs to establish a comparison approach: voltage ratio or voltage
- * Reviewed the case for DC resistance
 - * 100 ohm resistance is sufficiently covered by the quantum Hall effect standards, 10 k Ω is covered by BIPM comparisons.
 - * **1 T Ω** – review requirements with NMIs to establish a comparison approach

Further comparisons

- * Reviewed the case for AC voltage ratio, K7
 - * Inductive voltage dividers are very stable. Previous comparison meets the present needs
- * Reviewed the case for **AC/DC current, K12**
 - * Now 15 years since the previous comparison so – review requirements and methods with NMIs to establish a comparison approach
- * Reviewed the case for **High Voltage and Current**
 - * **100 kV** - review requirements and methods with NMIs to establish a comparison approach

BIPM Comparisons

- * Three to four 1 V and 10 V Zener bilateral comparisons per year
- * One or two bilateral resistance comparisons per year at 1 Ω and 10 k Ω
- * One or two bilateral capacitance comparisons per year
- * Calibrations: 3-5 Zener, 30 resistance, 20 capacitance per year carried out to 170025:2017.
- * On-site Josephson comparisons continue
- * Following the first on-site QHR comparison in the new series, there are now two per three per year.
- * Plan to use a PJVS for comparison of ac voltages, table-top QHR using graphene samples and the acQHR as an impedance standard

Other matters

- * Any other business
 - * Presentation on the work done by NIM to support the emerging need for traceability for DC power relating to charging of electric vehicles
 - * Presentation from NIM on the use of big data from smart meter installations to establish metrology of meters in service
- * New WGLF chairman
 - * Murray Early (MSL) will be taking over as the next WGLF chairman