

# Report of the CCM Working Group on Gravimetry

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**20<sup>th</sup> CCM meeting, 26-27 June 2025** 

# **WG** Meetings



meetings held since the 19<sup>th</sup> CCM meeting & future meetings

1. 26th September 2024, Online - organized by BIPM, 14 Participants (13 CCM-WGG members, 1 invited/observers )

This CCM-WGG meeting focused on the discussion on Draft B of CCM.G-K2.2023 Key Comparison. Finally, CCM-WGG recommended the approval of Draft B and CCM approved the Final Report of CCM.G-K2.2023 KC in 2024.

# **WG** Meetings



meetings held since the 19<sup>th</sup> CCM meeting & future meetings

2. 23th June 2025, hybrid meeting at BIPM, 21 Participants (16 CCM-WGG members, 5 invited/observers )

This CCM-WGG meeting discussed the published CMC, necessity to harmonize the the terminology, needs to prepare guidelines and statements of CCM WGG and to prepare a call for next KC in 2029. Further, reports on instrumentation and application of gravimetry have been discussed.

Next CCM-WGG meeting will be held online in 2026. It will decide the pilot lab and host site of the next CCM KC of absolute gravimeter in 2029.



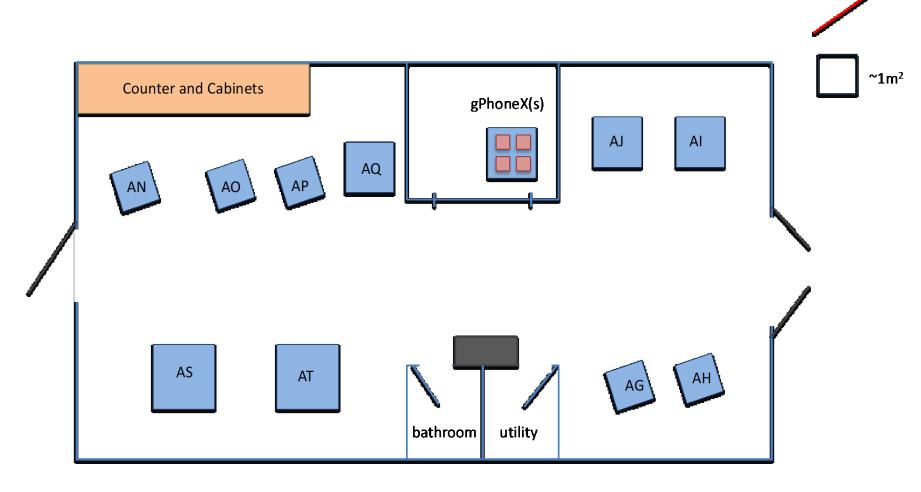
main actions and achievements since the 19th CCM meetings

CCM.G-K2.2023 Key Comparison and Additional Comparison

Hosted by NIST (Boulder, Colorado, USA) between August and September, 2023. In total, 30 absolute gravimeters from 27 institutes participated, including 2 atom gravimeters. 15 institutes were NMI or DI.



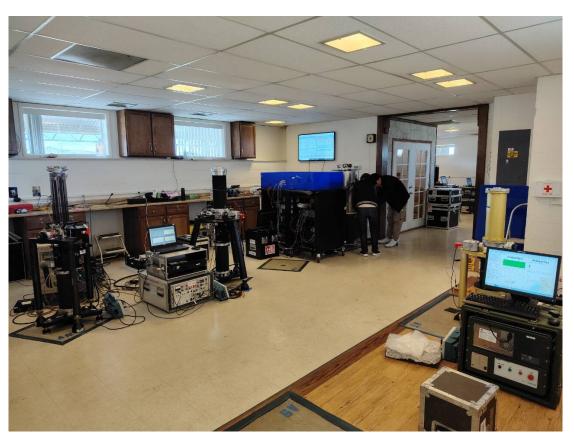




Schematic of the gravity piers. AK have been permanently occupied by three gPhoneXs, and only piers AG, AH, AI, AJ, AO, AQ, AS, and AT were used in the comparison

North



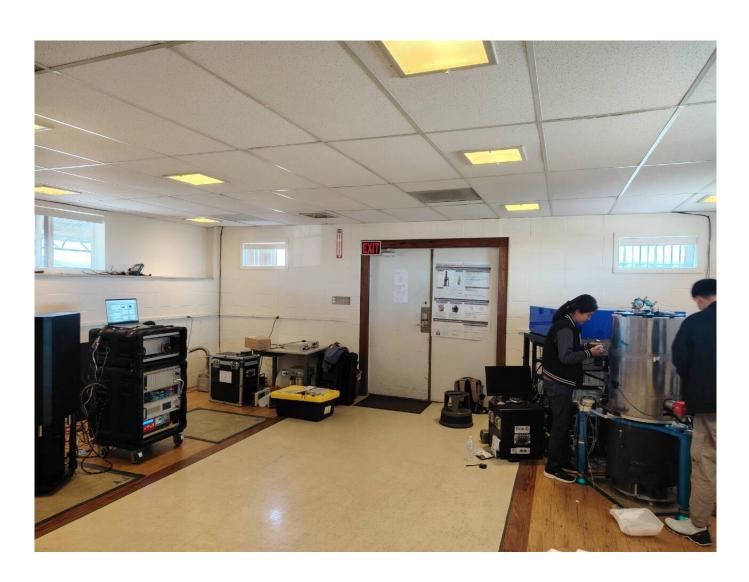




#### **30** instruments

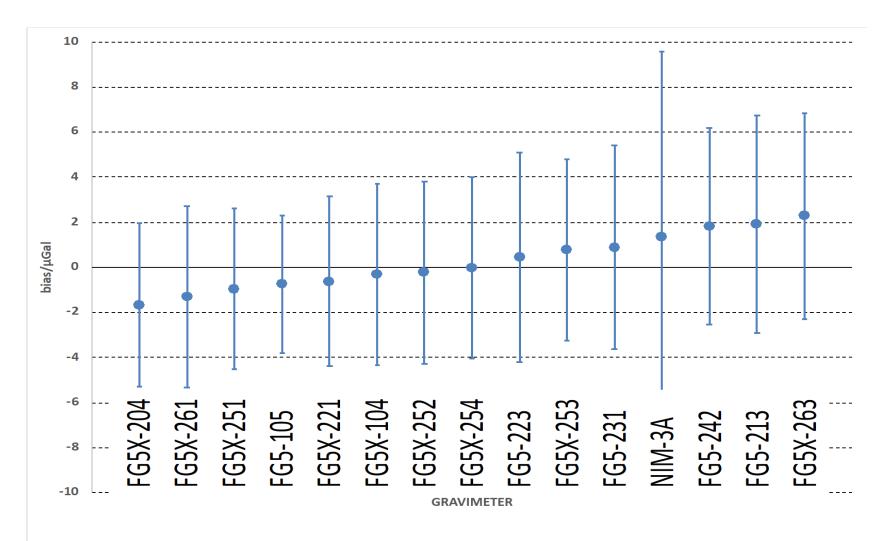
- 27 FG5/FG5X
- 1 NIM-3A
- 2 atom





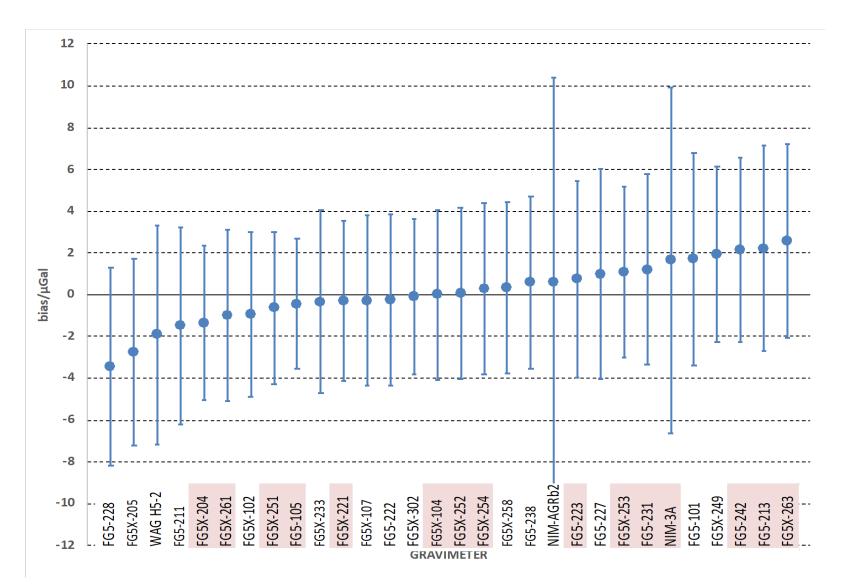
2 atom gravimeters were both from China, one was from NIM China the other was from Chinese Academy of Sciences.





For the KC part, all the 15 NMI or DI instruments showed excellent agreement.





For the KC+Additional Comparison, all the 30 instruments showed excellent agreement.







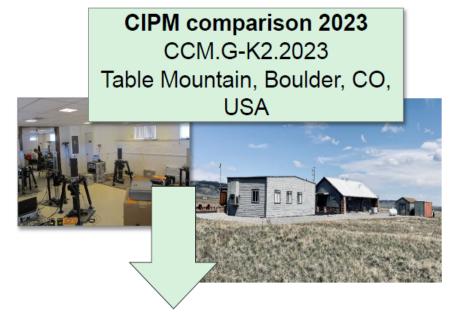


RMO Comparison link to CCM.G-K2.2023

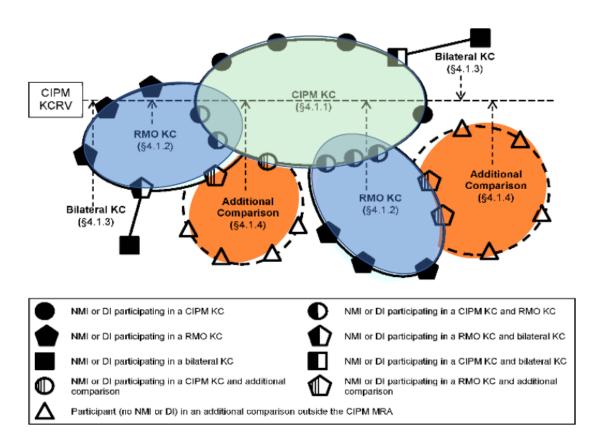
APMP and SIM has no need, because all the instruments from NMI or DI participated in CCM.G-K2.2023 directly.

EURAMET comparison of absolute gravimeters registered as EURAMET.M.G-K2.2023 – pilot institute VÚGTK (Czechia) and host site at Geodetic observatory Wettzell (BKG, Germany). All measurements realized in 2024, Draft B presented in June 2025.



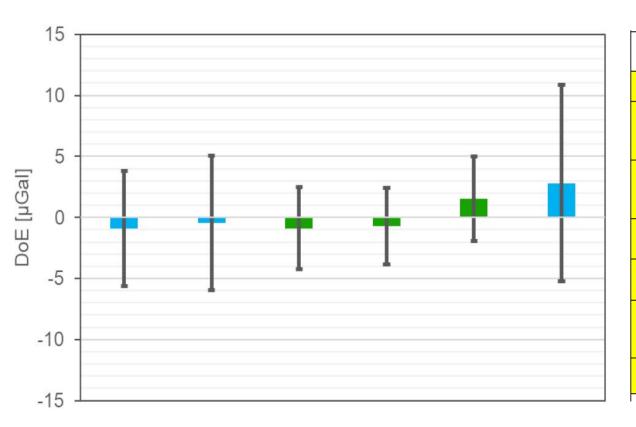






Scheme for Key Comparisons and other comparisons





Country	Institution	Gravimeter	NMI or DI	CCM.G- K2.2023		
EURAMET.M.G-K2.2023						
Czech Republic	Research Institute of Geodesy, Topography and Cartography (VÚGTK/RIGTC), Zdiby	FG5X- 251/HS5	YES	YES		
Finland	Finnish Geospatial Research Institute (FGI), National Land Survey of Finland (NLS), Helsinki	FG5X-221	YES	YES		
France	LNE-OP / LTE, Paris (EOST, Strasbourg)	FG5X-206	YES	NO		
Germany	PTB, Braunschweig	FG5X-263	YES	YES		
Italy	Istituto Nazionale di Ricerca Metrologica (INRIM), Torino	IMGC-02	YES	NO		
Switzerland	METAS, Wabern	FG5X-209	YES	NO		

3 gravimeters established the link. All the gravimeters participating in EURAMET.M.G-K2.2023 Key Comparison are in equivalence.



#### Two Guidance documents

1. The CCM-WGG Guidance document of "Note for comparisons of absolute gravimeters" has been accepted in CCM-WGG meeting and published on the website of BIPM.

2. The document of "Guidelines for Submission and Review of gravity acceleration CMCs" has been discussed in CCM-WGG meeting and is under preparation.

# Progressing the state of the art



Absolute gravimeters based on laser interferometry, particularly FG5/FG5X gravimeters are the most accurate: A set of newly determined corrections (signal distortion and dispersion, Coriolis, verticality) might be associated with measurements, which improve the uncertainty slightly below 2  $\mu$ Gal.

Absolute gravimeters with cold-atom sensors (Quantum Technology)

Quantum gravity gradiometer (can simultaneously determine g and its vertical gradient) was developed in LNE France and NIM China.

#### **Liaison & stakeholders**



Continuous cooperation with International Association of Geodesy (IAG).

IAG SC 2.1: Land, Marine and Airborne Gravimetry

IAG JWG 2.1.1: Establishment of International Gravity Reference System and Frame

IAG WG Q.1: Quantum gravimetry in space and on ground

Continuous cooperation with IMEKO TC3 (Force, Mass, Torque and gravity)

Ensure traceability to the International System of Units (SI) for gravimetry

#### **CIPM MRA: KCs & CMCs**



Please provide an update of status and identification of any issues/highlights/lessons learned

CMCs on gravity acceleration should be increased and covered all the RMOs. Up to now, we only have two kinds of CMCs related to absolute gravimeters and all the number of CMCs is only fourteen...( Cover five RMOs, which are APMP, EURAMET, SIM, ULFMET, COOMET)

## **CIPM MRA: KCs & CMCs**



NO.	Country	Measurement method	Uncertainty ( <i>k</i> =2)	Approved date
1	Austria	Free-fall experiment	10 μGal	2001-10-21
2	Finland	Free-fall experiment	8 µGal	2007-01-03
3	Italy	Free-fall experiment	15 μGal	2007-01-03
4	Switzerland	Free-fall experiment	8 µGal	2008-07-02
5	Ukraine	Free-fall experiment	20 μGal	2017-06-21
6	Mexico	Free-fall experiment	4.8 µGal	2020-04-01
7	Czech Rep.	Free-fall experiment	4.4 µGal	2020-09-15
8	Czech Rep.	Comparison against a gravity value of a reference station	6.0 μGal	2020-09-15

## **CIPM MRA: KCs & CMCs**



NO.	Country	Measurement method	Uncertainty ( <i>k</i> =2)	Approved date
9	Korea	Free-fall experiment	5.0 µGal	2023-08-29
10	Italy	Free-fall experiment	11.0 µGal	2023-09-28
11	Thailand	Free-fall experiment	10.0μGal	2024-06-28
12	Thailand	Comparison against a gravity value of a reference station	180.0 μGal	2024-06-28
13	China	Comparison against a gravity value of a reference station	4.0µGal	2024-06-28
14	China	Free-fall experiment	10.0 μGal	2024-07-30

# Program of work for the next 2 years



- 1. Improvement of CMCs (increase number of CMCs and update technical specifications)
- 2. Publishing Guidelines on CMCs, statements on the evalutaion of key comparisons
- 3. Digital calibration certificates of gravimeters

# **Program of work for the next 2 years**



- 4. Resolving the possible systematic difference between classical and atomic absolute gravimeters at comparisons (pilot studies)
- 5. Validation and calibration of gravimeters based on different technologies at reference stations of the International Gravity Reference System/Frame

# Proposals (KCs, chairmanship, membership..)



No change in CCM-WGG chairmanship

Chair: Shuqing WU, NIM, China

Vice-chair: Vojtech Palinkas, VÚGTK – Czechia

**CCM-WGG** has two kinds of membership (institute and personal experts)

Institute: LGUL (Luxembourg), discard (no further activity in gravimetry)

PTB (Germany), as new member

Personal experts: Dr. Reinhard Falk (BKG, Germany) - retirement

Dr. Hartmut Wziontek (BKG, Germany), as new member

